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# AFFAIRS IN MEXICO.

## DETAILS OF THE NAVAL ENGAGEMENT.

## Causes of the Capture of the Spanish Vessels.

## INTERESTING PARTICULARS.

We have received, by way of New-Orleans, Vera Cruz files of papers to the 11th of March. They give a great variety of interesting details concerning the recent movements at Vera Cruz, especially concerning the capture of the two vessels, the *Marques of Havana* and the *General Miramon*, by the vessels of the American Squadron.

The *Trait d' Union* states, on the authority of a letter from the American Consul at Havana to the Commander of the American vessel-of-war, the *Savannah*, under date of Feb. 23, that Marin had purchased, or hired, under the eyes and with the knowledge of the Cuban authorities, four steamers, named the *Democracy*, *Marques of Havana*, *Union*, and *Messie*; that they were speedily to leave for the Mexican waters, aiming first for Vera Cruz and then for Tampico; and that they would leave port under the Spanish flag, and hoist the Mexican on reaching the open sea. Miramon was evidently awaiting their arrival, in order to commence operations against Vera Cruz. What view the Commanders of the American ships on that station would take of their duty towards an expedition which, under the circumstances, could only be considered piratical, the *Trait d' Union* says it does not know; but the Constitutional Government of Mexico would leave nothing undone to avert the dangers which menaced them.

On the 24th of February, President Juarez issued a circular to the Provincial Governors, announcing the fact that the opposing faction had sought aid in Cuba, and that their act could only be considered treason. "Those who stigmatize us as traitors," says the proclamation to the soldiers, "because we have made a treaty with the United States which cedes no territory and affects in no way the national sovereignty, have themselves made an infamous compact with the old tyrants of their country; they have obtained, by means of this compact, permission to arm, in the harbor of Havana, a ridiculous squadron, and they hope with its aid to conquer Vera Cruz, which has gloriously repelled the foreigner, and which will only yield when in ruins, to superior arms and a force five times as strong as its own."

The *Trait d' Union* of February 25, reviews the whole subject of Marin's Expedition, in its relation to the Cuban authorities, to the Reactionary party, to Marin himself, and to foreign Powers. It states that up to the 11th of February, the Captain-General of Cuba had refused to permit its organization in the port of Havana; but that, on that day he suddenly changed his purpose and did all in his power to aid the enterprise. His complicity was beyond doubt. No stranger, in so rigid a despotism as that of Cuba, would be permitted, of his own authority, to purchase ships, to arm them, enlist crews, buy provisions, and, in fact, equip a squadron, without the knowledge of the authorities. Arms and munitions of war are not, in Cuba, articles of commerce—the Government has the monopoly of them, and Marin could only procure them with its assent. This coöperation of Spain in the armament of this expedition, is the price agreed upon in advance for the treaty of Almonte. It is a flagrant act of hostility against Mexico, and amounts to a virtual declaration of war. Spain has permitted and aided the outfit of a fleet of filibusters in the island of Cuba; the result of such a step is to be seen hereafter. The reactionary party finds in this paltry step the result of all its intrigues for foreign aid. It has sought assistance from England and from France—and has finally secured it from Spain. If the United States would only have aided their schemes, and defended their despotism, how amiable, how generous, and good, would these Yankee barbarians have become in their eyes. The Liberal Party has a grand game to play—if it only knows how. If their enemies summon Spain to their aid, why should they not boldly, fearlessly, and frankly call upon the United States to aid the cause of Reform? The *Trait d' Union* pursues this subject at considerable length and with decided force, and it then gives the following:

### OFFICIAL CIRCULAR.

Mexican Republic, Ministry of War and Marine,
Vera Cruz, Feb. 25, 1860.

His Excellency, the Constitutional President, having learned that the Ex-Officer, M. Thomas Marin, is arming, in the port of Havana, a small squadron, for the purpose of attacking the ports of the nation in the Gulf of Mexico, and affording succor to the rebel faction, thus aiding in the destruction of the institutions of the Republic;—and, whereas, the aforesaid Marin, as well as others who form part of his crew, have illegally kept the patent of service, although they have been stricken from the Navy roll, according to law, as deserters and refugees,—and considering, finally, that the vessels which compose their squadron, whatever flag may pretend to cover them, neither can nor ought to be recognized as having any legal authority, his Excellency declares that *the aforesaid vessels are to be regarded and treated as pirates by the national ships, and by those of friendly Powers*—Mexico refusing, from this day henceforward, all responsibility for injuries which they may inflict under the flag of the Republic. God and Liberty!

### APPROACH OF THE EXPEDITION—ITS CAPTURE BY THE AMERICAN SQUADRON.

*From the Vera Cruz Trait d' Union, March 8.*

We can speak to-day with better information of Marin's Expedition and its unfortunate termination. The event will make a great noise undoubtedly, for it carries important results. Let us rehearse the facts of the case. Our readers are aware that an armed naval expedition was organized some time since by Marin, in the port of Havana, with the knowledge and under the protection of the Captain-General of Cuba, to aid the operations of Miramon against the Vera Cruz Government. We have already shown that this enterprise was utterly illegal, and was fairly to be regarded as piracy. Such was the opinion of the Constitutional Government, which, in a circular, (published above,) declares Marin to be a pirate, and authorizing any one who might encounter him in Mexican waters to treat him as such—to pursue him and seize his vessels.

Meantime contradictory reports were spread in regard to this expedition. One rumor said that it had already sailed—another that it was unable to organize. We were still in doubt on the subject when, day before yesterday, at noon, the flag from the Castle of Ulloa announced two doubtful vessels on the horizon towards the north. The news circulated rapidly, and created a marked sensation. Meantime the two steamers, quietly keeping their way, approached rapidly. They passed behind the fortress San Juan d'Ulloa, took the direction of Sacrificios, and stopped at Anton Lizardo, where a flag, stationed previously by Miramon, had designated the place of rendezvous. No one doubted that these two vessels bore Marin and his fortunes.

Marin's steamers had raised no flag. In vain had the cannon of the fortress summoned them to declare their nationality. In vain did the *Savannah*, blowing off steam and raising her own American flag, signal them to exhibit theirs. They passed on proudly, arrogantly, seeming to cast defiance both at the port and the vessels which they met there. What passed at Sacrificios we are not aware, nor do we know whether Marin showed any more courtesy to the French, English and Spanish squadrons; but it is well to observe that these vessels, so justly suspected, passed without the least obstacle through the representatives of those European navies which admirably search suspected vessels on the coast of Africa and in the Indian waters. This time they had no need to go so far.

As soon as the port authorities became certain that the two vessels clearly belonged to Marin's Expedition, so long announced, they collected whatever means of defence were at their disposal.

On his side, Capt. Jarvis, of the *Savannah*, thought it was impossible to leave armed vessels of war to make a display of their mock valor, to violate all maratime laws and customs, and alarm all interests, *without demanding, at least, with what right, under what flag and with what intentions they held the sea with their formidable display of force and cannon.* He resolved, therefore, to send the American corvette *Saratoga*, Com. Turner, to meet the two vessels.

The *Saratoga* started at 8½ o'clock in the evening, by the light of a splendid moon, in tow of the *Wave*, accompanied by the *Indianola*, serving solely as a transport, with 80 men on board, marines, and American soldiers. The *Wave* also carried American troops. Each of the steamers carried a Mexican howitzer. The three vessels arrived towards midnight at Anton Lizardo, where they found the two steamers *Marquis of Havana* and *General Miramon*, which both showed a disposition to avoid the meeting,—the latter especially being actually in the act of flight. At this moment the *Saratoga* fired into the air, for the purpose of arresting her. This order not being obeyed, the *Indianola*, which was not towing the *Saratoga*, pursued the *General Miramon* until she was near enough to speak her. The *Indianola* summoned her several times to suspend her advance. As no attention was paid to this request, three or four discharges were fired into the air, and the *General Miramon* replied by a discharge of cannon, the ball striking the pilot-house of the *Indianola*. The latter then advanced to board her, keeping up a sharp fire of musketry. While this was passing, the *Saratoga* fired upon the *Marquis of Havana* another discharge, the ball passing through her from side to side,—and this vessel halted and raised the Spanish flag.

After this was over the *Wave*, leaving the *Saratoga*, went to aid the *Indianola*, which was pursuing the *General Miramon*. Seeing that the latter was gaining, she advanced and boarded her; but, lacking the implements necessary to lock them together, the *General Miramon* succeeded in escaping for the moment, keeping up a fire of cannon and musketry. The *Wave* then joined in the chase, keeping up also a fire of musketry and cannon. In its flight the *General Miramon* ran aground, and the *Indianola*, which was close at hand, boarded her a second time, and captured her without encountering any resistance.

On board were found *thirty* wounded, who were immediately removed to the *Saratoga* for such surgical aid as they might require. The *Wave* and *Indianola* anchored for the night on the spot, and remained there until the next day. At 5 o'clock in the morning both made all possible efforts to haul off the *General Miramon*, but, being unable to succeed, the *Saratoga* left, towed by the *Marquis of Havana*, for the port of Vera Cruz.

### STATEMENT OF FOUR PRISONERS.

Four Frenchmen, taken prisoners at the capture of the steamers of Marin, have drawn up and signed the following statement:

We, the undersigned, Robert Dantz, Leon Aubri, Arthur Comby, and Jean Durand, were embarked on board of the *Packet Correo, No. 1*, on the 20th February, 1860, for Vera Cruz, on the following conditions: "That we should stay no longer on board than to the 25th of March; that one month's salary should be paid to us in advance, another month's salary on our arrival there, and that the return passage to Havana should be paid to such as had a desire to go back."

We left Havana on the 26th February; as soon as the steamer was on its way *the Mexican flag was hoisted*. Our month's salary had been promised to us on our leaving the port, but we did not receive it. We sailed two days without an accident, but on the third day the machine of the steamer *Marques de la Habana*, which kept alongside of us, got out of order, and we were obliged to stop at the salt houses of Compeche, until the necessary repairs could be made, which was close on the day following. We met the mail-steamer from Vera Cruz; a sign was made, expressing a wish of communicating with us; we came nearer, and not till then did we see the ambuscade we had fallen in, for we heard the cries, "Hurrah for Miramon!" When we left the mail-steamer, we saw the cannons and guns, which were in boxes and had been hidden in the hold, for when we put out on the sea, no one knew that the steamer carried munitions of war. On the following day each of us received sailor-clothes and a hat with a black ribbon around it, upon which was written in gold letters this name: "General Miramon." Two of our company refused to receive these articles, saying they had not come on board to put on other clothes, and that they did not need them; but they were very badly treated by the quartermaster, who forced them to take them.

On the evening of our entry in the port, about twelve miles from the land, we boarded a vessel which it seems had been recognized, and demanded what was passing at Vera Cruz. The master of the vessel came on board and said that Vera Cruz was in a state of siege, that in the morning he had heard the roar of cannons. When we came in port, the Commander approached his steamer, the *Marques de la Habana*, and the General told the Captain not to show any flag in entering, as it was unnecessary, but to follow him. We expected they would hoist the English colors, as they had done at Havanna on festivals, for when we came on board the steamer carried English colors, which were hoisted as often as the City of Havana desired it. When we came in sight of Vera Cruz we asked why we had not entered the port. We were answered that we were to anchor at Sacrificios, and that on the following day we should go to Vera Cruz; but we did not stop at Sacrificios. We were very dissatisfied with this mode of proceeding, for we were completely ignorant of the place we were going to. We must say that the cannons had been loaded since morning and placed on deck, and when at half-past eleven in the evening some ship was seen coming up against us, every one refused to take the post assigned to him, stating he had not come to fight.

*All the shots have been fired by the officers; the captain fired the cannon in front; the commander of the artillery, who had charge of the cannons, fired those on the side.*

We have forgotten to state that when we had cast out anchor, a boat was sent to the shore and returned with six persons carrying signs of officers. When these persons came on board, they shook hands and embraced all those on the ship, and then went into the cabin where a conversation was carried on. We do not know what was said in the cabin; we have only heard that on the following morning the barge would be sent to transport them on board.

The mail steamer we have met and spoken to is the *Mexico*; we sent twice a boat to her; and the second time the yawl brought back a passenger and some planks to repair the machine of the *Marques de la Habana*. The passenger from the *Mexico* was called Colonel, and is at present prisoner on board of the steamer *General Miramon*.

Vera Cruz, March 7, 1860.

We, the undersigned, do by these presents certify we have made the foregoing declaration of our own free will and accord, in witness of which we have hereunto set our signatures.

Signed, Arthur Comby, Robert Dantz, Jean Durand, Leon Aubre, (not knowing how to write has made a cross.)

### ADDITIONAL INCIDENTS.

*From the Vera Cruz Trait d' Union, 9th.*

Marin's two steamers had about 250 men, three-quarters of whom were Spaniards, the rest were Manilla men, Portuguese, French, and even some Americans. Most of them had been deceived, and were ignorant of the object of the expedition.

The ball fired by the *Saratoga*, which passed through the *Marquis of Havana*, killed the first engineer of that vessel—an American. The first engineer of the *General Miramon* was a Frenchman; he was also killed. The second engineer, a Frenchman, remains on board, and serves under an American, who has been placed in command.

Marin threw his dead, and even some of his wounded, overboard: it is impossible, therefore, to state precisely his loss. The number of killed and wounded on both sides is probably about 40. Nine wounded are in the hospital. It is thought that if the pilot Flores had not been wounded, the *General Miramon* might have escaped.

Miramon is short of powder, and Marin was bringing him fresh supplies. When first met, he had already brought up the powder for debarkation. Seeing that he was lost, he threw it into the sea. The barrels were the same as those in the arsenal at Havana. Marin lived at Havana in the house of the Port Captain, and all the prisoners affirm that the armament of the vessels was furnished under the protection of the Government of Cuba. Among the prisoners taken are Marin, Señor Rafael and the Abbé Chandron, well known at Vera Cruz.

### CONVERSATION BETWEEN CAPT. TURNER AND M. MARIN.

I certify, under oath, that I was present at an interview, held in the cabin of the *Saratoga*, between Commandant Turner and Capt. Marin.

When Capt. Turner asked Capt. Marin why he had ventured to fire upon our vessels without provocation, Capt. Marin replied that he knew we were American ships when he saw us approaching from Anton Lizardo,—that he notified his crew, and gave orders not to fire upon us; but that he had a crew made up of men of different nations, undisciplined, and recently embarked, and that he could not control them.

Capt. Turner then said to him: "You have committed a great outrage, for which you will be held responsible, for upon you will rest all the responsibility of this unhappy engagement." Capt. Marin replied that he regretted it profoundly.

THEODORE SALAS.

Vera Cruz, March 8, 1860.

### THE VALUE OF THE PRIZES.

The *Trait d' Union* says that the cargo of the two steamers consisted of 1,000 fourteen-pound bomb shells, two bronze mortars, 4,000 small arms, and more than 60,000 rations. It is further asserted that the total expenditures of the expedition amounted to not less than $300,000, the greater part of which money was furnished by the Government at Havana, in conformity with a secret article of the Almonte treaty. If this statement be true, Capt. Turner has taken a rich prize. He has gained, however, a far richer prize in the credit which attaches to the prompt and vigorous performance of his duty. The Vera Cruz papers are loud in his praise, and he will, doubtless, receive the same reward everywhere from his own countrymen.

### LATEST BY MAIL FROM VERA CRUZ—MIRAMON'S MOVEMENTS.

*From the New Orleans Picayune.*

Our latest advices from Vera Cruz are to the 13th. Miramon was still before the city in force, and preparing for its bombardment. Of the actual strength of the expedition, we have but little in addition to that already published. The number of his men is generally put down at about five thousand; his artillery at fifty to sixty pieces. Some six or eight of these are heavy mortars, throwing 68 and 84-pound shells. It is generally believed, however, that he was depending upon the captured steamers for both shells and powder. However this may be, the works, as if in preparation for the bombardment, continued without intermission. Of these no accurate accounts are given. It is certain, however, that several batteries had already been planted on the 12th. The principal works have been erected on what is called the Medano del Perro, some 2½ miles distant from the city. On the 10th and 11th they were cannonaded from the city, and said to be badly injured.

While these works were being erected the besiegers, those of them not otherwise engaged, amused themselves with quietly surveying the city during the day, and sallying out in guerilla parties during the night. Thereby the whole city was kept continually on the alert.

The encampment was but a short distance in the rear of Casa Mata, though the head-quarters were still at Medellin. Thence, every morning, sallies out at an early hour a strong party of cavalry, which is followed by others at various times during the day.

These parties traverse the sand hills, overlooking the city in every direction, taking care, however, not to get too near the guns of the city. Their movements are hourly watched, either from the walls or by scouting parties sent out for the purpose, who advance or retire according to the movements of the enemy.

Prisoners are also daily being taken, or deserters daily come in, and from them the movements of the besiegers are very accurately known; while, on the other hand, the affairs of the city are probably as well known to the opposing army.

From both the city and the works of the besiegers there is kept up an incessant firing throughout the whole day, and greater part of the night. Sometimes also small batteries are sent out from the city to annoy the enemy at their works, and thus far, according to the daily bulletins, with considerable success.

The City of Vera Cruz is entirely deserted, except by the soldiery, who sleep nightly on their arms. Nevertheless, a most perfect confidence would seem everywhere to prevail in the ability of the city to make a successful defence. The confidence, also, has been very much strengthened since the capture of the Marin expedition.

### NEGOTIATIONS OF ENGLAND WITH MEXICO.

*From the Trait d' Union, March 9.*

From a confidential note of the British Minister of Foreign Affairs, addressed to the *Chargé d'Affaires* of Her Britannic Majesty at Mexico, we extract the following:

London, Thursday, Jan. 26, 1860.

The Government of Her Majesty would regard with satisfaction the declaration of an armistice of six months or a year, in order to have a National Assembly, impartially elected, called together, to take charge of the future government of the country.

The Government of Her Majesty does not intend to prescribe in any manner, how this Government is to be constituted, but it should be of a nature to give promise of stability and order. To bring this about the Executive should have a character of permanence.

A general amnesty should be decreed, and civil and religious tolerance proclaimed; for only by concessions made by the dominant party can we hope to see peace reëstablished. If the counsel, offered for the benefit of Mexico, is not accepted, the Government of Her Britannic Majesty will have no other resource left but to demand from both parties a sufficient reparation for the damages which English subjects have suffered.

You will read this dispatch to the Minister of State and leave a copy with him; communicating it at the same time to Capt. Aldham for the Government of Vera Cruz, and you will manifest your disposition to remit to this officer any proposition which the Central Government may wish to make respecting an arrangement. This dispatch was already commenced when the message of the President of the United States arrived here. The President proposes to depart from the policy established by the United States in order to give the Liberal party of M. Juarez the ascendancy over the Clerical party of Gen. Miramon. But the Government of H. M. has no hope to see concord reëstablished *by a victory of either party, when gained by force.* I have the honor, &c.,

JOHN RUSSELL."

These, then, are the propositions of Lord John Russell, transmitted by Capt. Aldham to M. Miramon. We have said that M. Miramon has responded to Capt. Aldham. Let us see what his answer is: M. Miramon says that he has given due reflection to these propositions; he regrets extremely the unhappy events, which arise from a civil war, in their bearing upon the subjects of *friendly nations*, (this is addressed to M. Jarvis); he thanks the Government of Her Britannic Majesty for its efforts to reëstablish peace in the Republic; he thinks—as the English Government does—that a civil war cannot be terminated by force of arms, (and accordingly he has put siege to Vera Cruz); that a road must be opened to trade, but that an armistice has it dangers also; that a suspension of hostilities, with the mere prospective of an armistice, promising hope for a reëstablishment of peace, is not possible, especially when the principal military operations are directed against an important place, which cannot be attacked except at a certain season, which is now about to expire.

"However," adds he, "desirous to put an end as soon as possible to the effusion of blood on the part of my countrymen, I should present to the Government of M. Juarez the following propositions, if I thought they would be accepted:

"1. Relations shall be established between the Government, which I represent, and that of Vera Cruz, where and in what manner it may be agreed upon, having for their object the regulation of a general armistice between the forces of the two parties in all parts of the Republic, in order to consult during the said armistice upon the manner in which peace can be reëstablished in the Republic.

2. It will be insisted upon that the representatives of the Great Powers—England, France, Spain, Prussia, and the Republic of the United States—shall be admitted to these consultations as mediators.

3. When the conditions shall have been fixed upon, and the Convention shall have been ratified by the two Governments, the belligerent forces will suspend hostilities in all parts of the Republic. The Government, which I represent, will suspend them immediately against Vera Cruz.

4. Neither of the two Governments ruling in the country can conclude a treaty with a foreign power, or ratify those it may have negotiated, without the intervention and consent of the other. This principle does not apply to those treaties, the ratification of which has already been officially communicated to the Government with which they have been concluded, nor to those which have been made in conformity to the formalities prescribed by the laws which are recognized by that Government which on the part of Mexico has negotiated them.

5. The payment of duties, which will be caused by the unloading of vessels at Vera Cruz, *if the Government which I represent should decide upon the opening of the harbor*, shall be made in conformity to the prescriptions of the tariff; remitting that portion of them which must be paid at Mexico, to the General Treasury of the nation in that city, or be drawn in favor of the officers of this Treasury.

6. An assembly composed of the public officers who have, from the year 1822 to the year 1853, filled the public offices of the Church-government in this Republic, shall elect a provisional President of the Republic; and fix the basis upon which the provisional administration shall govern, and shall furthermore be charged to frame a constitution, which shall not be in force until approved by a majority of the Mexican citizens."

And thus does M. Miramon terminate:

"You will comprehend, M. le Capitaine the reasons on which the equity and convenience of the above-mentioned propositions are based; you will comprehend the spirit which influences the Government which I represent.

I am, M. le Capitaine, &c.

MIGUEL MIRAMON."

### INTERVIEW OF AN AMERICAN OFFICER WITH MIRAMON.

*From the Trait d' Union, 9th.*

Another incident has occupied a great deal of public attention yesterday. In the morning, M. Turner, commander of the *Saratoga*, with a lieutenant of the same ship, and M. Elysee Saulnier, as interpreter, left by order of M. Jarvis, the commander-in-chief of the American squadron for Medellin, in order to have an interview with M. Miramon.

This news seemed so singular at first, that it was regarded as untrue; it is true, however, and the commission returned yesterday evening at 5½ o'clock.

What was it sent for? What has it accomplished? Here again, let us say, what we believe to know; we can only chronicle rumors.

M. Jarvis has sent to demand of M. Miramon *whether he would accord protection to the persons and the interests of American citizens, in case the city should be attacked!*

Thus, then, the Government of Mexico has instructed all the foreign Ministers and Consuls, *with the exception of those of the United States*, by means of a circular, that Vera Cruz would be put in a state of siege, and that they should hasten to secure the interests of their countrymen.

The exception is more remarkable, because the Constitutional Government has left all the foreign Consuls, the Governments of which have recognized the authorities of Mexico, in the peaceable exercise of their functions. But the reaction, acting differently, has by its willfully neglecting to advise the Consuls of the United States, put the American citizens *hors la loi*; without any doubt to punish them, because Mr. Buchanan has recognized the Government of Juarez.

And it is under such circumstances that Mr. Jarvis, still smarting under the open insult which has been made to his country, sends politely a commission to demand, hat in hand, of M. Miramon, whether it is his intention to protect the citizens of the United States. How becoming this is the dignity of a great nation! Imagine I should apply a most superb kick of my foot—you know where—and you turn around, take off your hat and demand, in a sweet, soft voice, "What do you wish, Sir?" This is what Mr. Jarvis has done, and we address him our most sincere compliments.

M. Miramon, flattered by this mission, will no doubt have replied that he would protect the persons and property of American citizens—as well as he can do it. It seems to us unlikely that he should have replied anything else. Mr. Jarvis must be satisfied: M. Miramon puts an address on each of his bombs, and not one of them is marked for a citizen of the United States!

We are sorry to state that since the departure of Mr. McLane American influence has been weakened in Vera Cruz; one more such step and the United States will fall into ridicule. A nation which has made the McLane treaty, the Executive of which has spoken in so plain and forcible a manner in his Message, and whose public opinion has manifested itself in so open a manner in favor of the Constitutional Government; a nation which has followed to this day the clear, frank and dignified policy of McLane—is not well represented, and without actual danger, by the commander of a squadron whose ideas and acts seem to destroy what was done before him by others.

### THE TROUBLES ON THE TEXAS FRONTIER.

OFFICIAL CORRESPONDENCE BETWEEN GOV. HOUSTON AND THE SECRETARY OF WAR—PRESENT STATE OF AFFAIRS.

The following dispatch was received a few days ago from Gov. Houston, tendering to the President five thousand Texas volunteers to aid in supressing the disturbances on the Indian and Mexican frontiers of Texas:

Executive Department, Austin, March 8, 1860.

Sir: Judging from the tenor of dispatches from your Department to me of the 28th ult., that the Government has not at its command sufficient troops to afford the immediate protection to Texas desired, I herewith tender the services of five thousand Texas volunteers. Texas is ready for the emergency, and will act at a moment's warning. Texas needs, to repel invasion, both from the Indians and Mexico, an immediate supply of arms. In view of the atrocities committed on our people, I hope the Department will send without delay, by steamer or by railroad conveyance, to the care of Messrs. Perkins & Co., of New-Orleans, Forbes & McKee, of Port Lavaca, and S. M. Swenson, of Austin, two thousand percussion rifles and appendages, one thousand Sharpe's rifles and appendages, three thousand Colt's revolvers and appendages, and one thousand cavalry accoutrements. Texas has always been deficient in arms, and has drawn but few. Danger is upon her now, and she needs them at once. Be pleased to reply by telegraph without delay.

SAM. HOUSTON.

In reply to this the President directed Mr. Drinkard, the acting Secretary of War, to send the following to Gen. Houston:

"Your dispatch of the 8th instant has been received and submitted to the President. He directs me to say that he declines your tender of volunteers, inasmuch as a dispatch has this day been received by the Adjutant-General of the army from Brevet-Col. Harvey Brown, Second Artillery, dated New-Orleans, March 13, 1860, in which he says:

'I left Brownsville on the 8th instant. All was quiet on the frontier. The disturbances were believed to be over, and Cortina to have given up the contest, and to have retired into the interior of Mexico. Major Heintzleman has officially reported the war to be ended.'

This information being so much later and more direct from the scene of the late difficulties than you could have received at Austin at the date of your dispatch, leads the President to believe that you are mistaken or have been misinformed. Besides, there are now in Texas, ready for active service, 2,651 troops, which force will soon be increased by the addition of ten companies, comprising 842 men, now under orders to proceed there from New-Mexico. Of these last five companies are to be stationed at Ringgold Barracks, and five at Fort Clark.

The quota of arms now due to the State of Texas, under the law, amounts to one hundred and sixty-nine muskets, which in an emergency may be doubled by anticipating the quota for the next year, and which will be promptly delivered upon your requisition. As the money value of the arms for the two quotas does not amount to $5,000, you will readily perceive that it is entirely impracticable to meet the requisition for arms, appendages, and accoutrements made in your dispatch, the cost of which, at the lowest estimate, is within a fraction of $100,000.

The President further directs me to say that, with a sincere desire in every practical way to meet the wishes of the Governor and people of Texas, he conceives he has already performed his whole duty in the premises under the circumstances.

W. R. DRINKARD, Acting Sec'y of War."

# CITY GOVERNMENT.

### BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

NO QUORUM.

The Board of Aldermen adjourned, yesterday afternoon, for want of a quorum, to the first Monday in April. Most of the members of the Board are at Albany.

### BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

THE CHARGES AGAINST THE TEN GOVERNORS—THE RECEPTION OF THE JAPANESE COMMISSIONERS—REMONSTRANCE AGAINST THE CITY RAILROAD BILLS.

A resolution, offered at the meeting of the Board of Councilmen, last evening, in favor of appointing a Committee of Five to coöperate with a similar Committee from the Board of Aldermen, in investigating the charges against the Governors of the Almshouse, preferred by a daily paper, was referred.

The following communication from the Mayor was referred to a Special Committee, consisting of Councilmen Pinckney, Shaw, Van Tine, Lent and Van Wart:

Mayor's Office, New-York, March 24, 1860.

*To the Honorable the Common Council:*

Gentlemen: I would call the attention of the Common Council to the anticipated arrival of the Japanese Commissioners at this City, in order that measures may be taken by the municipal authorities for their suitable reception.

The people of the United States are justly proud of the success of the expedition under the command of Commodore Perry, in opening the Empire of Japan to commercial intercourse. The peaceful and conciliatory measures adopted by that distinguished naval officer were responded to by the Japanese Tycoon and his advisers in a similar spirit, and a cultivated and populous empire, long excluded by a policy of almost total isolation from the world, was united with us in terms of amity, admitting our people to friendly intercourse and trade in no inconsiderable degree.

We are also under obligations for the consideration and respect with which the American Commissioner resident in Japan has been treated by that Government and people.

As may be inferred from the communication I have received from the Navy Department, a copy of which is herewith transmitted, it is highly probable that this will be the first city visited by the Commissioners, and it is of no little importance that their first impressions of the country may be favorable.

In our reception of the Commissioners from Japan, we should bear in mind the sensitive and unostentatious character of that peculiar people, and while showing the Commissioners every courtesy and affording them every opportunity of gratifying the curiosity of ingenious and cultivated men, everything obtrusive or indelicate should be avoided.

Entertaining the hope that the Commissioners will find in our institutions and natural character nothing which will induce them to regret the relaxation of their exclusive system, I would respectfully recommend the Common Council to make preparations to receive them with a dignified and honorable hospitality.

FERNANDO WOOD, Mayor.

Navy Department, March 15, 1860.

Sir: I have been directed by the Secretary of the Navy to inform you, in reply to the letter from your office of the 13th inst., that the *Roanoke* has been ordered to New-York. The Department cannot say precisely when the Japanese Commissioners will arrive, but they are expected to reach Panama about the 1st of April next.

I am, respectfully,
Your obed't serv't,
CHAS. W. WELSH, Chief Clerk.

Hon. Fernando Wood, Mayor of the City of New-York.

The Mayor sent in a veto of the resolution for regrading Duane-street, which he objects to on the ground of informality in the action previously had. If consummated now, he thinks the measure would render it impossible to collect assessments from property owners, though they have petitioned for the alteration of the grade.

A communication from the Counsel to the Corporation, embodying a remonstrance against the supposed action of the Legislature in regard to railroads in the City, was, after some discussion, laid on the table, and it was directed that 500 copies be printed.

The Board then adjourned.

### BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

GOV. MORGAN AND THE COMMISSIONERS OF RECORDS.

The Board of Supervisors, yesterday, unanimously adopted the following resolutions offered by Mr. Bell:

*Resolved*, That the thanks of the Board of Supervisors of the County of New-York be tendered to His Excellency Edwin D. Morgan, Governor of the State of New-York, for his veto of the County Tax Levy, on account of the appropriation therein of $193,000 for the use of the Commissioners of Records.

*Resolved*, That a copy of these resolutions be transmitted to His Excellency Gov. Morgan by the Clerk of this Board.

It was directed that the bill of Keyser & Co., amounting to $314 48, for repairing and ventilating the rooms of the Court of Common Pleas, be paid.

The Board adjourned to Monday.

James A. McCorkle, who embezzled $15,000 of the funds of the People's Bank, at Richmond, Indiana, of which he was Cashier, has been tried, convicted, and sentenced to pay a fine of five hundred dollars, be disfranchised for five years, and incarcerated in the State Prison for four years. After committing the crime, McCorkle fled to Texas, but was followed and captured.

# NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

### Frightful Casualty.

EXPLOSION OF FIRE-DAMP IN A COAL MINE—BETWEEN FIFTEEN AND TWENTY PERSONS KILLED.

Hyde Park, Pa., Monday, March 26.

A terrible accident occurred at Chittenden's shaft, four miles below here, this afternoon. The pumps broke while the workmen were being hoisted up. An explosion of fire-damp followed, when fifteen to twenty of them were killed and many more seriously wounded. The engines and boiler-house were blown to pieces. These are all the particulars yet received.

### Members of the Pittsburgh City Council in Contempt.

SHALL THE PEOPLE BE TAXED TO RAISE A SUBSCRIPTION TO RAILROAD STOCK?—THE COURT TAKES NO ACTION.

Philadelphia, Monday, March 26.

The members of the Councils of Pittsburgh appeared before the Supreme Court to-day, to answer to a peremptory *mandamus*, commanding them to make provision for the payment of the interest upon the bonds issued by Pittsburgh as a subscription to the Chartreux Valley Railroad Company. The return made by the members of the Select Council states, that the ordinance was passed laying a tax of four quarter mills, on March 19, and sent to the Common Council for concurrence. Five members of the Common Coucil return a willingness to vote for the tax, but say they have had no opportunity, the majority of said Council being opposed to assessment, no action could be had, and no provision had been made for the assessment. The return from the members who refuse to obey the mandamus, states that they are not advised of the amount of interest due, and have no record or means of ascertaining the same; that acting upon the several oaths of office they cannot, in conscience, undertake to levy and assess a tax on their constituents against their own judgment and without the consent of the people they represent; that they cannot in any way control the action of the coördinate branch of the City Government, and have found it necessary, in the exercise of their trust, to differ with said branch, and that they cannot obey the mandate of the Court, except under such circumstances as would deprive them of the exercise of their free judgment in the premises—the undersigned, professing, however, their entire willingness and earnest desire, in case these opinions are supposed to be inconsistent with their duties under the writ, to surrender their trust to their constituents, to be delegated anew at their pleasure, to such persons as may conscientiously accept of it, upon such terms as may enable them to conform to the order of the Court in the premises.

Various answers were filed, but no action was had by the Court.

### From California.

MERCANTILE INTELLIGENCE—STATE PRISON DELIVERY.

Meloy's Station, Mo., Sunday, March 25.

The Overland Mail coach, with California mails to 5th inst., reached here last night.

The mail dates are anticipated by the steamer at New-York, but the following dispatch to Fresno City, on the evening of the 6th, gives one day later advices.

San Francisco, Tuesday, March 6—5 P. M.

*Arrived, March 5*—Ships *F. A. Bishop*, from New-York; *Ganges*, from Boston; French ship *Chili*, No. 2, from Havre.

Nine convicts escaped from the State Prison on the night of the 3d.

### Railroads in Kansas.

COMMENCEMENT OF WORK ON THE ST. JOSEPH'S AND MARYSVILLE RAILROAD.

St. Joseph's, Mo., Monday, March 26.

The first rail ever laid in Kansas was put down on the St. Joseph and Marysville Road this afternoon, in the presence of many citizens, among whom were our city officers and other prominent men. This is the commencement of the first section of the great Pacific Railroad west of the Missouri, which will be rapidly pushed forward. Emigration to Pike's Peak is fast reviving, and many are arriving daily, bound to the mines.

### The Great Breach of Promise Case.

DECIDED TESTIMONY FOR THE DEFENCE—THE CASE TO BE CLOSED THIS WEEK.

St. Louis, Monday, March 26.

The defence in the Carstang-Shaw case closed to-day. Nancy Wilbur, of Charleston, testified this morning to having seen John P. Seaman and Miss Carstang in bed together, and at another time lying on the floor of her shop with Mr. Seaman partially undressed. The Court will hold three sessions daily hereafter in order to finish the case this week. The rebutting testimony will commence to-morrow.

### Sympathy for the Striking Shoemakers.

LARGE MEETING AT NEWARK—ADDRESSES BY PROMINENT POLITICIANS.

Newark, Monday, March 26.

About one thousand persons assembled here this evening to express their sympathy with the Lynn strikers. Resolutions of sympathy and encouragement were unanimously passed. The meeting was presided over by Ex-Senator Wright, and speeches were made by Gen. Theodore Runyon, C. L. C. Gifford, President of the Senate, P. D. Moore, of this city, and Mr. Draper, of Lynn. The latter gave a general history of the strikes, their causes, and what they hoped to accomplish.

### From Norfolk.

DEATH OF HON. FRANCIS MALLORY—NAVAL INTELLIGENCE.

Norfolk, Va., Monday, March 26.

Hon. Francis Mallory, formerly Member of Congress from this District, died this morning.

The United States steamer *Pocahontas* is still here, waiting orders.

The United States steamer *Dacotah* is rapidly getting ready for sea.

### Marine Disasters.

SINKING OF A STEAMER AND BARGE.

Memphis, Monday, March 26.

The steamer *Arkansas Traveler*, bound from New-Orleans to Fort Smith, sunk on Wednesday, near Van Buren, Ark., and an unknown passenger was lost. The boat and cargo are a total loss.

A barge from Cairo, in tow of the steamer *Philadelphia*, has sunk just above this place. Loss, $25,000.

### Fire.

ODD FELLOWS' LODGE-ROOM.

Niagara, Monday, March 26.

A fire yesterday morning destroyed Gibson's cabinet shop and seven adjoining buildings, including the Odd Fellows' and Masonic Lodge rooms and all their contents.

### Glass Coffins.

Louisville, Ky., Monday, March 26.

Glass hermetically sealed coffins, Cannon's patent, the first of that material in the world, were successfully made to-day at the Louisville Glass-works.

### The Welland Canal.

St. Catherines, C. W., Monday, March 26.

The Welland Canal will be open on the 1st of April.

### Massachusetts Politics.

Boston, Monday, March 26.

James W. Rice was to-day elected Register of Suffolk county.

### Markets by Telegraph.

Baltimore, Monday, March 26.

Flour firm at $5 75. Wheat active at $1 50 @$1 65 for White, $1 40@$1 43 for Red. Corn firm at 70c.@72c. Provisions steady but dull. Whisky dull at 22c.

Cincinnati, Monday, March 26.

Flour very dull at $5 40@$5 50. Whisky active at 18⅜c. Mess Pork held at $17 25. Bacon held at 7⅜c.@9⅜c.

### Exchanges.

St. Louis, Monday, March 26.

Sight Exchange on New-York firm and scarce, at ⅜ ℘ cent. premium for Gold, 1⅜ ℘ cent. premium for Missouri funds, and 2⅜ ℘ cent. premium for Illinois and Wisconsin funds.

### Philadelphia Stock Board.

Philadelphia, Monday, March 26.

Stocks quiet. Pennsylvania State Fives 93½; Reading Railroad, 20⅜; Morris Canal, 51⅜; Long Island Railroad, 11¾; Pennsylvania Railroad, 38⅜. Sight Exchange on New-York at par.

# THE PUBLIC PRINTING.

## How the Public Money is Used to Carry Elections and Support Party Newspapers.

## THE EXECUTIVE ORGAN.

## Testimony before the Printing Committee.

We have received a copy of the testimony taken by the Printing Committee in the House of Representatives, of which Hon. Mr. Haskin is Chairman, concerning the manner in which the public money paid out for Executive and Congressional printing is used. The testimony is very voluminous, and much of it, relating merely to matters of detail, is of very little general interest. We extract from the evidence given sundry portions which show how systematically the public money is used for party purposes,—how the President himself, and the members of his Cabinet, have directed appropriations of the public funds to the support of party journals, and to electing members of Congress in doubtful districts:

### TESTIMONY OF CORNELIUS WENDELL.

*Cornelius Wendell* sworn—Q.—What is your profession or business? A.—Printer.

Q.—Were you the Printer *de facto* of the last Congress? A.—I was.

Q.—Who was elected Printer of that House? A.—James B. Steadman.

Q.—You are the Printer of the House until you are superseded? A.—That is the custom. I hold over until another Printer is elected.

Q.—He was elected Printer of the Thirty-fifth Congress? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—Did he ever perform the duties of that office? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—When did you commence performing the duties of Printer to the House? A.—Immediately on his election.

Q.—Will you be kind enough to state in as concise a manner as possible the terms upon which you became Printer *de facto*, as between you and Mr. Steadman, the Printer elect of the Thirty-fifth Congress? A.—I stipulated with him to do the work for sixty-four cents on the dollar.

Q.—Sixty-four cents on the dollar? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—That is, where he received one dollar for certain printing you got sixty-four cents out of it for doing the work? A.—Yes, Sir.

*Question by Mr. Fouke*—He got thirty-six cents out of the dollar and you the balance? A.—Yes, Sir. Afterwards that arrangement was set aside, and I gave him a stipulated sum and took the chances. He was very anxious for money, and I bought him out entirely.

*Question by the Chairman*—Your first agreement with him was to do the work for sixty-four cents on the dollar paid him by the House? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—And subsequently; be kind enough to state about what time you bought him out entirely for a stipulated sum? A.—He was elected in December, and in May following, I think, I gave him a stipulated sum.

Q.—How much was that? A.—Thirty-four thousand dollars.

Q.—That was the whole bonus you paid him for selling out to you the right of Printer to the House? A.—No, Sir; subsequently to that, about a year, rather than have a row in the House about the matter, I paid him $1,600. It was a black-mail operation with him; he threatened to resign and make a muss generally.

Q.—Were any other parties interested with you in the profits of the printing on his election? A.—Yes, Sir; Mr. A. D. Banks, Mr. Washington McLean, Judge Walker, and some two or three others, who held minor interests.

Q.—Do you know what their several interests were? A.—I understood that Mr. Banks' interest was one-half, Mr. McLean's one-third, and Judge Walker, I think, informed me that he had a quarter interest.

Q.—Had Mr. Steadman, at the time of his election, any facilities here in Washington for the work which the public Printer would be compelled to do? A.—None whatever.

Q.—Were you the Printer of the Thirty-fourth Congress? A.—I was elected Printer of the Thirty-fourth Congress.

Q.—Can you state from recollection the amount of money paid during the Thirty-fourth Congress for the printing done for House of Representatives? A.—I think it was about $230,000; I am not positive; it was some considerable sum over $200,000.

Q.—Can you state from recollection the profit? A.—Well, I could not come very near it, from the fact I was doing the Senate and Executive work, binding and all together, and kept no distinct account of the profit; *I should imagine the profit ran near forty-five cents.*

Q.—Forty-five cents on the dollar? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—Can you state the aggregate amount paid for the printing of the House during the Thirty-fifth Congress? A.—It was a trifle over $200,000; I think about $212,000, if my memory serves me; I have all these figures to a cent.

Q.—Can you tell what was the net profit on the work done for the Thirty-fifth Congress? A.—I think it ran in the neighborhood of forty cents; some of the work is not so heavy as other, because it is not the same style. The price depends upon the style. Therefore we may do $100,000 worth of a particular kind of work and make forty cents profit on the dollar, and we may do another kind and make sixty or seventy cents profit on the dollar. The prices are fixed by law, and the established scale is varying.

### POST-OFFICE BLANKS.

Q.—Who does the Post-office blank printing? A.—Mr. Crowell did it up to the time of the election of Mr. Bowman; now Mr. Jewett, of Buffalo, does it for Mr. Bowman.

Q.—Who has the contract for doing that work? A.—It is not done by contract; it is done under the law which gives it to the printer elected by either House.

Q.—Do you recollect the aggregate amount paid for printing Post-office blanks during the Thirty-fifth Congress? A.—I think it averaged about $40,000 per year.

Q.—Do you know the profit on that to the person who was paid by the Government for doing the work? A.—One-half, Sir.

Q.—You say the work was done by Mr. Crowell? A.—He took a sub-contract.

Q.—Where does he live? A.—In New-Jersey?

Q.—Was the work done there? A.—It was done in New-York; I would state that Crowell had been the contractor for the work for I think twelve years, and, under the law of 1852, the contract he then held ran out, and the work reverted under that law to the printer of Congress.

*Question by Mr. Fouke*—Which printer? A.—The printer of either House as the Superintendent of the Printing might give it; he did give it to the printer most generally connected with the organ of the President; Judge Nicholson then edited the *Union*, and he got it; I was the business man of Nicholson at that time, and I made a sub-contract with Crowell, under which he did the work for Nicholson.

*Question by the Chairman*—Had not Rice the printing of the Post-office blanks during the Thirty-fifth Congress? A.—It was given him for a period of about four months, but it made no alteration in the arrangement; I managed it; he never lifted a finger.

Q.—How much bonus did Rice receive for parting with his interest in that contract to you? A.—He received forty-three cents on the dollar from me.

Q.—Had any other parties an interest in the profits of the Post-office blank contract? A.—About four or five months after Rice received the contract the order was revoked, and it reverted to Harris, as Senate Printer, whom I had already purchased out, as I had Mr. Steadman, and it fell into my hands; but the profits of that printing was left at the disposal of the President, and, under his direction, Mr. Rice's percentage was reduced, and Mr. Severns, of the Philadelphia *Argus*, had for a session a portion.

Q.—What portion? A.—I think I paid him between five and six thousand dollars.

Q.—Had any other person an interest in the printing? A.—No, Sir; none was given by direction to anybody else; I might have used some myself as a voluntary gift—a partisan gift.

Q.—You have stated that you made an arrangement with Harris, the Senate Printer, during the Thirty-fifth Congress, to take this contract off his hands. Did you also have an arrangement with Harris in relation to the general Senate work? A.—I bought him out entirely.

Q.—Be kind enough to state what bonus you paid him for transferring his rights as Senate printer to you? A.—I gave him $20,000 for the Senate printing; it is proper I should explain that I took Harris as editor of the *Union*; I was then the owner of the organ; I took Mr. Harris as the editor, with the understanding that I should pay him so many thousand dollars per annum for editing the paper; I found him rather slack in it, and was compelled to procure other editorial assistance, and on his election as printer, desirous of getting rid of him as editor as well as printer, I stipulated to pay him $20,000 more than I had previously given him, which I think was some seven or eight thousand dollars for a period of nine or ten months.

### THE EXECUTIVE ORGAN.

Q.—Was there any condition affixed to your doing the work of the Thirty-fifth Congress, by which you were to own and conduct the Government organ, the *Constitution*? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—That was a voluntary enterprise? A.—Yes, Sir; the editor of the organ is generally supposed to command the patronage of the President; there is a good deal of this work at the disposal of the President—say an aggregate of $100,000 per year, more or less.

Q.—At the disposal of the President? A.—Yes, Sir; that patronage the organ has commanded for years, *it being impossible to keep a paper up here without Government support.*

Q.—Is this $100,000 worth of patronage you speak of at the disposal of the President personally? A.—The law provides that it shall be under the control of the Heads of the Departments, but *if the President signifies to his Cabinet that he would be pleased to see A, B or C get it, as a matter of course they will obey his wishes; it has been a matter of custom for the President to dispose of it; Mr. Buchanan has done it, and his predecessor, Mr. Pierce, did it; I never had any intercourse with the Cabinet in the matter; my intercourse has been direct with Mr. Buchanan, and was so with Mr. Pierce.*

Q.—You say the aggregate amount paid for the executive printing per year is $100,000? A.—From $85,000 to $110,000; I think it will average $100,000.

Q.—Do the profits on that printing average 50 cents on the dollar? A.—A portion of it averages much more; but the average on the whole of it is about 35 cents on the dollar.

Q.—Was there ever any understanding with you while you had that printing that a portion of the profits should be used towards sustaining the organ? A.—Yes, Sir; it was given for the purpose of sustaining the organ.

Q.—Was there any understanding between you and the President as to what portion of the profits should go towards sustaining the Government organ? A.—No, Sir, I cannot say there was a direct understanding; I understood it, and I suppose he did.

Q.—There was no distinct sum fixed upon out of the profits? A.—No, Sir; the understanding was that the paper should go on.

Q.—And that the patronage should support it? A.—Yes, Sir; I never had anything to say about editing it.

Q.—Do you know who edits the present organ? A.—Mr. Brown, I am told.

Q.—Any one else? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—You never had anything to do with the present organ, *The Constitution*? A.—No, Sir; the name of the paper was changed when it went out of my hands.

Q.—Who was your editor? A.—Mr. Appleton, Mr. Wm. A. Harris, Mr. Simeon Johnson, and Mr. R. W. Hughes. They were changed often.

Q.—During that time were there any occasions on which the heads of the Executive Departments, or any of them, wrote editorials for the paper? A.—I could not answer positively. The idea was that the paper was the medium for the promulgation of sound doctrines, wherever they emanated from.

Q.—I ask whether you can state, from your own knowledge, that any one of the Heads of the Executive Departments wrote editorials that were published in the Union? A.—My impression was, I may say, Judge Black wrote for it. I think he wrote several articles, but I do not know positively that any other member of the Cabinet did. That is my impression. I could not swear positively, never having taken any manuscript from them. Mr. Appleton contributed as editor after he went into the State Department.

Q.—Were his articles on general politics. A.—On general politics.

Q.—Was it so under President Pierce? A.—I presume so. It is generally considered with us in the craft that the Cabinet furnish if they please.

### SALE OF THE UNION.

Q.—Will you state to the Committee the circumstances attending your transfer of the *Union* newspaper to the person who at present is at the head of the Government organ? A.—In March last, I was desirous of selling or transferring the *Union*, on account of the magnitude of the business I had on hand, and I proposed to turn it over to the Administration, and addressed a letter to the President, which was the commencement of negotiations, or rather the letter was addressed to Judge Nicholson, but intended for the President. The result of the negotiation was, that Mr. Bowman should be put in the paper and I should retire from it, paying $20,000 per year to its support. A portion of the $20,000 was to be paid to the *Pennsylvanian* in Philadelphia, as I understood, but in my written stipulations I stipulated to pay Bowman the $20,000. The consideration that I was to receive in return was, in case of Bowman's election, which was presumed here to be an almost sure thing, I was to perform his work at prices which would enable me to participate in the profits.

Q.—Do you recollect those prices? A.—The prices were not fixed. The understanding was that Bowman should not risk a dollar in any way; that I should secure him against all loss, and afford him a liberal salary. On his election as printer, I endeavored to carry it out, but he refused to carry out the arrangement. A portion of the arrangement was in writing and a portion of it was a verbal understanding.

Q.—Who prepared the agreement? A.—*Judge Black, I think, as the friend of Mr. Bowman.*

Q.—Have you that agreement? A.—It is in the possession of the Committee of the Senate.

Q.—Was it at the request of the President that you transferred the *Union*? A.—I cannot say that it was.

*Mr. Hindman*—I shall object to that line of investigation, not that I have any objection to the exposure of any facts connected with the public printing, but because I think it does not properly come within the scope of our power in this investigation. If I understand the object in committing this matter to us, it is that we may, if possible, suggest reductions in the cost of the printing. Besides, all these facts having been stated before the Senate committee, it is merely duplicating.

*The Chairman to the Witness*—Have you testified to these facts before the Senate committee?

*Witness*—Fully.

*The Chairman*—I was not aware of that. My object in pursuing this course of inquiry is to show that *the profits accruing from the public printing have been appropriated in part towards the sustainment of the organ of the President published in this city, which I think every member on the floor of the House knows to be a nuisance.* To show the fact that this paper and other Administration papers are supported out of the profits of the public printing, is, I think, pertinent to this investigation.

### USE OF PUBLIC MONEY IN ELECTIONS.

*John Larcombe* examined: Q.—You stated in your former examination that you were the moneyed and book clerk of Wendell? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—I want to ask you whether you know of any part of the profits derived from the public printing being appropriated towards carrying any of the Congressional elections in the Fall of 1858; and if so, in what districts? A.—I made a little memorandum about that, Sir; but I do not think that I can tell you which districts it went to, except one or two.

Q.—State the amounts and the one or two districts to which you have referred. A.—I have made a memorandum of *eleven thousand one hundred and ninety-eight dollars and fifty-seven cents, spent chiefly during the Fall elections of* 1858.

Q.—For political purposes? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—State the amounts, and the one or two districts to which you have referred? A.—Without being able to state the particular amounts, I shall only be able to tell you that some of the money, I think, went into Mr. Landy's district.

Q.—About how much? A.—I do not mean to say that Mr. Landy ever saw any of this money, or heard of it, or that any other gentleman, who was a candidate, had anything to do with it.

Q.—Was Mr. Landy a candidate, at that time, in the district which was called Landy's district? A.—I am not sure; but I know the district was called Landy's district at that time.

Q.—To whose election was this money appropriated? A.—That I could not tell.

Q.—Was it appropriated for the election of the Democratic candidate or the people's candidate? A.—*Always for the Democratic cause.*

Q.—How much was spent in that district? A.—I think there were two drafts inside of a thousand dollars; one perhaps for $500, the other for $300.

Q.—What other districts was money spent in? A.—I think in Mr. Jones' district.

Q.—Into which of the Jones' district—J. Glancy Jones or Owen Jones? A.—There was none went into the district of Owen Jones that I know of.

Q.—In regard to the district represented by J. Glancy Jones in the last Congress, was any money sent into that district to secure his reëlection? A.—*I think some money went into his district.*

Q.—How much? A.—I cannot state how much; I merely made a memorandum of the amount of money that went into Pennsylvania during that time; *I have the amounts that were paid towards sustaining the Philadelphia Pennsylvanian and Evening Argus.*

Q.—You do not know the amount of money that went into J. Glancy Jones' district? A.—I do not remember.

Q.—Can you approximate to it? A.—If my memory serves me, there was $500 sent there on one occasion; instead of speaking of the $11,198 57 having been spent in the Fall election of 1858 in Pennsylvania, I should have said that that amount was contributed to the support of the *Pennsylvanian* newspaper; the amount spent in Pennsylvania in the Fall election of 1858 was about $4,000 only.

Q.—Do you know of money having been spent in any other districts than those you have mentioned? A.—There was money sent into Philadelphia, but I cannot tell into whose district.

Q.—Was any sent into Mr. Florence's district? A.—None that I know of; I only know the fact that there were drafts made from Philadelphia; Mr. Wendell drew two or three checks himself.

*Question by Mr. Killinger*—Do you know in whose favor the drafts were drawn in Glancy Jones' district? A.—I do not; the drafts were always in the names of persons I never heard of before.

*Question by Mr. Somes*—Have you given the aggregate amount of all the money spent in that way? A.—I have stated that the aggregate amount of money spent that Fall in that way was about $4,000.

*Mr. Somes*—I understood you to state the amount was over $11,000.

*Witness*—I afterwards explained the mistake I made in so stating; *that amount was spent towards the support of a newspaper called the Pennsylvanian.*

*Mr. Somes*—Eleven thousand dollars was spent to sustain the *Pennsylvanian* newspaper? A.—Yes, Sir; in 1858 chiefly.

Q.—How do you fix the amount of money that went into J. Glancy Jones' district? A.—I stated from memory that there was a check or draft from his district of $500.

Q.—Was that one payment the only money that went into his district? A.—That is all I know of.

*Question by Mr. Fouke.*—The $4,000 you speak of as having been spent in Pennsylvania in the Fall election of 1858; is it a distinct sum from the $11,000 that was paid for the support of the *Pennsylvanian*? A.—Yes, Sir; entirely distinct. * * * *

### MORE ABOUT THE PRESIDENT'S ORGAN.

*Cornelius Wendell*, recalled: Q.—State all the facts in connexion with the transfer of the Government organ to Gen. Bowman?

*Witness*—On the occasion of my transfer of the paper to Bowman?

*The Chairman*—Yes, Sir.

*Witness*—When I transferred the organ to Bowman it was called the *Union* then, and he named it the *Constitution*. It was stipulated that *I should pay from the proceeds of the printing of the Post-office blanks $20,000 per annum until the ensuing session of Congress, when it was supposed he would be elected Senate printer.* My stipulation was to continue with Bowman so long as the executive work, or work claimed under the head of executive work and coming from the Executive Departments which was then given me, should be left in my hands.

Q.—From 1856, who exercised the control over the giving out of the Post-office blank printing? A.—The President and Postmaster-General, through the Postmaster-General. In December succeeding Mr. Buchanan's coming into power he gave it to Mr. Rice for a time.

Q.—Did you subcontract it from Mr. Rice? A.—Yes, sir; that was the understanding that I should continue to do the work as heretofore, and have the control of it, *Rice receiving, I think, forty-three cents in the dollar.*

Q.—Was there any understanding when this work was given to Rice that any newspaper was to be supported out of it? A.—It was understood that it was for the support of the *Pennsylvanian*; such was the understanding.

Q.—The understanding between whom? A.—The understanding between the President and the Postmaster General.

*Question by Mr. Hindman*—How did you know that? A.—From the conversations I held with them; I insisted upon having more of the profits of the printing to support the *Union*, as it was one of those rather unprofitable pecuniary organs, and Mr. Rice was very clamorous to have a share for the *Pennsylvanian*, and we finally settled on forty-three cents on the dollar; I then made a contract with Mr. Crowell, who did the work for me for forty-five cents or fifty cents on the dollar; he did it a portion of the time for forty-five cents, and a portion of the time for fifty cents; I had also the executive binding, which Rice thought ought to satisfy me, but the profits on that were not so great, and the expenses of the *Union* being very large, I insisted that I should have all the profits of the Post-office blank printing; I could not keep it, however.

*Question by the Chairman*—You stated that $20,000 were to be allowed out of the profits of the Executive printing towards supporting the organ under Gen. Bowman? A.—When I parted with it in March last, I found that, paying Rice and Severns, I could not sustain the *Union* from the profits of the Executive work, and I therefore proposed to give it to any party that might be designated by the President.

Q.—Who did you make this proposition to? A.—To the President; and to pay $10,000 per annum was my first proposition; pending that proposition Mr. Baker, the Collector of Philadelphia, came down to procure aid for the *Pennsylvanian*, and finally I had to accede to giving $20,000 per annum, $10,000 per annum of which Mr. Baker obtained for the *Pennsylvanian*; I have been informed that $10,000 of the $20,000 was for the *Pennsylvanian*, but my obligation is with Mr. Bowman for $20,000; that obligation existed, still exists; and there has been no action had in relation to it, owing to Mr. Bowman's refusal to carry out his part of the engagement, which was that I should do the Senate printing in case he was elected Printer to the Senate; I paid Mr. Bowman $5,000 in advance when he took the *Union*, and the balance I secured to him by giving him orders on the Post-office work, which he could not draw, having no orders on it.

Q.—You paid him $5,000 when he took the paper? A.—When he took *The Union* I gave him that amount as a capital to start with.

Q.—Did you pay him any more on account of the $20,000? A.—I gave him orders on the Post-Office Department in pursuance of an account he rendered me of what was due him, which orders I subsequently countermanded, on account of his not carrying out his engagement.

Q.—What did those orders amount to? A.—If my memory serves me, I gave him orders to the amount of $8,000 or $10,000.

Q.—Has he not received payment at the Post-office Department of those orders? A.—I believe not; yet I do not know.

Q.—Was it understood when you transferred *The Union* to Mr. Bowman, that $20,000 should be diverted out of the proceeds of the Post-office printing by you to its support? A.—Yes, Sir, that was the understanding.

Q.—Between whom? A.—*The paper was drawn up by Judge Black.* It was between Mr. Bowman and myself, we being put forward as the active men.

Q.—Was the President consulted in relation to it at any time? A.—I first addressed a note to the President—to Judge Nicholson, who was my friend in the case, for the President, and he took it up to him. In *that note I stated that it was rather onerous to me to be obliged to support the Union, and what I desired to do.* I suggested that Mr. McDonald, formerly a member of Congress from Maine, should take the paper and become its editor. He was a competent man I supposed; but in the course of two or three weeks Bowman's name was mentioned and I assented to it. We met at the Attorney General's office, and Judge Black drew up the papers between us, which consisted in my conveying the *Union* to him.

Q.—To Bowman? A.—Yes, Sir, to Bowman; with a stipulation to pay the money also. There was a letter addressed in duplicate to Judge Black and Judge Nicholson, selecting them as the umpires in case any difficulty should arise between us. The difficulty having arisen, I have tried to have it settled by the umpires, but Bowman invariably declines. He found he could make a better thing of it, I suppose, by engaging Mr. Rives; and when he was elected Senate Printer he repudiated all our agreements, for which I have commenced a law-suit; it being, as I am advised by my counsel, the only remedy I have in the premises.

Q.—How much of a losing concern is this Government organ per annum, in your judgment? A.—If my memory serves me, it cost me, when it was under my management, $19,000 over and above its receipts.

*Question by Mr. Palmer*—Did it cost you that amount per annum? A.—Yes, Sir; I think it cost me about that last year; Bowman told me that he thought it would cost him about $12,000 with his management, he being a close manager, he cut down where I was disposed to be liberal; I paid pretty well for the services of those employed about the paper; I did not quarrel with the editors about the amount they should receive, but paid them a liberal salary; *the editors were generally designated by the President.*

Q.—The editors of the *Union* were designated by the President whilst you had the management of the paper? A.—Yes, Sir; whilst I was the owner of it.

Q.—Was any one of these editors in the employ of the Government? A.—Not when they were appointed editors; Mr. Appleton was afterwards appointed Assistant Secretary of State, and Mr. Harris elected Senate Printer.

Q.—You have spoken of your liberality, be kind enough to state whether, out of the profits of the public printing, you contributed, in 1858, certain amounts to secure the election of members of Congress in different districts in Pennsylvania. If so, in what districts? A.—I spent a good deal of money in politics, but with all due deference to the Committee, I must decline to answer in what districts.

Q.—Did you make any contributions towards the election to Congress of J. Glancy Jones, in 1858? A.—A similar question was propounded me by the Senate Committee, which I respectfully begged leave to decline answering. I answered generally that I had for years contributed from my own resources money, derived from what sources it might, to the sustenance of the party; that I had always been an enthusiastic party man, and still was, and probably I should contribute more in the coming campaign if I had it. I stated that I had expended money in Pennsylvania, New-York, New-Jersey, Ohio, and divers other States, and that I had given to districts represented at that time on the floor by personal and political friends; *I now state that I did contribute in eight or ten Districts, I cannot call to mind the exact number, in Pennsylvania during the last campaign, in sums varying from $250 to $2,250, in the different Districts which it was supposed a little material aid would carry for us;* I did among others, contribute to the Berks County District, represented then by Hon. J. Glancy Jones, and to divers and sundry others; I think in my other testimony I mentioned the names of the gentlemen who represented those Districts then, but who, unfortunately, do not represent them now.

Q.—Did you contribute in Landy's district? A.—I contributed in his district among others; the specific ground upon which I refused to answer this question before was, that I protested against an inquiry into what I had done with funds of my own, and with specified amounts in specified places; I have no objection to say that I contributed more or less in the different districts, as my check book shows, in sums varying from $250 to $2,250. I know that there was one district very hard to carry, but we did save it.

Q.—Whose district was that? A.—*We saved the Florence District from the wreck*; I beg the Committee will excuse me from going into details; this money was contributed for strictly party purposes.

*Question by Mr. Hindman*—Did you use any money to aid in securing the election of any member of Congress from any Southern State? A.—Never; I believe you do not indulge in the expensive luxury; I have offered to do it, but my offers have been indignantly refused.

*Question by the Chairman*—If you had not been in the receipt of the proceeds of the public printing would you have contributed money as you say you have done in the various Congressional Districts? A.—I would not have been able to contribute so much; *it was the profit I made out of the public printing that enabled me to contribute these amounts of money*; the fact that I was in a public position known to be remunerative induced frequent calls upon me, to which I responded.

*Question by Mr. Somes*—I wish to know whether or not there was an implied or expressed understanding between you and any executive officer of the Government that you should make these contributions out of the proceeds of the printing for political purposes? A.—No, Sir; none, *except as to the contributions I made towards the support of certain newspapers which the President saw fit to assign to me to support.*

*Question by the Chairman*—Did any of these Congressional candidates make demands upon you? A.—Not demands; they made humble requests.

Q.—Did J. Glancy Jones request you to assist towards his election? A.—Well, yes, Sir; in the course of a conversation he asked me to contribute something to it, and I remember telling him there was no necessity of spending money in his District, as it was safe anyhow. *We found, however, that it was rather unsafe when the votes came in.*

### THOMAS H. FORD AND HIS ARRANGEMENTS.

*Thomas H. Ford*, sworn: Examined by Mr. Hindman.

Q.—You are the printer of the House by due election and qualification? A.—I believe I am; I have the certificate of my election from the Clerk.

Q.—If you have made any sub-arrangement or partnership, or division of the profits of the proceeds of the printing business with any person or persons, state when and how, and all the details, as nearly as you can recollect?

*Witness*—Does that include any arrangements for doing the printing?

*Mr. Hindman*—Yes, Sir.

*Witness*—Does it include the arrangement for the composition?

*Mr. Hindman*—Yes, Sir, it includes all the arrangements you have made in relation to the work.

*Witness*—Does it cover any outsides that I promised to help?

*Mr. Hindman*—Yes, Sir.

*Witness*—When I was elected printer I went to Mr. Heart's, the Superintendent's room, and directed the printing to be done at the same place it was being done at.

*Question by the Chairman*—The Wendell establishment?

*Witness*—Yes, Sir, I understood it was the Wendell establishment, that is, for the time being.

*Question by Mr. Hindman*—You made that order between your first election and your reëlection? A.—Both times; at the time of my first election I had never met Mr. Wendell, or Messrs. Larcombe & English, to my knowledge; between the time of my first election and my reëlection, I met Mr. Larcombe, who was introduced to me in the Superintendent's room; I had no conversation with him, or at least I do not remember any conversation I had with him; after my second election I entered into an arrangement with Messrs. Larcombe & English, I believe.

Q.—State the terms of that agreement? A.—Upon my word I do not know them; the arrangement was only temporary, and *it was a partnership arrangement, by which they became my partners for the transaction of the business*; intending to look into the matter carefully when I had some time, I paid but very little attention to it indeed then.

Q.—Please state if Mr. Dufrees has any interest in the proceeds of the printing business, which you were elected to do; if so, the nature of it, and to what extent?

A.—Well, Mr. Dufrees was to have an interest; that is, I was to help him; during the time I was a candidate there were a good many who had been expecting office, paying their expenses, etc., until they got it, and I said in very general terms, and said repeatedly, that I was a soldier, and when *I won a battle generally took care of the wounded.*

Q.—Did you say that to Dufrees?

A.—*I said it to all.*

Q.—Is it or is it not understood distinctly, without a definite amount being specified, that you are to contribute aid to certain newspapers out of the proceeds of the House printing? A.—It is understood that I will be liberal in the distribution; that is about all.

*Question by Mr. Hindman*—Is it understood that you are to contribute to any newspapers outside of the City of Washington? A.—That is very hard for me to tell, for some of those persons I have promised to help may be the owners of papers; I do not know whether they are or not.

Q.—I will have to ask you the names of those persons, then, in order that we may get at it. A.—I told Dufrees; him, I have already named.

*The Chairman*—Is Dufrees a newspaper proprietor and editor? A.—He was; but his paper has gone out of existence; he used to be an editor, and at no very distant time, but his paper expired sometime this Winter, probably when he came on to seek this office; it died for want of support.

*Question by Mr. Hindman*—Can you give us the names of any other persons to whom you have made this promise? A.—I promised to take care of another man, a little—I guess he has no paper—Moran, of Philadelphia.

Q.—What paper is he connected with? A.—He is not connected with any, that I know of; I have said nothing to him since about any amount I was to give him.

Q.—You told him before your election that you would take care of him? A.—And since my election I have said to him that I thought he would likely make as good a thing out of it as I would; I agreed to take care of Pangborn, of Massachusetts, and I believe he has a paper, *The Atlas and Bee*; I believe he is one of the editors, reporters or something.

Q.—You agreed to take care of him? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—Were there any other sufferers you promised to provide for? A.—I have named Dufrees, Moran and Pangborn; well, I do not know of any except a man by the name of Wilson, who had been here all Winter; I had intended to help him a little—home at least—if I ever got any money; that I consider entirely gratuitous.

Q.—Were there any other persons you promised to take care of? A.—I do not think of anybody; there was a man by the name of Doermer, from Indiana; I do not think I promised to take care of him, but if he had staid here I would.

Q.—What do you mean by taking care of him? A.—Help him to some money if I had it to pay his board bill, and send him home.

*The Chairman*—I would like to ask the witness one question before we adjourn. Is there any member of Congress directly or indirectly interested in this printing?

*Witness*—I am very glad you asked me the question; *no member of Congress ever approached me on the subject asking me to divide the spoils with anybody.*

Q.—And none are interested in it directly or indirectly? A.—No, Sir; some of the members of Congress have said to me that they hoped that if I made any money I would take care of certain persons; they have said that to me since I was elected.

Q.—Do you mean by that, pay their board bills and send them home? A.—Yes, Sir; but no member of Congress approached me before my election, and I never asked but one member of this body to vote for me, even for the nomination; I did ask one member of Congress to vote for me; he is a high-minded gentleman and served with me in the Mexican war; I was told that he was against me, and I met him and said to him "is this so?" "of all men, if I am a candidate, I want you to vote for me;" his reply was, "I intend to;" I offered him no bribe, and would not have dared to.

## LAW REPORTS.

### The Ford Rubber Company—A Stockholder "Rubbed Out."

*Spencer T. Parmelee* vs. *Christopher Meyer and John R. Ford.*—This action was tried before Justice Hogeboom at the Special Term of the Supreme Court. It was brought to cancel certain transfers of plaintiff's stock in the Ford Rubber Company, made to the defendants.

The Ford Rubber Company is a company for the manufacture of rubber goods, holding its charter under the laws of New-Jersey, but doing business in this and other States.

The plaintiff claims that he has been deprived of his stock in the company, which he avers was, and is, of great value, by means of representations of the defendants, by which he was induced to sell to them his interest in the concern. It appeared from the papers that the plaintiff was employed by the defendants to take charge of the scientific department of the business, in October, 1855, and that he was thus employed for about three years, at which time he was discharged; that the defendant Meyer then represented to him that the Company was in a bad condition, and that its stock was of but little value; proposing, at the same time, to give plaintiff $130 per share for the 250 shares of the stock owned by him. Plaintiff finally sold as solicited, but now avers that he has just learned that he was deceived by Meyers, on behalf of the Company, for the purpose, on their part, of obtaining his interest at much less than its value; and that he has been greatly defrauded, the stock of the Company paying then, as now, large dividends.

On the other hand, the defendants aver that at the time they employed the plaintiff, he represented to them that he possessed an important secret concerning the manufacture of rubber goods, which would be of great value to the Company; and that it was upon these representations and considerations that he was employed. They then allege that they gave the plaintiff an interest of 250 shares of stock in the business, expecting that all parties would be mutually benefitted by the transaction, but that they subsequently ascertained that the plaintiff was not qualified as he represented himself to be, and that he mismanaged the business in such a manner as to greatly decrease its value and profits; and that it was for such reasons he was discharged. And, in conclusion, they claimed that the plaintiff sold his entire interest to them for $2,000, and that that sum was to be a payment in full for all demands he had against the Company, concerning the stock in his name and all other relations whatever. The case is still on.

Wm. E. Curtis for plaintiff; Lee & Schmidt and Charles O'Conor for defendants.

### The Transit Company Case.

INJUNCTION DENIED.

*Prosper M. Wetmore* vs. *Albert G. Sloo et al.*—This was a motion for an injunction before Justice Sutherland, at Chambers, and was reported in the Times of Monday.

Justice Sutherland has now denied the motion.

### Decisions.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Ingraham, J.—*Byass* vs. *Sullivan*.—Order settled.

*Same* vs. *Byrne*.—Same order.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Allen, J.—*Palmer* vs. *Murray*.—Motion granted.

*Rogers* vs. *McLean*.—Motion granted, and sum fixed at $50.

Sutherland, J.—*Alvord* vs. *Brock*.—Order granted.

*Burnett* vs. *Fisher, &c.*—Order denied.

*The People* vs. *Reed*.—Application denied, and child remanded to its apprenticeship.

*The Central Park Baptist Church* vs. *Sparks*.—Motion denied, with $7 costs.

*Denton* vs. *Denton*.—Divorce granted.

**Calendar....Tuesday, March 27.**

Supreme Court—Special Term.—"Omnibus case."

Supreme Court—Circuit.—*Part I.*—Nos. 647, 435, 465, 705, 759, 763, 765, 767, 769, 781, 785, 759, 791, 793, 797, 799, 801, 805, 807, 809, 811, 813, 815, 819, 821. *Part II.*—Police cases.

Superior Court.—Short calendar.—Nos. 638, 756, 816, 822, 831, 916, 985, 1012, 1036, 1061, 1099, 1126, 1132, 1146, 1151, 1158, 1159, 1161, 1171, 1175, 1180, 1181, 1194, 1197, 1206, 1210, 1221, 1223, 1225, 1227, 1231, 1245, 1249, 1251, 1252, 1256, 1265, 1267, 1274, 1275, 1276, 1280, 1281, 1282, 1283, 1285, 1288, 1294, 1296, 1303, 1304, 1305, 1306.

Common Pleas.—*Part I.*—Without a jury. No. 40. *Part II.*—Nos. (without a jury) 45, 61, 64.

A discovery of bones of animals was accidentally made, a few days ago, near Penfield, Ga., in a cave on the plantation of Mr. Langford. The bones and teeth of the hyena were plentiful, besides three different species of bear.

## MONETARY AFFAIRS.

### Sales at the Stock Exchange—March 26.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| $3,000 U. S. 5s 1865 | 100½ | 50 M. S. & N. I. G. S. s60 | 23⅞ |
| 1,000 Tenn. 6s '90 | 90½ | 983 do. | 24¼ |
| 10,000 do. s60 | 90 | 50 do. | 24⅛ |
| 6,000 do. | 90⅛ | 250 do. s60 | 24⅛ |
| 5,000 Mo. State 6s | 80¼ | 50 do. | 24¼ |
| 2,000 E. R. C. Bds. '71 | 30 | 100 do. b10 | 24 |
| 1,000 Hud. R. R. 2d m. | 98 | 100 do. | 23¾ |
| 1,000 Har. R. 1st Mtg. | 98 | 100 do. b60 | 24 |
| 1,000 M. C. 8 p. c. B. '69 | 91½ | 15 Panama Railroad | 134 |
| 7,000 Mich. S. 2d mtg. b. | 38 | 250 Ill. Cen. R. | 61⅝ |
| 13,000 Mich. S. F. bds. | 65 | 100 do. b60 | 61 |
| 5,000 do. | 66 | 100 do. s60 | 61 |
| 5,000 do. | 66¼ | 357 Gal. & Chi. R. | 61⅛ |
| 7,000 Ill. Cent. R. bds. | 91¼ | 50 do. s60 | 61⅛ |
| 1,000 Gal. & Chi. 2d m. b. | 89 | 100 do. | 61¾ |
| 1,000 do. | 89½ | 50 Clev. & Tol. R. c | 22 |
| 2,000 Del L. & W 2d m. | 92 | 10 do. | 21⅝ |
| 1,000 Clev & Tol. S. F. b | 58 | 10 do. | 21⅞ |
| 5,000 C B & Q. R. 8 p. c. b | 98 | 50 do. | 21⅞ |
| 5 Nassau Bank | 101 | 300 do. | 22 |
| 6 Bank of New-York | 103½ | 300 do. b30 | 22 |
| 100 Pacific M. S. Co. s60 | 98½ | 300 do. b60 | 22 |
| 200 do. b10 | 99 | 300 do. b60 | 22⅛ |
| 565 do. | 99 | 400 Chi. & Rock Isl. R. | 65⅛ |
| 200 do. b30 | 99½ | 600 do. | 65⅛ |
| 150 Canton Company | 20¼ | 300 do. b60 | 65⅛ |
| 560 N. Y. Cen. Rail'rd | 75½ | 300 do. b10 | 65⅛ |
| 1750 do. | 75¼ | 550 do. | 65⅛ |
| 1750 do. b30 | 75⅝ | 200 do. s30 | 65⅛ |
| 200 do. b60 | 75⅛ | 200 do. b10 | 65⅛ |
| 100 do. b7 | 75¼ | 25 Chi., Bur. & Quin. R. | 60 |
| 5 Mich. Cen. R. | 41⅝ | 50 do. | 59⅞ |
| 73 do. | 41¾ | 25 do. | 59⅞ |
| 150 do. | 41¾ | 100 do. | 59 |
| 748 M. So. & N. I. R. | 11 | | |
| 19 Clev. Col. & Cin. R. | 88½ | | |

SECOND BOARD.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| $12,000 Missouri S. 6s | 80¾ | 120 Mich. S. & N. Ind. Guar. Stock | 24 |
| 3,000 N. Y. St. 6s '73 ex. int. | 109 | 50 do. s10 | 24¼ |
| 4,000 Tenn. 6s '90 | 90⅝ | 200 Clev. and Tol. R. | 22¼ |
| 1,000 Br. C. W. Loan | 101 | 200 do. | 22⅛ |
| 1,000 Gal. & Ch. 2d m | 89 | 200 do. b60 | 22⅜ |
| 1,000 Goshen B. Bds. | 63 | 100 Ill. Central R. s60 | 61 |
| 3,000 D. L. & W. 2d m | 92½ | 100 do. | 61 |
| 95 Pacific M.S. Co. | 99 | 100 do. b60 | 61 |
| 100 Har. R. Pref. s10 | 34½ | 100 do. s60 | 60⅜ |
| 400 do. | 35 | 200 do. s30 | 60⅜ |
| 250 N. Y. Cen. R. | 75½ | 150 do. s60 | 60½ |
| 300 do. s60 | 75 | 150 do. | 60⅜ |
| 100 do. b30 | 75⅜ | 100 Gal. & Chic. R. b30 | 61⅝ |
| 250 do. | 75 | 100 Chic. & R. I. R. s10 | 65⅛ |
| 100 do. b60 | 75¾ | 700 do. | 65¾ |
| 50 Hud. River R. s60 | 34½ | 100 do. b30 | 65⅛ |
| 96 M. So. & N. Ia. R. | 11⅜ | 72 Del. L. & W. R. | 80 |
| 273 do. | 11⅜ | 100 C. B. & Quincy R. | 59 |
| 5 Panama Railroad | 133½ | 9 do. | 58½ |

Monday, March 26—P. M.

The Weekly Averages of the Banks of the City of New-York on Saturday, March 24, 1860, present in the aggregate the following changes from the previous exhibit of March 17:

| | |
|---|---|
| Increase in Loans | $50,659 |
| Increase in Specie | 114,366 |
| Decrease in Circulation | 45,733 |
| Decrease in Undrawn Deposits | 890,704 |

Including the Clearing-house operations of the week, which show the inter-exchanges between the Banks, and including, also, the Sub-Treasury statement of Saturday, the following is the general comparison with the previous exhibit, and also with the movement this time last season:

| | March 26, 1859. | March 24, 1860. | March 17, 1860. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Capital | $68,048,009 | $69,433,000 | $69,433,000 |
| Loans | 127,751,225 | 127,613,507 | 127,562,848 |
| Specie | 25,182,627 | 23,286,204 | 23,171,838 |
| Circulation | 7,998,098 | 8,335,266 | 8,380,999 |
| Gross Deposits | 106,580,370 | 107,505,279 | 108,560,982 |
| Exchanged | 20,227,121 | 25,397,860 | 25,562,859 |
| Undrawn | 86,343,249 | 82,107,419 | 82,998,123 |
| In Sub-Treasury | 8,045,268 | 8,122,672 | 8,099,409 |

The Bank movement is a very steady one, on both the Specie and Discount lines. The present return denotes continued ease in the market in the Spring months, even after the customary export demand for Bullion through April and May fairly sets in. The Specie line is made a rising average by the receipt into Bank this morning of $898,000 from California. The Discount rates to day outside of Bank are much the same as at the close of last week, with a good inquiry for prime lists of 4@6 months indorsed paper at 6 ℘ cent., and for shorter bills at 5@5½ ℘ cent. Temporary Loans are generally quiet, at 5@5½ ℘ cent. on select collateral, and 6 ℘ cent. as the rule among or between the Stock Brokers. Exchange opens for Wednesday's steamer at 108¾@108⅞ on London, and f.5.17½ on Paris. Most of the business goes over to Tuesday, and it would be difficult at present to call the market anything but steady. Some of the Brokers report London a shade firmer.

The Stock Exchange opened with renewed firmness this forenoon. The dealings were particularly excited on the Stock and Bonds of the Michigan Southern Company, and also quite spirited on Cleveland and Toledo. On the other Western Shares, and also on New-York Central, the bidding was firm through the early Board, but fell off, somewhat, at the close and on the street, and in the afternoon the prices declined ¼@⅜ ℘ cent. on Central, ½@⅞ on Illinois Central, and ¼@⅜ on Galena and Chicago. The demand continued for Southern Michigan Old Shares, and the price touched $11⅜ on the printed sales, while the Guaranteed Shares brought 24¼@23¾@24 ℘ cent., being an additional rise of 1@1½ on Saturday's best sales. The Sinking Fund Bonds of the Company ran up to 66¼ ℘ cent. The Toledo shares advanced to 22⅜ cash and 22⅜ buyer 60 days. There was much steadiness shown on Michigan Central, Pacific Mail, Panama and Rock Island, and a further considerable advance on Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Shares to 80 ℘ cent. ex dividend, equal to 94 ℘ cent. with the 18 ℘ cent. scrip dividend at cash value, and also on the shares of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Company to 60 ℘ cent., closing 58½@59 ℘ cent. Hudson and Harlem shares are steady in price, but without much movement in demand. The State Stocks are firm and most descriptions scarce. Even Missouris, which were damaged in market value last week by the recent legislation at Jefferson City, are but sparingly offered to-day, and brought 80¾ ℘ cent. at the Second Board. Tennessees 90⅝@¾ ℘ cent. cash, and New-York Sixes of 1873, 109 ℘ cent. ex-interest. Illinois Central Bonds sold again at 91¼ ℘ cent. The Eries, Hudsons, and Harlems all pretty firm, and but few and small parcels offered on the market. The general market appeared somewhat tame at the close this afternoon, though without material abatement in prices. The closing bids and quotations made up at 3½ o'clock were: New-York Central, 75@75⅛; Missouri Sixes, 80¾@81 ℘ cent.; Pacific Mail, 99@99⅛; Reading, 41½@41⅝; Michigan Central, 41⅞@42; Panama, 133½@133¾; Illinois Central, 60⅝@60¾; Galena, 61½@61⅝; Toledo, 22⅜@⅝; Rock Island, 65⅛@¼. The Rock Island Shares ruled steady through the day, under the belief that the Board of Management will, in a day or two, resume their Dividends, though at what rate per annum is not yet known.

The earnings on the Michigan Central Railroad for the third week of March show as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| 1860 | $34,511 14 |
| 1859 | 33,837 86 |
| Increase | $673 58 |

The earnings of the Cleveland and Toledo Railroad the third week of March, show an increase of nearly $5,000 instead of $4,000, as first telegraphed. The figures are:

| | |
|---|---|
| Third week 1860 | $21,029 |
| Third week 1859 | 16,159 |
| Increase | $4,870 |

A private letter from London from an old Scotch Banker, long resident in the United States but now in Europe, makes the following reference to the improvement in English Railway Securities from a point of depression which at one time seemed as gloomy and irredeemable as many of our own lines in this country, with whose troubles the writer was familiar two or three years ago:

"Almost all the Railroad property in this country has been improving for years back; many from a condition nearly as bad as Erie and Harlem and Southern Michigan are now approaching par; some at a premium, paying dividends regularly of from 3 to 7 ℘ cent. per annum, and the feeling now is almost universal that such property in this country is becoming, not only a safe, but a favorite investment. This is entirely owing to a thorough change in management, strict economy and supervision and the cessation of ruinous competition. I hope we shall live to see a similar result with American Railways. If peace in Europe is maintained, we are entering on a new era of prosperity in England far exceeding anything ever contemplated by Sir Robert Peel's Free Trade notions. The *Times* of to-day says that the *net profits* now of the Manchester Cotton manufacturers exceed a million sterling a month. Give them Cotton, and what will be the results with free trade to all the world? Gladstone has immortalized himself."

The following decision in the State of Iowa on the liability of Counties upon their Railway Bonds is noticed in the Western papers:

"Judge Love delivered an opinion yesterday sustaining the validity of Railroad bonds. There were several cases before the Court, but the case in which the opinion was given was that of Moir *vs.* The County of Wapello.

The case involved the legality of subscriptions by counties to railroads, and the construction of section 184 of the Code, and was a suit upon coupons attached to bonds issued in pursuance of a vote of the people of Wapello County. S. F. Miller, for the defendant, demurred to plaintiff's petition and contended that, under a recent decision of the Supreme Court of Iowa, the county had no power to issue the bonds, such power not being a necessary adjunct to a municipal corporation, and as the county had not the power to issue the bonds, the holders, dealing with a corporation whose powers are limited, deal at their own peril. Judge Love held that, inasmuch as the Supreme Court of Iowa, from the time the question was first presented for adjudication up to the present time, had decided that counties possessed the power under the Code to subscribe to railroads, and as, at the time of issuing these bonds, such was the law as decided by that Court, parties contracted under the faith of those decisions; and as the Supreme Court of the United States had decided that, where a long current of judicial decisions in a State had established the law to be of a certain character, if the same court changed that law subsequently, the Supreme Court of the United States was not compelled to obey the arbitrary caprice of the State Court, but would adhere to the well-settled law of the State; and in this case the District Court would act upon that decision, and sustain the law as settled, and overrule the demurrer—for he could regard the latest decision of the Supreme Court of Iowa, if sanctioned by him, only as judicial repudiation, as they themselves had pronounced it in another case, and he considered that a judicial fraud was surpassed only by a gross fraud."

At Jefferson City on the 21st inst. there was a quorum of the Missouri Senate, but not of the House, present. The Speaker of the latter has reserved his decision, and at the latest advices declined to issue the order to the Sergeant-at-Arms, commanding the presence of the absentees at the capital.

The following is a statement of the English treasure transported over Panama Railroad March 8, and shipped to England per steamer *Thames*:

Silver........$2,393,261 41 | Gold..........$132,933
Total..........$2,526,194 41

The following was the day's business at the Assistant Treasurer's Office:

| | |
|---|---|
| Total receipts | $196,340 00 |
| Payments | 375,607 13 |
| Balance | 7,943,405 72 |

### CITY BANK STATEMENTS.

WEEKLY AVERAGES OF THE NEW-YORK CITY BANKS.

| Banks. | Loans. March 24. | Loans. March 17. | Specie. March 24. | Specie. March 17. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bk. of New-York | 4,834,394 | 4,904,008 | 658,652 | 683,542 |
| Manhattan Co. | 4,433,759 | 4,532,685 | 1,138,626 | 879,671 |
| Merchants' Bank | 5,309,867 | 5,724,374 | 1,035,826 | 938,508 |
| Mechanics' Bank | 3,577,807 | 3,565,921 | 572,454 | 597,041 |
| Union Bank | 2,938,344 | 2,981,832 | 452,607 | 472,008 |
| Bk. of America | 5,709,010 | 5,612,618 | 2,037,463 | 1,677,965 |
| Phenix Bank | 2,262,744 | 3,126,530 | 494,087 | 426,302 |
| City Bank | 2,127,177 | 2,214,282 | 281,480 | 309,986 |
| Tradesmen's Bk. | 1,314,920 | 1,288,326 | 240,833 | 237,670 |
| Fulton Bank | 1,432,854 | 1,474,623 | 261,990 | 248,310 |
| Chemical Bank | 1,918,289 | 1,946,277 | 760,636 | 822,614 |
| Merch. Exch. Bk. | 2,240,247 | 2,138,755 | 252,212 | 296,682 |
| National Bank | 2,178,891 | 2,163,339 | 269,875 | 263,362 |
| Butc. & Drov. Bk. | 1,657,962 | 1,631,796 | 397,661 | 344,623 |
| Mech. & Trad. Bk. | 899,998 | 882,200 | 161,247 | 161,381 |
| Greenwich Bank | 788,111 | 577,844 | 74,532 | 75,452 |
| Leather Man. Bk. | 2,033,990 | 1,950,669 | 311,721 | 373,959 |
| Seventh Ward Bk. | 1,294,713 | 1,303,586 | 201,384 | 208,687 |
| Bk. St. New-York | 3,493,958 | 3,589,029 | 713,655 | 889,411 |
| Am. Exchange Bk. | 7,908,119 | 7,728,325 | 1,095,554 | 1,270,118 |
| Bk. of Commerce | 13,069,425 | 12,971,820 | 2,513,475 | 2,468,098 |
| Broadway Bank | 2,483,039 | 2,513,868 | 451,550 | 484,739 |
| Ocean Bank | 1,865,100 | 1,762,230 | 337,920 | 276,017 |
| Mercantile Bank | 2,719,309 | 2,719,698 | 443,695 | 534,528 |
| Pacific Bank | 1,068,940 | 1,041,596 | 176,294 | 202,742 |
| Bank of Republic | 3,920,676 | 3,847,181 | 977,304 | 801,563 |
| Chatham Bank | 681,704 | 708,841 | 84,925 | 70,192 |
| People's Bank | 697,663 | 691,850 | 141,373 | 135,874 |
| Bank of N. Am. | 1,651,271 | 1,619,513 | 365,336 | 331,623 |
| Hanover Bank | 1,504,301 | 1,534,979 | 171,679 | 187,967 |
| Irving Bank | 806,129 | 839,943 | 174,121 | 159,352 |
| Metropolitan Bk. | 7,545,044 | 7,598,498 | 1,115,912 | 1,212,837 |
| Citizens' Bank | 721,977 | 708,023 | 132,622 | 123,619 |
| Nassau Bank | 1,873,944 | 1,834,173 | 220,594 | 239,823 |
| Market Bank | 1,678,960 | 1,654,416 | 305,754 | 281,422 |
| St. Nicholas Bk. | 1,107,954 | 1,104,632 | 150,414 | 190,219 |
| Shoe & Leath Bk. | 3,096,831 | 3,522,551 | 675,727 | 638,968 |
| Corn Exch. Bank | 1,702,949 | 1,700,119 | 189,721 | 210,950 |
| Continental Bank | 3,398,220 | 3,431,567 | 427,233 | 565,386 |
| Bk. of Comm'w'lth | 1,186,896 | 1,178,696 | 358,727 | 385,887 |
| Oriental Bank | 551,895 | 571,288 | 74,199 | 97,819 |
| Marine Bank | 940,310 | 947,031 | 141,199 | 133,231 |
| Atlantic Bank | 524,070 | 514,429 | 46,232 | 52,296 |
| Imp. & Trad's Bk. | 2,983,964 | 2,916,910 | 333,076 | 472,711 |
| Park Bank | 5,161,352 | 4,997,988 | 1,059,261 | 1,174,308 |
| Artisans' Bank | 989,155 | 993,220 | 165,682 | 119,506 |
| Mech. Bk'g Ass'n. | 744,200 | 728,762 | 76,728 | 58,488 |
| Grocers' Bank | 550,558 | 548,786 | 63,733 | 61,645 |
| North River Bank | 475,016 | [illegible] | 101,868 | 83,585 |
| N. Y. Dry Dock Co. | 411,544 | [illegible] | 49,646 | 46,607 |
| N. Y. Exch. Bank | 357,971 | [illegible] | 23,506 | 22,588 |
| Bull's Head Bank | 452,744 | 456,863 | 47,020 | 40,540 |
| N. Y. County Bk. | 430,291 | 427,384 | 40,488 | 34,510 |
| East River Bank | 328,585 | 325,809 | 36,664 | 33,545 |
| Manuf. & Mer. Bk. | 580,878 | 583,175 | 89,133 | 83,644 |
| Total | 127,613,507 | 127,562,848 | 23,286,204 | 23,171,838 |
| | Increase | $50,659 | Increase | $114,366 |

| Banks. | Circulation. March 24. | Circulation. March 17. | Deposits—Net. March 24. | Deposits—Net. March 17. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bk. of New-York | 404,659 | 411,951 | 2,789,271 | 2,827,202 |
| Manhattan Co. | 303,285 | 308,913 | 3,041,860 | 2,891,069 |
| Merchants' Bank | 170,704 | 172,158 | 3,263,378 | 3,519,780 |
| Mechanics' Bank | 285,819 | 292,084 | 2,182,664 | 2,290,469 |
| Union Bank | 212,208 | 219,336 | 2,218,993 | 2,198,688 |
| Bk. of America | 127,562 | 129,711 | 4,811,758 | 4,414,815 |
| Phenix Bank | 122,459 | 126,417 | 1,787,280 | 1,693,991 |
| City Bank | | | 1,259,057 | 1,552,016 |
| Tradesmen's Bk. | 254,644 | 242,174 | 689,608 | 701,836 |
| Fulton Bank | 174,714 | 173,615 | 1,096,090 | 1,107,015 |
| Chemical Bank | 335,008 | 336,140 | 2,096,289 | 2,067,934 |
| Merch. Exch. Bk. | 132,116 | 134,012 | 1,249,873 | 1,232,825 |
| National Bank | 143,723 | 146,662 | 979,824 | 963,520 |
| Butc. & Drov. Bk. | 201,508 | 201,834 | 1,274,425 | 1,218,364 |
| Mech. & Trad Bk. | 136,814 | 137,142 | 760,730 | 766,774 |
| Greenwich Bank | 159,254 | 155,516 | 522,082 | 518,837 |
| Leather Man. Bk. | 230,305 | 228,993 | 1,245,023 | 1,179,071 |
| Seventh Ward Bk. | 201,259 | 202,386 | 715,068 | 736,272 |
| Bk. St. New-York | 206,720 | 212,878 | 2,001,546 | 2,302,792 |
| Am. Exchange Bk. | 197,006 | 211,757 | 4,582,024 | 4,698,881 |
| Bk. of Commerce | 1,975 | 1,975 | 6,282,501 | 6,368,178 |
| Broadway Bank | 265,609 | 266,860 | 1,839,485 | 1,931,735 |
| Ocean Bank | 114,865 | 111,728 | 1,341,220 | 1,192,340 |
| Mercantile Bank | 31,685 | 33,392 | 1,998,568 | 2,117,373 |
| Pacific Bank | 128,113 | 127,824 | 812,413 | 832,736 |
| Bk. of Republic | 208,466 | 204,167 | 3,121,449 | 3,139,529 |
| Chatham Bank | 124,877 | 126,379 | 419,627 | 423,381 |
| People's Bank | 109,268 | 110,875 | 525,181 | 505,134 |
| Bank of N. Am. | 76,066 | 75,909 | 988,767 | 911,591 |
| Hanover Bank | 93,977 | 91,643 | 743,243 | 784,168 |
| Irving Bank | 126,151 | 125,164 | 587,150 | 625,797 |
| Metropolitan Bk. | 248,191 | 252,223 | 4,647,319 | 4,718,191 |
| Citizens' Bank | 159,087 | 145,333 | 530,873 | 532,281 |
| Nassau Bank | 127,986 | 127,631 | 1,054,456 | 1,099,751 |
| Market Bank | 208,389 | 203,256 | 1,075,911 | 1,054,289 |
| St. Nicholas Bank | 92,819 | 94,458 | 639,117 | 661,822 |
| Shoe & Leath Bk. | 74,984 | 79,599 | 2,330,598 | 2,971,998 |
| Corn Exch. Bank | 104,932 | 106,569 | 795,641 | 888,171 |
| Continental Bank | 186,150 | 187,736 | 1,910,598 | 2,023,401 |
| Bk. of Comm'w'lth | 223,953 | 226,423 | 985,059 | 939,123 |
| Oriental Bank | 102,081 | 103,290 | 358,641 | 394,465 |
| Marine Bank | 123,408 | 123,938 | 529,116 | 503,614 |
| Atlantic Bank | 74,265 | 74,155 | 262,195 | 262,541 |
| Imp. & Trad's Bk. | 197,559 | 199,784 | 1,781,946 | 1,878,330 |
| Park Bank | 182,957 | 188,171 | 4,160,108 | 4,102,747 |
| Artisans' Bank | 90,455 | 89,780 | 576,025 | 519,500 |
| Mech. Bk'g Ass'n. | 104,757 | 106,263 | 333,731 | 310,750 |
| Grocers' Bank | 54,827 | 55,427 | 345,354 | 337,051 |
| North River Bank | 75,191 | 77,453 | 390,195 | 389,052 |
| N. Y. Dry Dock Co. | 139,257 | 139,893 | 227,267 | 236,884 |
| N. Y. Exch. Bk. | 102,972 | 103,850 | 312,636 | 321,952 |
| Bull's Head Bank | 114,627 | 110,709 | 410,454 | 405,084 |
| N. Y. County Bk. | 90,209 | 88,456 | 314,824 | 306,894 |
| East River Bank | 81,459 | 81,685 | 231,271 | 240,002 |
| Manuf. & Mer. Bk. | 89,912 | 94,613 | 429,042 | 396,043 |
| Total | 8,335,266 | 8,380,999 | 82,107,419 | 82,998,123 |
| | Decrease | $45,733 | Decrease | $890,704 |

## GENERAL MARKETS.

New-York, Monday, March 26, 1860—6 P. M.

The reported receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last, have been 182 bbls. Ashes, 16,264 bbls. Flour, 1,920 bbls. Corn Meal, 38,236 bushels Corn, 110 bushels Rye, 3,971 bushels Oats, 992 bushels Malt, 1,747 packages Provisions, and 1,038 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Sales have been reported to-day, of 37 bbls. at $5 25 for Pots, and $6 for Pearls, ℘ 100 lbs.

BARK—Sales in Philadelphia, 50 hhds. No. 1 Quercitron, at $29 ℘ ton.

BRICKS—Common have been in good request, while other descriptions have been very moderately inquired for, at previous quotations.

COAL—Foreign is more abundant, and is obtainable at easier prices—including Liverpool House Cannel at $11, and Liverpool Orrel, at $9 ℘ chaldron—the tendency of prices being in favor of buyers. The demand, however, is restricted. Anthracite is in request, and is quoted firm at $5@$5 50 ℘ ton. The Philadelphia *Inquirer* remarks that: "The receipts by railroad have somewhat increased, and upon the opening of canal navigation, a more animated state of affairs is looked for in the Schuylkill and Lehigh region. There is very little inquiry from Eastern markets, and the opening rates have not yet been fixed. Sales of Lehigh, delivered at Mauch Chunk, at $1 90 ℘ ton. The boatmen on the Schuylkill Canal are demanding higher rates for freight than the dealers are willing to pay.

COFFEE—Sales have been reported to-day of 400 bags St. Domingo, on private terms.

COTTON—Has been dull and heavy to-day; sales 600 bales.

NEW-YORK CLASSIFICATION.

| | Upland. | Florida. | Mobile. | N. O. & Tex |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ordinary ℘ lb. | 8 | 8 | 8⅛ | 8¼ |
| Middling ℘ lb. | 11⅛ | 11¼ | 11⅜ | 11½ |
| Middling Fair ℘ lb. | 12¼ | 12⅜ | 12⅝ | 13⅛ |

EARTHENWARE—Limited transactions, at low prices, have been reported, in the regular way, this week. The auction sales have attracted most attention from buyers.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western brands of Flour have been in limited demand, to-day, at easier and declining prices. Sales have been reported of 6,000 bbls., including superfine State at $5 20@$5 25; ordinary to choice extra State at $5 30@$5 50, chiefly at $5 30@$5 40; inferior to choice superfine Wisconsin, Indiana, Michigan and Ohio, at $5 15@$5 30; extra Iowa and Wisconsin, at $5 35@$6 25; extra Illinois, Indiana and Michigan, at $5 40@$6 40; inferior extra Ohio, at $5 80@$5 85; round-hoop extra Ohio shipping brands, at $5 90@$6 10, chiefly within the range, ℘ bbl.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Superfine State | 5 20 | @ | 5 25 |
| Extra State | 5 30 | @ | 5 50 |
| Superfine Western | 5 15 | @ | 5 30 |
| Extra Iowa and Wisconsin | 5 35 | @ | 6 25 |
| Extra Illinois, Indiana and Michigan | 5 40 | @ | 6 40 |
| Inferior Extra Ohio | 5 80 | @ | 5 85 |
| Extra Ohio, Round Hoop, shipping brds. | 5 90 | @ | 6 10 |
| Extra Ohio, trade brand | 6 20 | @ | 7 00 |
| Fancy Genesee | 5 50 | @ | 5 60 |
| Extra Genesee | 6 00 | @ | 7 50 |
| Inferior to choice Extra Missouri | 6 25 | @ | 7 65 |

Southern Flour is depressed and lower. The reported sales reach 2,200 bbls. in lots, at $5 90@$6 20 for poor to good superfine Alexandria, Baltimore, &c.; and $6 25@$7 50 for fancy to choice extra brands ℘ bbl. Canadian is in demand, including inferior to very choice extra, chiefly at $5 40@$7 10 ℘ bbl. About 450 were sold within the range. Rye flour is quiet at $3 60@$4 40 for fine and superfine ℘ bbl. Corn Meal is moderately inquired for at $3 55@$3 65 for Jersey; $4 05@$4 10 for Baltimore, and $4 15 for Brandywine, ℘ bbl. Buckwheat Flour $1 62½@$1 75 ℘ 100 lbs.

GRAIN—Holders of Wheat are anxious to sell, but are not disposed to make such reductions in prices as would satisfy the principal purchasers. Hence the current movements are unimportant. A lot of White Canada was reported sold on private terms. Corn is plenty and depressed. Sales have been reported of 43,000 bushels, at 70c.@72c. for mixed Western, and 73c.@79c. for inferior to good white yellow Jersey and Southern, ℘ bush. Rye is quiet at old rates. Sales 1,500 bushels at 86c. ℘ bushel. Barley is in limited request at previous quotations. Sales, 10,540 bushels, at 85c. for prime Canada East, in store, and 80c. for State, ℘ bushel. Oats are moderately inquired for, including Canada, at 43c.@44c., the latter an extreme rate for small lots delivered; Western at 42½c.@43½c.; State at 43c.@44c.; Jersey and Pennsylvania at 39c.@41c.; Southern at 38c.@40c. ℘ bushel.

HIDES—Have been more active, at somewhat firmer prices. Week's receipts, 25,656 hides. Week's sales, 71,000 hides, including, according to Messrs. H. D. Hull & Co., 10,800 Dry Buenos Ayres and Montevideo, 21@23 lbs., at 25c., 6 months, usual selection; 2,000 Dry Montevideo, 21 lbs., at 24½c., 6 months, usual selection; 2,000 Dry Buenos Ayres, for export, 22½ lbs., at 24c., cash, in bond, usual selection; 300 Dry Buenos Ayres, for export to Canada, 21 lbs., at 25c., 6 mos., in bond, usual selection; 800 Dry Cordova, for export, 25 lbs., at 22c., cash, in bond, usual selection; 8,700 Dry Rio Grande, 20@21 lbs., at 21c., 6 months, usual selection; 1,000 Dry Rio Grande, for export, 21½ lbs., at 22½c., cash, in bond, usual selection; 7,300 Dry Orinoco, 21 lbs., at 22½c.@23c., 6 months, usual selection; 4,500 Dry California, to arrive, 23 lbs., on private terms; 2,700 Dry Porto Cabello, 21 lbs., at 21c.@21½c., 6 months, as they run; 1,100 Dry Mexican, via New-Orleans, 21 lbs., at 22c., 6 months, rejecting bad hides; 3,000 Dry Caracas, 25 lbs., on private terms; 4,100 Dry Texas, 23@25 lbs., at 18c.@19½c., 6 months, rejecting bad hides; 1,500 Dry Truxillo, 17 lbs., on private terms; 600 Dry Savanilla, 26 lbs., at 17½c., 6 months, rejecting bad hides; 1,150 Dry St. Domingo, 20 lbs., on private terms; Dry salted Maracaibo, for export, 32 lbs., at 16½c., 6 months, rejecting bad hides; 500 Dry and Dry salted Southern, at 14½c.@15½c., 6 months, rejecting bad hides; 6,500 Dry Buenos Ayres kips, 9@12 lbs., at 23½c.@25c., 6 months, usual selection; 1,500 Dry Penang Cow, 12 lbs., on private terms; 3,700 Wet salted California, 55 lbs., to arrive, on private terms; 600 Wet salted Texas, 55 lbs., on private terms; 5,000 Western Slaughter, for export, 60@70 lbs., at 9½c., cash; 1,000 Country Slaughter, 70 lbs., at 10c., 6 months; 300 Southern Slaughter, 44 lbs., at 8½c.@8¾c., cash. The stock on hand of Ox and Cow hides is 245,600, (same time last year, 46,000—year before, 252,200,) 378 bales Cow and Buffalo.

IRON—About 100 tons Scotch Pig changed hands, in lots, at $25 50@$26 ℘ ton, usual credit. In Philadelphia, sales have been made of 5,000 tons Anthracite Pig at $23@$23 50 for No. 1, the latter in a small way; $22 for No. 2, and $20@$21 for mottled and gray forge, all on the usual credit.

LEATHER—The movements in this line, during the week, Messrs. Waters & Weidersheim notice thus: "Hemlock Sole—A fair inquiry has prevailed at about previous notations. The trade generally hold their stocks with rather more firmness than hitherto; first-class buyers, however, find no difficulty in supplying their wants at prevailing figures. Oak Sole enjoys a moderate and steady demand at well-regulated prices. Weekly receipts of Sole Leather, about 35,000 sides. Upper in the Rough, of prime quality, has a slight upward tendency. Finished Stock remains quiet, at unchanged low rates. The Sole Leather tanners of New-York and Pennsylvania have organized a permanent association for the promotion of their prosperity in business; their next Convention will be holden in this City on the second Wednesday of August next. Boots and Shoes—A more firm feeling obtains among holders of well manufactured goods; the stocks in dealers' hands are only moderate."

MOLASSES—Sales to-day, 70 bbls. New-Orleans, at 45c.@47c; 200 hhds. Porto Rico at 40c., with 19 hhds. and 50 bbls. Cuba Muscovado, at 31c.@32c. ℘ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Tar and Turpentine have been quiet to-day, at former quotations. Resin has been in demand, including common at $1 62½ ℘ 310 lbs.

OILS—Transactions have been unimportant. Prices have not varied much.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been purchased to the extent of 2,400 bbls., in lots, at $17 75@$17 87 for new Mess; $17 25 for old Mess; $14 37@$14 50 for new Prime, and $12 50@$12 75 for old Prime, (the latter rate for heavy,) ℘ bbl. Cut Meats continue in demand, including Hams at 9c.@9¾c., and Shoulders at 7c.@7¼c. ℘ lb. Bacon is scarce and quiet, chiefly at 9½c.@ 11½c. ℘ lb. Lard is less active; sales have been reported of 300 tcs. and bbls., in lots, at 10¾c.@11½c. ℘ lb. Beef is in demand. We have heard of sales of 270 bbls., in lots, at $9@$10 25 for repacked Western Mess; $11@$12 50 for Western Mess; $5 25@$5 75 for Country Mess, extra, and $4 12½@$4 50 for Country Prime, ℘ bbl. Prime Mess, $16@$19 ℘ tierce. Beef Hams, $15@$16 ℘ bbl. Butter is in demand, at 14c.@22c. for State, and 11c.@15c. for Ohio, ℘ lb. Cheese is salable and steady, at 9½c.@13c. ℘ lb.

RICE—Sales have been reported to-day of 450 tcs., part for export, in lots, at $4@$4 50, chiefly within the range, ℘ 100 lbs.

SKINS—Goat have been more sought after. Deer have been quiet. Prices have favored buyers. We quote: *Goat*—Tampico, 36c.@37c.; Vera Cruz, 35c.@36c. ℘ lb.; Curacoa, No. 1, 70c.@80c.; Curacoa, No. 2, 40c.@45c.; Madras, 28c.@30c.; West Indies, 20c.@25c.; Buenos Ayres, 40c.@50c.; Cawnpore, 28c.@30c.; Maracaibo, 35c.@45c. each, 6 months. *Deer*—San Juan, 42c.@43c.; Bolivar, 28c.@30c.; Sisal, 40c.@42c.; Vera Cruz, 42c.@43c.; Chagres, 42c.@43c.; Porto Cabello and Barcelona, 33c.@35c.; Missouri, 25c.@27c.; Texas and Arkansas, 20c.@22c.; Florida, 21c.@23c. ℘ lb.

SUGARS—Have been in fair demand, at uniform rates; sales, to-day, 600 hhds., chiefly Cuba at 6c.@7¼c.; with 188 hhds. New-Orleans, (by auction,) at 6½c.@7 5-16c.; and 450 boxes Havana on private terms. Saturday's report, which was crowded out this morning, was as follows: "Have been more inquired for, and sales have been made of 1,700 hhds. chiefly Cuba, at from 6⅛c.@7¼c., with some Porto Rico, at 6¾c.@7⅛c.; 145 hhds. New-Orleans, (by auction,) at 6c.@6 11-16c.; 430 hhds. Melado, at 4½c.@5c.; and 150 boxes Havana, on private terms."

TALLOW—Sales 25,000 lbs., at 10½c.@10⅝c. ℘ lb.

WHISKY—Sales have been made of 450 bbls., chiefly at 22½c. ℘ gallon.

FREIGHTS—Engagements were limited to-day. For Liverpool, 150 bales Cotton at 9-32d. ℘ lb., with, by steamer, 900 boxes Cheese, and 50 firkins Butter, at 40s. For London, 50 tons Oil Cake at 22s. 6d., and 100 tons measurement goods at 27s. 6d. Saturday's report, crowded out this morning, was as follows: For Liverpool, the engagements included 400 packages Lard, at 75s.; 10,000 Staves, at 75s.; 75 bales Wool, at 5-16d.; with, by steamer, 22 bales Sea Island Cotton, at 9-16d.; 1,000 boxes Cheese, at 40s.; and 40 hhds. Tallow, at 35s. For London, 100 tierces Lard, at 30s.; and 400 tons Mahogany, at 30s. The latest charters, according to the *Shipping List*, have been: Bark *Mendi*, 321 tons, to West Coast of Africa and back, say 8 months voyage, at $500 ℘ month, to be victualled and manned by the charterers; two ships from Chincha Islands to Hampton Roads for orders, Guano, $15; a brig 250 tons, from Tonnala, Mexico, to a port in the British Channel, Mahogany, £4; one from same port to New-York, $9 on and under deck; British brig *Challenger*, to Rio de la Plata, Lumber, $16 50; a brig 200 tons, to St. Domingo and back, $1,550; a schooner 167 tons, same voyage, $1,350; one 147 tons, same, $1,300; one, 150 tons, same, $1,200; one, 150 tons, to Jamaica and back, $1,300; one, 150 tons, to Porto Rico and back, $1,200; a schooner 269 tons, to Havana, with privilege of one other port, and back to New-York, $2,000; a brig 240 tons, to North side Cuba and back, Sugar 38c., and Molasses $2 75 on deck; one 346 tons, to Trinidad, Cuba and back, 40c. and $3; a bark 349 tons, to St. Jago and back, 39c., and $2 75; bark *N. Boynton*, 437 tons, from Leghorn to New-York; bark *Susan Clark*, 209 tons, to Montevideo and Buenos Ayres, on terms not made public."

## NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THIS DAY PUBLISHED:
PLATO'S WORKS.
THE DIVINE AND MORAL WORKS OF PLATO.
Translated from the original Greek; with introductory dissertations and notes. First American, from the sixth London edition, carefully revised and corrected, from Sydenham and Taylor. Large 12mo. $1 25. Order of the booksellers, or send price and the return mail will bring you the work free of postage.
CALVIN BLANCHARD, Publisher,
No. 76 Nassau-st., New-York.

THIS DAY PUBLISHED:
THE RELIGION OF SCIENCE.
Neat 12mo, 87 cents. Mailed postage free. See advertisement in to-day's *Tribune*.
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INDISPENSABLE TO MEN IN ALL TRADES AND PROFESSIONS.
THE PAINTER, GILDER AND VARNISHER'S COMPANION, containing rules and regulations in everything relating to the arts of painting, varnishing and glass staining.
Contents.—Tools and Apparatus; Taylor's Indigo-Grinding Mill; Rawlinson's Indigo-Grinding Mill; Colors; White Lead, Ceruse and Flake White, Spanish or Bougival White Gypsum, White Chalk, Ivory Black, Lampblack, Charcoal Black, Vermillion, Red Lead, Carmine, Lake, Spanish Brown, Other Reds, Yellow Ochre, Massicot, Chrome Yellow, Patent Yellow, Orpiment, Naples Yellow, Yellow of Antimony, Yellow Pink, Prussian Blue Indigo, Ultramarine, Smalt, Zaffre, Azure, Saxon Blue, Blue Verditer, Verdigris, Italian Green, Saxon Green, Scheele's Green, Schweinfurt Green, Brunswick Green Green Verditer, Green Lake, Umber, New-Brown; Compound Colors, or colors arising from Mixture; Oils, Shellac Varnish, Redlac Varnish, Turpentine Varnish, Linseed Oil Varnish, Copal Varnish, Gold Colored Copal Varnish, Camphorated Copal Varnish, Copal Varnish in imitation of Tortoise-shell, Amber Varnish, Gum Elastic Varnish, Mastic Varnish, Varnish for Violins, White Hard Varnish, Varnishes for sailing and coarse wood work, Varnish for colored drawings, Varnish for glass, Black Varnish for old straw or chip hats, Varnish for drawings and card work, Changing Varnishes, Mordant Varnishes; General Observations on Varnishes, Polishes, Gilding Materials, Miscellaneous Materials, Grinding and Washing Colors, Cleanliness in Working, Practice of Painting, Practice of Varnishing and Polishing, Practice of Gilding; on Lacquering, Bronzing, Japanning, Foils, Fishoil Colors, Glass Staining, Harmony of Colors, Useful Receipts, Diseases and Accidents to which Painters are Liable, General Observations,
&c., &c., &c., &c., &c.
One vol., 12mo. Price 75 cents, by mail, free of postage.
HENRY CAREY BAIRD, Publisher,
Philadelphia.

## DANCING.

A DODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMIES,
No. 806 Broadway, New-York,
No. 137 Montague-place, Brooklyn.
CLASSES OPEN AT ALL TIMES FOR BEGINNERS.
Will continue open until June 1.

## PERSONAL.

MARY McDERMOT, OF KITTYCLAGER, County Leitrim, Ireland, wishes to hear from her Aunt Rosa Rooney, now Mrs. ——. Her address is Roslyn, Queens County, L. I., care of A. J. Hegeman, Esq.

## WEDDING & VISITING CARDS

AT EVERDELL'S.
These celebrated cards, splendidly engraved, can only be had—Broadway, corner Duane-st.

VULCANITE.
TO WORKERS IN IVORY, TORTOISE SHELL, HORN AND BONE.
This valuable new manufacture having been perfected in my extensive factory, I am now ready to supply orders to any extent equal to one ton daily.
My present stock embraces all the leading styles of combs of a quality admitted to be superior to any Vulcanite ever before introduced.
Cases of plates from 1-20th of an inch to one inch in thickness; size 12x20, 14x28, 12x24, adapted to great variety of purposes. Every trade and art supplied with this valuable article, adapted to their peculiar business. My intention is to supply all trades with stock, as well as to make it up myself.
Workers may rely upon a quiet use of this substance, as the article which I manufacture is not a monopoly.
HORACE H. DAY,
New-York, March 13, 1860. No. 23 Cortlandt-st.

## SITUATIONS WANTED.

### FEMALES.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTAble Protestant girls, one as laundress, the other as chambermaid and would assist in taking care of children or do plain sewing; they would prefer to live together; good references from their last places. Can be seen, for two days, if not engaged, at No. 217 East 23d-st., between 1st and 2d avs., in the milk dépôt.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A NEAT AND tidy girl, as chambermaid and waiter, or to do chamberwork, or to assist in the washing; she would have no objection to go as nurse; the best of City reference from her last situation. Call at No. 213 7th-av., between 24th and 25th sts., front room, second floor. Can be seen till suited.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS cook, by a young woman who thoroughly understands her business in all its branches; is an excellent baker of bread and pastry, and is willing to assist in washing and ironing, if required; best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 517 6th-av., between 30th and 31st sts., second floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS HOUSEKEEPER by an American lady, fully competent to take the entire charge of a gentleman's family; would have no objection to take charge of a house during the absence of the family in the country; best of references given. Call or address M. H., No. 47 East 34th-st., between 4th and Madison avs.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT WOMAN A SITuation as nurse, who has been in that capacity many years, and can take the entire charge of an infant from its birth. Has the best of City reference. Can be seen at her last situation for two days, No. 120 West 34th-st., near 7th av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT young woman, a situation as professed cook; can dress all kinds of game, jellies, desserts, pastry, snipe, baking, &c Best City reference given. Call at No. 294 6th-av., between 18th and 19th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN as a good plain cook; is willing to assist in washing and ironing, or to take a laundress' place; best of City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 66 East 33d-st., between 4th and Lexington avs., second floor, front rooms.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant woman; is an excellent cook and baker; would be willing to do plain washing if required; the best of City references. Call at No. 121 West 20th-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl as cook; understands the American and English styles; is an excellent baker and pastry cook; is willing to assist in the washing and ironing. Best of City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 80 4th-av., in the millinery store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as good cook; one that thoroughly understands her business; she is a good meat and pastry cook; also, a good baker of bread and biscuit, and all kinds of desserts; none but private families need apply; best of City reference. Apply, for two days, at No. 147 East 11th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN HONEST AND trustworthy girl, as chambermaid and seamstress; or would do waiting and chamberwork in a private family; is fully competent to fill either situation; has no objection to go to the country a short distance; can bring the best City reference. Apply at No. 144 West 25th st., between 7th and 8th avs., second floor, front room.

WANTED—IN A RESPECTABLE PRIVATE FAMily, a situation as cook; understands soups and meats, blancmanges and jellies, puddings and pies, and a good bread baker. The best of reference from her last place. Has no objection to go a short distance in the country. Call for two days at No. 191 4th-st., between 6th-av. and Macdougal-st., third floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman as cook, who perfectly understands her business; is an excellent baker; has no objection to go a short distance in the country, and is willing to assist in the washing and ironing; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 99 3d-av., corner of 13th-st., in the store.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT woman, a steady situation in some respectable family, as dressmaker; she is competent to cut and fit ladies' and children's dresses, and is a good operator on Wheeler & Wilson's sewing machine, which she would bring along if required. Good City reference. Can be seen at No. 121 East 29th-st.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO YOUNG girls—one as first-class cook, the other as waitress or chambermaid; have no objections to take care of grown children and do plain sewing; either will go a short distance in the country; best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 195 East 13th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as nurse and plain seamstress; is capable of taking charge of a very young infant; good City reference from her last place, where she has lived two and a half years. Apply at No 237 4th-av., between 19th and 20th sts. Can be seen for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT woman as first-class cook in a private family; one going to the country; understands all kinds of game, soups and desserts; with good City reference; can be seen at No 103 27th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., for two days.

WANTED—BY TWO RESPECTABLE GIRLS (sisters) situations in a small private family; one as plain cook, good washer and ironer: the other to do waiting or chamberwork, or would take care of a baby; both have the best of City reference, and can be seen for two days at No. 261 Livingston-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG ENGlish girl a situation as nurse; is of kind and attentive disposition; is a good seamstress, and willing to make herself useful; is a Protestant. Apply on second floor of No 119 9th-av., for two days, or a note addressed M. H., will be attended to.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO YOUNG WOmen; one as experienced cook, the other as laundress; both can come well recommended from their last place. Call at No. 85 West 19th-st., first floor, front room. Can be seen for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as first-class cook, who can take the entire charge of a kitchen, and assist with the washing, if required, best of City reference can be given. Call, for two days, at No. 170 Varick-st., second floor, front room.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, (SLIGHTLY colored,) a situation as nurse and seamstress; can speak and write French fluently; is of kind disposition and a very obliging girl. Can be seen at No. 424 Broadway, up stairs.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GERMAN WOMAN, A situation as chambermaid, or to do fine washing; would prefer to travel with a family to Europe. Call at No 217 Avenue A, between 14th and 15th sts., above the clothing-store, third floor, back room. Best of references given.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A SMART YOUNG girl, as waitress, who has lived in first-class families; or chambermaid and to do plain sewing, or take care of a child; best of City reference given. Call at No. 146 West 33d-st, for 2 days.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISH YOUNG WOMAN, a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or to do chamberwork and fine washing best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 156 West 17th-st., up stairs, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A PROTESTANT young woman, as chambermaid and plain sewer; has no objection to taking care of children; is kind and obliging; good reference given. Call at No. 99 East 22d-st., corner 3d-av.

WANTED—A PERMANENT SITUATION, BY AN American Protestant lady, competent to cut and make ladies' and children's dresses, and do all kinds of family sewing; good references given. Apply at No. 34½ 2d-av., between 10 and 5 o'clock.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A THOROUGHLY capable nurse; she can take the entire charge of a young infant or grown children; can do plain sewing; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 353 2d-av., between 22d and 23d sts.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOman, a situation as nurse and seamstress; can either take charge of an infant or growing children; has good references in the City. Can be seen at No. 63 20th-st., corner of 6th av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as cook, and would assist in the washing and ironing; good City reference can be given. Apply at No. 67 West 18th-st., 1st floor, back room. Can be seen for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as chambermaid and laundress; is an excellent washer and ironer. The best of City reference can be given. Call at No. 118 West 27th-st. Can be seen for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WIDOW WOman, a situation to take care of a gentleman's house for the summer. Can give the best of City reference. Apply to No. 67 West 18th st., first floor, back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG WOMAN, as experienced nurse and seamstress, or would do sewing and light chamberwork; understands cutting and fitting and embroidery; gives the best of City reference. Call at No. 193 West 20th-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman; is a good plain cook, washer and ironer; well recommended from her last place. Can be seen for two days at 80 4th-av., in the millinery-store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl as a good plain cook, washer and ironer; good City reference. Call at No. 224 West 25th st., between 8th and 9th avs., top floor, back room.

WANTED—BY TWO PROTESTANT YOUNG girls, situations as chambermaids and waitresses in a private family; have good reference. Call at No. 221 Varick-st., in the rear, for two days.

WANTED—BY A GOOD HARD WORKING SERvant, a situation to cook, wash and iron, or to do general housework; is honest, clean and capable; has good reference. Apply at No. 424 Broadway, up stairs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A SITUAtion as nurse or chambermaid; is a good plain sewer and embroiderer. Has good City reference. Call for two days, at No. 92 9th-av., 2d floor, front room.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as chambermaid and to assist in washing and ironing, or as waitress. The best of City reference can be given. Can be seen at 75 East 36th-st.

WANTED—BY A SMART, TIDY GIRL, A SITUAtion to do chamberwork and waiting; can give good City reference. Apply for three days, at No. 184 7th-av., between 22d and 23d sts., back room.

WANTED—TWO PROTESTANT GIRLS AT NO. 157 Bleecker-st., as laundress and waitress; none need apply but those that understand the business. Apply from 12 to 2 o'clock.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUAtion as laundress or as chambermaid and fine washer. The best of City reference; can be seen at No. 68 20th-st, corner 6th-av.

A COMPETENT DRESSMAKER WOULD like to engage the work of one or two families, by the day or week; she understands cutting and fitting ladies' and children's dresses. Call, for two days, at No. 460 2d-av., between 25th and 26th sts., in the fancy-store.

GOOD FEMALE AND MALE FRENCH, German and other servants, at Nos. 13 and 14 Bible House, 8th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.; also, first-class French and other cooks. French, German and Italian languages spoken. A lady in attendance.

## SITUATIONS WANTED.

### FEMALES.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTable young women; one is a first-rate cook and an excellent washer and ironer; the other to do chamberwork and take care of children, or chamberwork and assist with the washing and ironing, or would do waiting; they can give the best of City reference from their last place. Can be seen, till suited, at No. 222 1st-av., between 13th and 14th sts., third floor, front room.

WANTED—EMPLOYERS OF FEMALE SERvants, in City and country, are respectfully solicited to call and secure respectable, experienced and well-recommended Protestant and other help, at wages to suit all, at WESLEY'S first-class female office, No. 231 4th-av., near 22d-st.; a lady in attendance. 12 smart Protestant girls, and an English or Scotch monthly nurse wanted immediately.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN A SITUAtion as cook; she thoroughly understands her business, and is capable of taking the entire charge of a kitchen, and has no objections to assist at washing; has the best of City reference from her last place, where she has lived 4 or 5 years. Call at 512 2d-av., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as waitress, or would do chamberwork and waiting in a small private family; can produce the best of reference from last place. Call for two days, at No. 268 7th-av., between 27th and 28th sts., 2d floor, back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A STEADY, REspectable young woman, as cook; understands cooking in all its branches; has been only a few months in this country; has lived with the best of English families; the best of references. Call for two days, at No. 260 31st-st, between 9th and 10th avs., first back room.

WANTED—BY A TRUSTWORTHY AND WELL-disposed Protestant young woman, fully competent for her duties, a situation as cook washer and ironer, or general housework; makes good bread, cake and pies; no objection to the country. Apply at No. 378 6th-av., first floor, front.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS waitress by a most respectable young woman, who perfectly understands her business, or as laundress alone; can do French fluting, &c, in excellent style; no objections to the country. Has good City reference. Apply, for two days, at No. 62 4th-av., near 10th-st.

WANTED.—A PROTESTANT WOMAN DESIRES a situation as seamstress; would wait on a lady or grown up child; can do all kinds of family sewing; can cut and fit children's dresses; would like to travel with a family going to Europe; good reference if required. Call at No. 53 6th-av., between 4th and Washington sts., in the fancy store, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE young woman; is a first-class cook and a most excellent baker of bread and pastry; understands making all kinds of soups, jelly and deserts; is capable of taking proper charge of a kitchen. Can be seen at No 81 King-st., between Varick and Hudson-sts.; best of reference; can be seen for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE ENGLISH person a situation as seamstress, or as nurse and seamstress; can cut and fit children's dresses and do all kinds of plain sewing. Good reference given. No objection to the country. Can be seen for two days at No. 254 7th av., third floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant young woman, as cook in a private family; she is a competent, good cook, who quite understands her business, and can give the best City reference from her last place. Call at No. 103 West 16th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., front basement.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman as first class cook; understands her business thoroughly; will assist with washing and ironing; best of City reference given from her last place. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 195 7th-av., near 23d-st., in the milliner's.

WANTED—BY A STEADY, RESPECTABLE GIRL a situation as excellent cook; makes the best of bread, cakes and pies of all kinds; would assist in the washing and ironing; is careful and attentive. Has the best of reference from her last place. No objection to the country. Call at No 129 Waverley-place.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as cook, washer and ironer, or to do general housework; is a first rate cook, and an excellent washer and ironer; is neat in her kitchen; City reference; no objections to the country. Call at No. 73 Bleecker-st., near Broadway.

WANTED.—AN AMERICAN WOMAN WISHES to engage to go out by the day, week, or month, as first-class seamstress; understands sewing in all its branches, or would take a permanent situation as seamstress, and assist in light chamberwork; is willing to make herself useful. Can be seen at No. 3 Madison-st., near Pearl.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT, TIDY GIRL, with excellent City reference, a situation as chambermaid and laundress; does up linen and muslin in style; or as waitress and chambermaid, takes charge of the silver and dining-room; wages, $7. Call at No. 216 East 23d st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN, A situation as first-class cook, who understands cooking in all its branches; wages moderate; has from four to five years' City reference. Can be seen, until engaged, at No. 62 4th-av., near 9th-st., up stairs.

WANTED.—A RESPECTABLE ENGLISHWOMAN wishes to obtain a situation as cook and housekeeper; she has a perfect knowledge of her business and has the best of City references. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 148 East 31st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman, who has a sewing machine, as seamstress in a private family; can do all kinds of family sewing; best City reference. Apply at No. 312 West 33d-st., second floor.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOMAN a situation to wait on a lady and to do sewing; understands French fluting and doing up laces. Has the best of City references. Call at No. 263 1st-av., between 15th and 16th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, as waiter; is willing to assist with chamberwork if required. Can produce the best City reference from her last employer. Call at No. 462 6th-av., corner of 28th-st.; to be seen for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN A SMALL PRIVATE family, by a respectable young woman, to cook, wash and iron; she understands her business perfectly well, and has good City reference. Call at No. 77 West 27th-st., between 6th and 7th avs, 2d floor, back room.

WANTED—FOR AN HONEST, RESPECTABLE young woman a situation as nurse and seamstress, or chambermaid and seamstress in a small family. Can be seen at No. 46 East 20th-st., between Broadway and 4th-av.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOman, a situation as nurse and seamstress, and to wait on a lady, or to assist with children; good reference given. Call at No. 158 East 22d-st., fourth floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUAtion as seamstress; can cut and fit children's dresses, and do all kinds of family sewing; has the best of reference. Can be seen at No. 400 2d-av., between 25th and 26th sts., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT young woman, as waitress in a first-class family; she understands her business thoroughly; has the best of City reference. Call or address, No. 49 University-place.

WANTED—SITUATIONS IN ONE HOUSE BY two girls; one as cook, washer and ironer; the other as chambermaid or assistant in washing and ironing, or nurse and seamstress. Call for three days at No. 106 East 22d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK, BY A REspectable woman, who thoroughly understands her business in all its branches; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 165 East 11th-st., third floor, back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG WOman, with the best of City reference, as waitress in a private family. Can be seen for two days. Apply at No 89 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl as nurse in a private family; has good City reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 462 6th-av., first floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman to cook, wash and iron, in a small private family. Good City reference Call for two days at No. 43 East 16th-st., between 1st and 2d avs., top floor, back room.

WANTED—SITUATIONS AT BOOKHAM'S, NO. 149 Grand-st.; a colored seamstress; a German chambermaid; two sisters as cook and fine laundress, and other desirable servants. C. BOOKHAM has no up-town agency.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman as waitress in a private family; best of City references given. Apply at 123 West 20th-st., top floor.

ALL FAMILIES WANTING GOOD SERvants—German, Irish, Scotch, English, &c.—call at the Institute and Home of Domestics, No. 138 11th-st., corner of 6th-av. This extensive place has abundance of civil, capable help, to suit all, at moderate wages. Conducted by a respectable American lady. Call and see.

## HELP WANTED.

WANTED—BY A PRIVATE FAMILY A FIRST-class cook, who has a thorough knowledge of cooking in all its branches, and who can make butter; also an experienced laundress. Only such as can bring good City references need apply at No. 37 10th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., before 11 o'clock Tuesday.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED FARMER, WITH capital enough to pay for half the stock, &c., to work on shares a farm of 70 acres of excellent land in Washington County, N. Y.; an American or a Scotchman preferred. Inquire of HAWLEY & GLOVER, No. 19 Wall st.

WANTED—A STEADY WOMAN AS LAUNdress in a private family; she must understand her business thoroughly and be willing to render herself otherwise useful in the family. Apply between the hours of 9 and 12 A. M., at No. 29 Lafayette-place.

WANTED—A COMPETENT WAITER. HE MUST bring City reference, and be willing to go to the country with the family for the Summer. Apply, before 12 o'clock, at No. 3 Washington-square.

WANTED—AN HONEST AMERICAN OR ENGlish girl to assist in housework in a family of two, and to work on vests; one wishing to learn the trade preferred. Call at No. 65 Perry-st., front door; wages from $4 to $6.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT NURSE AND seamstress, with good City reference; English preferred. Apply at No. 179 West 11th-st., between 9½ and 11½ o'clock.

WANTED—A GERMAN OR IRISH BOY 15 TO 17 years of age, to assist in a green house and garden; one who has had some experience preferred. Apply to J. W. FAULKNER, No. 459 Broadway, corner Grand-st.

WANTED—AGENTS WHO HAVE HAD EXPERIence in exhibiting engravings or works of art. Address, for full particulars, S. CLOUGH, Agent, Providence, R. I.

WANTED—A SEAMSTRESS WHO HAS SOME experience in dress making. Apply at No. 82 East 16th-st., from 8 until 11 o'clock.

COACHMAN AND GROOM WANTED.—APply at No. 45 Broad-st., to morrow, between the hours of 12 M. and 2 o'clock P. M.

$100 PER MONTH MADE BY ANY ONE with $10 stencil tools. Address
JOHN MILLIKEN, Lawrence, Mass.

## SITUATIONS WANTED.

### MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FOREMAN ON A farm, by a steady, active man, having fifteen years' experience; is a Protestant, with no incumbrance, and understands farming in all its various branches; is a first-rate plowman, seedsman and stocker; also understands the management of a dairy stock, and the raising of young cattle of every description, and can train horses to saddle or harness; can procure most satisfactory references as to character, capability and wages. Letters addressed to WM. M. TENNEY, Newtown, L. I., will be attended to.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A YOUNG ENGLISH man and wife, without incumbrance, (Protestants,) the man as groom and coachman in a private family; has had 18 years' experience among horses, and understands his business thoroughly; also, the woman would be willing to go as cook in the same family; have good reference from their late employer, and can be seen for two days at Mr. Trainor's harness store, No. 654 Broadway; or a letter addressed W. P. will be attended to.

WANTED—SITUATIONS TOGETHER IN THE country, by an English Protestant man and his wife, without incumbrance; the man as coachman and assistant gardener; perfectly understands the care and management of horses; the wife as laundress or nurse, or would take care of milk and butter. Have the best of City reference. Can be seen at the Employment Agency of the Protestant Episcopal Brotherhood, No. 124 4th-av., near 12th-st., from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS gardener, by a single man, who thoroughly understands his business in all its different stages and departments, with the best of testimonials as to capability and habits; he feels confident to say as a plantsman and grape grower he is not afraid to suit the strictest amateur of the day. Address JULES LACHENME, Landscape Gardener and Florist, 821 Broadway, New-York.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a man without any family but his wife; he is of middle age, and has many years' practice in this country; he is a good landscape gardener and understands his business well; he is also a good farmer as well as gardener, and can come with the best of references for capability, honesty and sobriety. Address S. W., No. 9 John-st., in the seed-store.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a respectable young man, competent in every respect to suit a first class family, and can produce undoubted testimonials as such from his last employer, where he has lived for a number of years, in this City. Call at Mr. LOWDEN'S saddlery store, No. 79 Bleecker-st., or address COACHMAN, for two days.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION, BY A single man who well understands his business in its different branches with green-house, graperies and all other fruiting trees, together with the planting of shrubberies and the laying out of flower grounds and serpentine walks; has gained several prizes for vegetables. Any parties in want of such a person may address J. F., No. 15 John st., New-York.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER, BY a man, having no family but his wife; has lived about 16 years in Massachusetts with the most respectable gentlemen; also, lived in the largest places around this City, and has the best of characters and references to produce, and knows his business to perfection. Address P. M. L., Box No. 170 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT MAN, A SITUAtion as coachman and groom; who understands the management and care of horses and carriages; is steady and sober; a careful driver; no objections to go a short distance in the country; the best of City and country reference. Address, for two days, COACHMAN, Box No. 178 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A COACHMAN, A SITUATION IN a private family; is a Protestant; understands his business perfectly, and is willing to do it; has the best of City reference; will be found worth looking after, and wishes a permanent situation. Can be seen for two days at Mr. Graham's saddlery story, No. 66 University place.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A THOROUGH-bred gardener; fully posted in every department, with the very best of references; whose wife can act as seamstress, fine washer and ironer, or take charge of dairy, (any or all three, if necessary. A note addressed to J. M. J., Box No. 197 *Times* Office, will be promptly attended to.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG MAN, a situation as groom and coachman in a private family; has had many years experience among horses, and understands his business thoroughly; has good City reference from his late employer. A letter addressed to W. M., Box No. 193 *Times* Office, for two days, will be attended to.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND gardener, by a Protestant young married man; has no objection to going a short distance in the country. Can give undoubted testimonials as to honesty, sobriety, industry, and capability. Address, or call for one week, on JOHN FRAZER, No. 109 East 13th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as vegetable gardener; understands the raising of all kinds of vegetables; also, understands the care and management of horses; understands his business in both branches. Can come well recommended. Address J. D., Box No. 195 *Times* Office, for three days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY A man who is *really* a gardener. None but those requiring a first-class professional gardener and who are willing to give liberal terms and good recommendation need apply. Address to or apply for E. M. C., at J. C. Thorburn's, No 15 John-st., New-York.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A SOBER, steady man, as coachman and vegetable gardener; understands the care and management of horses; is a good and careful driver; will be found careful and willing to make himself generally useful around. Address R. F., Box No 195 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION, BY A single man, who thoroughly understands his business, greenhouse, graperies, fruit, vegetables, laying out and keeping grounds in order; best City references from his last employer. Address W. S., at Mr. Smith's seed store, No. 64 White-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GERMAN MAN, A situation as vegetable gardener and farmer; the advertiser is married and has a small family; best of references can be produced from his last employer. Address W. G., 9 John-st., in the seed store, for 2 days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MAN AND HIS wife, in a private family in the country—the man as coachman and the woman as chambermaid and waitress; both understand their business thoroughly and can give the best of reference. Address B. S., Box No. 182 *Times* Office.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A MAN AND wife, without children; the man as farmer, vegetable gardener, coachman and groom; the wife as cook, laundress, dairymaid, &c. have first-class reference. Man would go out single, if suited. Call or address, for this week BRADLEY, No. 289 West 33d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FARMER, BY A married man, and wife without any family; he understands farming work in general; also a vegetable garden; the wife can do housework in general, and also the care of a dairy. Address P. C., Box No. 218 *Times* Office, for two days. Has good reference.

WANTED—BY A VERY RESPECTABLE MAN, a situation as coachman; he thoroughly understands the diseases of horses, which will be seen in his City testimonials; is willing and capable to make himself useful; has no objection to go a short distance in the country. Address P F., No. 131 East 35th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY a man who thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; is a good, careful driver; would have no objections to the country; has the best of City reference from where he lived for the last five years. Address T. D., Box No. 199 *Times* Office, for 2 days.

WANTED.—A YOUTH, ENTIRELY DEPENDENT on his own exertions, is desirous of immediate employment; first-class City references and recommendations as to honesty, &c.; writes well both English and German; age 17. Address JOHN SCHLIENG, care of W Hurlburt, Esq., Editor New York *Times*.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY a married man, who perfectly understands his business in all its branches; has good City reference; no objections to the country. A note addressed to T. H. C., Box No. 190 *Times* Office, for 2 days, will be attended to.

WANTED—BY A PRACTICAL GERMAN GARdener, who has been six years in this country, a situation as vegetable or flower gardener; the best of references can be given. Inquire from 9 to 4 o'clock, of Mr. HAMPT, florist, corner of Broadway and Amity-st., New-York.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE YOUNG MAN A SITuation as coachman and gardener; is a careful driver and a good vegetable gardener; can milk and has good reference; his last employer may be seen daily, at the Broadway Bank. Any person wanting such may address F. K., Box No. 199 *Times* Office, for three days.

WANTED—BY A SCOTCHMAN, A SITUATION to drive a carriage and make himself generally useful about the house; is a good waiter and very handy; has good reference. Apply at No. 424 Broadway, up stairs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY A respectable man who perfectly understands his business, and has the best of City reference; no objection to the country. Address P. M., Box No. 190 *Times* Office.

WANTED.—A GENTLEMAN IS DESIROUS OF procuring a good situation for his coachman. He is a first rate groom and driver; he is honest, sober and can be trusted implicitly. Call at No. 96 East 13th-st., between 3d and 4th-avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER, BY A single man; he truly understands his business; is capable of keeping a gentleman's place in order; is not afraid of work. Has good City reference. Address J. B., Box No 188 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY A young man who understands his business. Has no objection to take charge of a small vegetable garden. Has good City reference. Address M. C. L., Box No. 188 *Times* Office for two days

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT SINGLE YOUNG man, a situation as waiter, who thoroughly understands his business in all its branches, has good City reference, no objections to the country. Can be seen for three days, at No. 62 4th-av., near 9th st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN A private family by a respectable single young man; he understands his business thoroughly, and has good City reference to that effect. Address J. H., No. 713 1st-av., in the drug store, near corner 17th-st., New York.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY A respectable man who perfectly understands his business, and has the best of City reference; no objection to the country. Address D. D., Box No. 199 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as gardener; has got eight years' experience of the business; the best of reference given; call at No. 876 Broadway and No. 155 West 37th-st. Can be seen for three days. J. G.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN; UNderstands his business; has no objection to City or country. Address, for two days, J. G., at Mr. P. Treanor's, No. 654 Broadway.

WANTED.—A MARRIED MAN DESIRES A SITuation as traveling agent, collector, or any other respectable situation in the City or elsewhere; best of City references; security also given if required. Address HALL, Box No. 115 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER BY ONE who fully understands his business and can come well recommended from his last employer. Address L. G., No. 900 Broadway.

BOOK-KEEPER OR CASHIER.—WANTED, immediate employment by a young man, a thorough double entry book-keeper; experienced in business generally; best of City references. Address for three days, CASHIER, Box No. 163 *Times* Office.

## SITUATIONS WANTED.

### MALES.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG AMERICAN OF steady, industrious habits and good education, (speaks French fluently,) a situation in any business where the above qualities would command a living; would take the position of janitor or watchman of a school or building; suitable references. Address E. H., Box No. 101 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS MAN AND wife, having one child, with unexceptionable references a situation in the country to take charge of a gentleman's seat, farm, &c.; understands farming in all its branches—the care and raising of stock, milking, &c.; is a good plain gardener; the wife a first-class dairywoman; will take charge of poultry, &c. Can be seen at, or address L. R. S, 133 West 13th-st., near 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY a man of temperate habits, who thoroughly understands the management and care of horses; is a very careful driver; would have no objection to go a short distance in the country, and has the best of City reference. Address J. D., Box No 213 *Times* Office, or call at No. 198 East 21st-st., third floor, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom, by a steady, competent young man, who thoroughly understands his business; is one of the best grooms in the City; has been a thorough servant for many years. Can give the best of City reference as to capability and sobriety. Can be seen between the hours of 3 and 5 o'clock, for one week, at Mr. Disney's harness-store, No. 125 4th-av.; or address R. M.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A MAN AND HIS wife, the man as practical gardener and farmer, understands thoroughly the draining of wet lands; the wife understands laundry and dairy business thoroughly; have two children, but would go with one; have the best of testimonials. Address J. REDOCK, Florist, 2d-av., between 19th and 20th sts., for A. C.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS cook, by a Frenchman of great experience both in Europe and this country. He speaks English fluently, and would take charge of a hotel, restaurant or saloon, or would take a place as baker or pastry cook. Good recommendations if required. Address J. L., Box No. 205 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDINER BY A single man, who is competent to take charge of green-house plants, grapevines, flower grounds, vegetables, and all kinds of garden-fruits annexed with their propagation; has good reference. Call or address for two days, J. D., at Mr. Bridgeman's seed-store, corner of 18th-st. and Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A SOBER, TRUSTworthy Protestant young man; he is a good gardener and experienced coachman and groom; can take charge of a gentleman's place; is willing to make himself useful in either capacity; has the best of reference from his last employer. Call at No 275 Bowery.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN AS coachman and groom; no objection to take charge of a small vegetable garden if required, or make himself generally useful; understands his business in all its branches; can come well recommended from his last place. Address S. M. C., Box No. 212 *Times* Office.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A RESPECTABLE man and wife; the man as practical gardener or coachman; the woman as cook, chambermaid or waitress; both understand their business perfectly, the best of referenes. Apply at No. 170 34th-st., near 8th-av., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN A private family by a single young man; can take full charge of dinner; has the best of reference for honesty, sobriety, and good temper; will be found willing and obliging. No objection to city or country. Address JOHN, for two days, at Mr. Green's drug-store, corner 14th-st., and Broadway.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A MAN AND HIS wife; the man as vegetable gardener and farmer; understands the care of horses, cattle, &c.; the woman is a good plain cook, and first-rate dairy woman; can give the very best references. Address C. B. H., Box No 202 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE PROTESTANT MAN, a situation as farmer and plain gardener; perfectly understands the care of horses, can drive, can milk cows and is willing to make himself useful about a gentleman's place. Has good reference. Can be seen at No. 124 4th av., near 12th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND gardener, by a single man; he truly understands vegetable gardening in all its various departments, outdoor flowering, and keeping a place in order; the best of City references. Address, for two days, W. C., Box No. 188 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION as coachman and groom; is a good steady and careful driver, and perfectly understands his business; has the very best of City and country references. Apply to K. I., Box No. 206 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG ENGlishman as waiter in a first-class family; he thoroughly understands his business and has the best City references; town or country, or to travel. Call or address F. M., No. 102 13th-st., near 3d-av., for 2 days.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION as coachman; is a good, steady and careful driver, and understands his business; would help in the garden, and is not afraid of work; the best of reference. Address J. M., Box No. 210 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG AMERICAN MAN, A situation as coachman or farmer; willing to make himself generally useful. Address L. G., Box 194 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN; is a good penman, and would make himself generally useful to his employer if required. Address B. C. A., Box No 183 *Times* Office.

## MUSICAL.

HALLET & CUMSTON'S
PARLOR GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS,

Known for the past thirty years as among the best in the world. Made with full iron frames, of the choicest material, and in the highest style of finish, they will withstand the action of every climate, and stand in tune under constant use a great length of time. Fully guaranteed. Lowest factory prices.

Second hand Pianos, good makes, and in good condition, for $75, $100, $140, $165.

New and second-hand Pianos to rent; rent applied if purchased.

A. M. KANOUSE,
No. 435 Broadway.

STEINWAY & SONS
PATENT OVERSTRUNG GRANDS
AND SQUARE PIANOS

Are now considered the Best Pianos manufactured. Opinion of nearly all the greatest and most prominent Musicians and Artists regarding these Instruments:

The undersigned, having personally examined and practically tested the improvement in Grand Pianos, invented by H. STEINWAY, in which the covered strings are overstrung above those remaining, do hereby certify:

1. That as a result of the said improvement the voice of the Piano is greatly improved in quality, quantity and power.

2. The sound by Steinway's improvement is much more even, less harsh, stronger, and much better prolonged, than that realized in any other Piano with which we are acquainted.

3. The undersigned regard the improvement of Mr. Steinway as most novel, ingenious and important. No Piano of similar construction has ever been known or used, so far as the undersigned know or believe:

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|---|---|
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IMPROVED OVERSTRUNG, IRON FRAME, PIANOS.
An elegant overstrung, iron frame, 7-octave, carved Piano $365.
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Second-hand Pianos, in good repair, at $75, $95, $96, $100, $110, $125, $135, $150 and $175.
Pianos hired. Allowance on hire if purchased.

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Manufacturers of
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Warerooms, No 694 Broadway.
C. & Sons have been awarded Thirty-five Prize Medals for the superiority of their manufacture for the past 35 years.
Also, for sale:
MASON & HAMLIN'S SUPERIOR
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For Parlors, Churches, Vestries and Lodges,
At Wholesale and Retail.
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Purchasers may rely upon these instruments. They are warranted for five years, and the prices moderate.

A NEW INSTRUMENT.
TRIOLODEON Warerooms, No. 618 Broadway,
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Highest Testimonials of
THALBERG & VIEUXTEMPS,
Large Silver Medal at a late Fair.

J. M. PELTON,
Nos. 841 and 843 Broadway, New-York,
First-class PIANOS, MELODEONS and HARMONIUMS, fully warranted, at the lowest prices. PIANOS and MELODEONS to let, or sold on installments.

NEW AND SECOND-HAND PIANO-FORTES AT REDUCED PRICES.—The undersigned, having been engaged nearly 40 years in the manufacture of piano-fortes, have now for sale some of their very superior instruments, both as regards tone and finish. These instruments are warranted to stand in any climate, and will be sold very cheap for cash. Also, a number of second-hand pianos in good order, very low.
WM. HALL & SON, No. 543 Broadway,
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HAINES BROS., MANUFACTURERS OF superior piano-fortes at low prices, wholesale and retail Salesroom No. 626 Broadway, (next to Laura Keene's.) Manufactory corner of 2d-av. and 21st-st. Warerooms in Brooklyn, No. 296 Fulton-st. Piano to rent, with privilege of purchase.

BANJO TAUGHT.—BANJO TAUGHT AT THE pupil's residence in New-York or Brooklyn, making the pupil a performer in a course of lessons, $5. Single lessons 50 cents. Address, G. C. D., Box No. 208 *Times* Office.

HALLET, DAVIS & CO.'S GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS, long known as the best Pianos made, PRATT'S MELODEONS. Good second-hand pianos very low. Pianos and Melodeons to let.
T. S. BERRY, No. 458 Broadway,
Marble Building corner Grand-st.

HAZLETON BROS., PIANO-FORTE MANufacturers, No. 99 Prince-st., offer a fine assortment of brilliant and full-toned Pianos, at the lowest rates. Warranted to give satisfaction; guaranteed for three years.

A. H. GALE & CO., PIANO-FORTES, NO. 107 East 12th-st., invite attention to their new Scale Pianos. Guaranteed to give entire satisfaction.

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LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY (corner Grand-st.)
Have just received, per Steamers,
TEN CASES LATEST DESIGNS
SCOTCH AND FRENCH EMBROIDERIES,
Which, in addition to their present large Stock,
will comprise the most desirable
ASSORTMENT OF THE SEASON,
Retailed at
MUCH BELOW REGULAR PRICES!
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.,
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FASHIONABLE DRESS GOODS.
1,000 Barege Anglais Robes.
1,000 Grenadine and Crepe de Paris Robes.
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Just received per Steamers and from Auction.
AT VERY LOW PRICES.
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SUPERIOR FAMILY LINENS,
Sheetings, Shirtings, Towelings, Damasks and Pure Linen Goods of every description,
MUCH BELOW USUAL PRICES!
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Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY (corner Grand-st.)
Have just received per steamers,
1,000 ELEGANT SILK ROBES,
Latest Paris Styles, 5, 7 and 9 Flounces.
ALSO,
20 CASES—
RICH LYONS DRESS SILKS,
Stripes, Chene, Brocades, Figures, &c., &c.
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.
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LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 255, 257, 259 and 261 GRAND-ST.
ARE NOW OFFERING AT RETAIL,
AT LOW PRICES,
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
CARPETINGS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
Including J. CROSSLEY & SON'S Spring Style of Tapestries, Velvets, Medallions, Brussels, &c.

NO. 691 BROADWAY,
BETWEEN AMITY AND 4TH STS.
WILKES & MOYNAN
WILL OPEN ON MONDAY, MARCH 26,
10,000 yards English Barege, at 1s. per yard, worth 1s.6d
ALSO, a full assortment of Traveling Dress Goods.
ALSO, another invoice of those fine French Kid Gloves, at 5s. per pair.
Two more cases White Brilliant, 1s. per yard.
Two more cases Printed Brilliant, 1s. per yard, worth 1s. 6d.
A complete assortment of Ladies' Gents' and Children's Hosiery and Summer vests.

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WILKES & MOYNAN
WILL OPEN ON MONDAY, MARCH 26,
100 pieces French Silks at 4s. 6d per yard.
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All of which were purchased at auction 25 per cent. less than cost of importation.

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FLOUNCED BAREGE ROBES,
Rich Colorings and Designs, $5 75; worth $12.
BAREGE ANGLAIS AND FRENCH BAREGES,
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POPLINS, LUSTRES AND CHALLIES.
LACE AND SILK MANTLES, new designs.
CLOAKS, SACKS AND DUSTERS, in Summer cloth.
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Also, Lace Curtains, Draperies, and all descriptions of Linen Housekeeping Goods.
C. G. HOOK,
Nos. 108 and 110 6th-av.,
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ELEGANT NEW MANTILLAS,
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WILL BE EXHIBITED THIS WEEK,
BY
W. D. ELLIOTT & CO.,
Nos 294 and 296 CANAL-ST.,
BRANDRETH BUILDINGS.
Including
NEW CLOTH SHAWLETTES,
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And an immense variety of
RICH BLACK SILK MANTILLAS,
OF
THE LATEST PARIS STYLES,
And at STRICTLY MODERATE PRICES.

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ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO. will exhibit, at Retail, their Paris MANTILLAS and CLOAKS, together with those of their own manufacture, on Thursday, March 29.
Also:
A large assortment of real India CAMELS'-HAIR SHAWLS and SCARFS.
Canal-st., corner of Mercer, New-York.

JAMES TUCKER
Has removed his retail trade in
PARIS FLOWERS, FEATHERS,
BRIDAL SETS AND GARNITURES,
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Two doors above 8th-st., under Clinton Hotel.
Wholesale and Retail at No. 361 as usual.

SILKS LOWER THAN EVER!!!
LeBOUTILLIER BROTHERS
Have purchased largely, at extraordinarily low prices, and can sell
NEW AND DESIRABLE SILKS
MUCH LESS THAN THEY COST TO IMPORT.
Also,
Grisailles, gray dress goods of new and fashionable materials
STELLA SHAWLS,
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ZEPHYR SHAWLS of all kinds.
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Near Broadway.

E. WILLIAMS & CO.,
Successors to Peter Roberts, No. 429 Broadway,
Have opened a large and rich assortment of
LACES AND EMBROIDERIES
Of every description.
1,000 pieces Valenciennes Laces, 1s. per yard and upwards.
1,150 French embroidered Sets 75c., warranted worth $1 25.
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500 infants' embroidered Waists, trimmed with real Valenciennes Laces, at less than half price.
Black Laces, all widths; also, Veils, Coiffures, Barbes, Capes, Points, &c. Together with an unlimited assortment of every article in the trade.

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Madame F. PINCHON
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Spring and Summer Fashions
In Mantelets, Basques,
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Manteaux Bain der Mer.
All of which are the latest Parisian Nouveaute.
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FURNITURE COVERINGS.
PATON & CO., No. 341 Broadway.
We are constantly receiving
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NEW CHINTZES,
PRINTED WORSTEDS,
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And all the varieties of materials which in these lines we are unsurpassed for styles and varieties.

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Buy early before the advance in prices.
LIST OF PRICES:
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COMMON INGRAIN.......................2s. 6d.
Oil Cloths from 1 to 8 yards wide, 2s. 6d. to 6s. per yard.
B. BEATTY'S, No. 84 4th-av.,
Near the Cooper Institute.

ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.,
Will open on
MONDAY, March 26,
The greatest bargains in Stella shawls ever offered in this City.
Canal-st., corner of Mercer-st.

AT RETAIL
Cheap.
Table Damasks, Napkins,
Linen Sheetings, Towellings,
Piano and Table Covers.
PATON & CO., No. 341 Broadway.

AT REDUCED PRICES,
NEW GOODS
Quilts, Stair Linen, Brilliants, Handkerchiefs,
White Goods, Materials for Boys' Wear.
PATON & CO, No. 341 Broadway.

CONSIGNMENT OF BLACK THREAD Veils just received will be offered on Monday, 26th inst., at great bargains.
1,000 veils at $3, worth $6.
1,000 veils at $4, worth $8.
1,000 veils at $5, worth $10.
MILLER & GRANT, No. 703 Broadway.

FOUNTAIN & CO.'S INDIA STORE IS the only place where India pine-apple dresses, crapes, silks, tussahs, satins, seersucker, Napkins, novelties, China lacquered articles, and all kinds of American Indian feather fans, bark and bead work, &c., &c., can be procured, wholesale and retail. No. 653 Broadway. French Fans, latest styles.

ALEXANDRE'S GLOVES, ENGLISH HOsiery and Undergarments, childrens' hose and gloves, ladies' and misses' walking and traveling gloves, ladies' and misses' new Polish silk veils, white and colored Shetland, real English hair tooth and nail brushes, French kid gloves, 85 cents, worth $1, at ELGER'S BAZAAR, No. 862 Broadway, near 18th-st., East side.

## DRY GOODS.

AT G. M. BODINE'S,
No. 481 Broadway.
GREAT SALES OF FOULARD SILKS,
500 PIECES,
At 50 cents per yard,
Worth 75 cents.
Also,
200 PIECES HEAVY BLACK SILKS,
At $1 per yard.

AT G. M. BODINE'S,
No. 481 Broadway.
Will offer on Monday,
RICH SILKS,
From late Auction Sales.
500 PIECES HEAVY RICH SILKS,
Only 75 cents per yard,
Worth $1 25 per yard.

AT G. M. BODINE'S,
No. 481 Broadway.
Will offer on Monday, March 26,
1,000 PIECES RICH CHENE SILKS,
FROM AUCTION,
At $1 and $1 25 per yard.
Worth $1 50 and $2

AT G. M. BODINE'S,
No. 481 Broadway.
Will offer on Monday, March 26,
200 PIECES RICH SILKS,
IN PLAIN SOLID COLORS,
AT $1 PER YARD.

BEEKMAN & COMPANY,
No. 473 BROADWAY,
Will open, MONDAY, March 26,
1,000 EMBROIDERED COLLARS, at 25c., worth 50c.
400 EMBROIDERED COLLARS, at 50c., worth $1
500 GENTS' COLORED BORDERED LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, at 25c., worth 38c.
Also, a large assortment of Ladies' BREAKFAST and TRAVELING SETS and COLLARS, in New Designs—VERY LOW.
BEEKMAN & COMPANY,
No. 473 BROADWAY.

SILKS AND SILK ROBES
FROM AUCTION.
BEEKMAN & COMPANY,
No. 473 BROADWAY,
Will open, on MONDAY,
SOME SPLENDID
SEVEN and NINE FLOUNCED SILK ROBES,
FULL CHINTZ CHENE, at $30 and $40.
Also, RICH CHINTZ CHENE SILKS, at $1 per yard,
VERY HANDSOME SUMMER SILKS,
At 75 cents per yard.

BEEKMAN & COMPANY,
No. 473 BROADWAY,
Will open, MONDAY, March 26,
A CHOICE ASSORTMENT
OF
LACES AND EMBROIDERIES,
including all NEW STYLES and NOVELTIES offered this Season.

BEEKMAN & COMPANY,
No. 473 BROADWAY,
Will open, on MONDAY, March 26,
A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT
OF
PARASOLS,
All of the latest and most novel styles.

NEW SPRING CLOAKS
Will be opened, THIS MORNING, by
BEEKMAN & CO.,
No. 473 BROADWAY,
TRAVELING SUITS MADE TO ORDER.

A GRAND DISPLAY OF
MISSES', BOYS' AND INFANTS'
FANCY STRAW HATS,
In Leghorn, Neapolitan, English Dunstable, and all other Fine Imported Braids, Trimmed and Untrimmed. The Largest and most Extensive Variety to be found in the City is now open for inspection.
The ladies' attention, and the attention of the Trade, is respectfully invited to this magnificent assortment.
WM. BANTA, No. 357 Canal-st.,
corner Wooster-st.

MOURNING GOODS.
ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.
Have now in store a choice stock of
MOURNING DRESS GOODS,
To which will be added, during the season, the latest productions of the European markets, all of which will be sold at
LOW PRICES.
Canal-st., corner of Mercer-st.

CARPETS! CARPETS! CARPETS!
COLUMBIAN HALL CARPET WAREHOUSE.
The proprietors have a large stock of CARPETINGS, which they offer at low prices for cash.
English Tapestry Brussels Carpet, 90 cents to $1 10.
Imperial 3 Plies, $1 to $1 10.
Ingrain Carpets, 30 cents to 75 cents.
Oil-cloths, 1 to 6 yards wide 37½ cents to $1.
Also, RUGS, MATS, DRUGGETS, and MATTINGS.
ADAMS & SPENCER, No. 281 Grand-st.

A CARD.—W. JACKSON, IMPORTER OF MOURNing goods, No. 551 Broadway, has constantly on hand every article desirable for family mourning. Prices very reasonable. N. B.—Ladies' own materials made to order.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

JOHN HOOPER & CO.'S CITY AND COUNTRY
NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING AGENCY,
No. 41 Park-row—N. Y. Times Building.
Merchants wishing to extend their business should
ADVERTISE
NORTH, SOUTH, EAST AND WEST.
Every facility is offered for this purpose by J. H. & Co. For promptness and reliability they refer to Raymond, Wesley & Co., publishers of this paper.

THE POLAR REFRIGERATOR,
WITH FILTER AND WATER-COOLER COMBINED,
Is the only one patented having a CONDENSING surface exposed to the provision chambers to extract the moisture from the air.
The *Scientific American* says: "This refrigerator not only has the advantage of being novel, but also of fulfilling perfectly the purpose for which it was intended." Manufactured by BARTLETT & LESLEY, 426 Broadway.

CITY TWINE MILLS,
No. 89 Ann-st., rear. Warehouse, No. 46 Beekman-st.
T. P. TRAVERS, Importer, Manufacturer, and Dealer in Twines of all descriptions.

ESSENCE OF COFFEE.
WRIGHT, GILLIES & BRO., sole agents for Behler's & Hummell's Philadelphia Essence of Coffee, Nos. 233, 235 and 237 Washington-st., New-York.

HOUSEKEEPERS' CHANCE.—AT COST.—Those going to housekeeping this Spring, and desiring an outfit, can be supplied with kitchen utensils, wooden-ware, tea-trays, plated tea-sets iron hat-stands, refrigerators, child's carriages, dish-covers, plated forks, spoons, table cutlery, &c., at cost prices. Goods may be selected now, and delivered when wanted. Store-fixtures for sale. S. W. SMITH, 534 Broadway.

GAS FITTING AND FIXTURE BUSINESS FOR SALE.—One of the most respectable and oldest in the City, for a plumber wishing to commence gas fitting this is an opportunity rarely met with. Satisfactory reasons given for selling. Address J. B., Box No. 137 *Times* Office.

QUARTZ ROCK MILLS.—WE HAVE THE best mill with shifting, grinding surfaces ever offered; will reduce 15 tons per day to powder. No other person has authority in this State. Made under the Proteus patent. BIGGS & SOUTHWICK, 81 Nassau-st.

ADOPTION.—ANY RESPECTABLE PERSON wishing to adopt as their own a fine healthy male child, 11 months old, of light complexion, and long since weaned, can do so by addressing with particulars, D. H. PERRY, Box No 120 *Times* Office.

A YOUNG MAN WHO CONTEMPLATES making a tour on horseback through some of the Southern or Western States, would like to meet with some one that would like in company. Address J. B. V., care of Mr. C. G. Witte, No. 94 John-st., New-York.

ENGLISH CANNEL COAL—NOW DISCHARGing per ship Rock Light. For sale either from ship or yard, by
BULLONE, FARRAR & CO.,
No. 43 Pine-st. and No. 73 Wooster-st.

FOUR SECOND-HAND SAFES FOR SALE LOW.—QUIRK BROTHERS, No. 98 Maiden Lane. Also, a large assortment of Wilder's patent Fireproof Safes constantly on hand.

WANTED—A SMART, INTELLIGENT SINGLE man with from $3,000 to $4,000 in his own right, to engage in a business both sure, safe and profitable. Address for one week, HENRY DEPAU, Box No. 137 *Times* Office.

## FURNITURE.

ENAMELED FURNITURE.
Parties in search of Chamber Furniture that will stand the "test of time" may rely upon getting superior goods at moderate prices, both in Enameled and Solid Walnut Suites. Also, Paillasses and Mattresses. WARREN WARD, No. 277 Canal-st., four doors east of Broadway.

BEDROOM ENAMELED FURNITURE IN all colors, of superior and warranted manufacture, finished in landscape, fruit and flowers. Also, solid chestnut chamber suites, plain and ornamental, at H. F. FARRINGTON'S Warerooms, No. 368 Canal-st., opposite Wooster-st. Manufactory Nos. 46 and 48 Wooster-st. Established 1848.

SCHOOL FURNITURE,
Of the most approved style, manufactured at the oldest establishment in the State.
Lecture-room and Sabbath-school settees, camp stools, blackboards of slate, of any dimensions. Also, office and Bank desks, and bookcases of every description, made to order by R. PATON, No. 24 Grove-st., near Bleecker.

A CHAMBER SUITE OF THE CELEBRATED Eagle enameled furniture, in all styles, designs and colors, from $25 upwards. Manufactory No. 634 Broadway, near Laura Keene's. The best enameled furniture manufactured. Please order now for Spring delivery.

FURNITURE BOUGHT FOR READY MONEY.—A fair value given, in ready money, for Furniture, Carpets Books, &c., at No. 123 6th-av., between 9th and 10th sts.

MODERN STYLE OF SCHOOL FURNITURE—Manufactured by N. JOHNSON, No. 490 Hudson-st. Illustrated circulars forwarded on application.

## LOST AND FOUND.

LOST.—A CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT OF THE Bank of the Republic, No. 9,540, dated Feb. 28, 1860, for $237, to the order of Lowitz & Becker. The public is hereby warned not to negotiate the same, as the payment has been stopped.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, MARCH 27, 1860.

## SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES.

The SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES, published this morning, contains the following:

LITERARY—Reviews of New Books; MACAULAY on Democracy.

AGRICULTURAL—Items for the farmers.

EUROPE—The Italian Question; Reply of Count CAVOUR to the dispatch of M. THOUVENEL; Text of the Austrian Reply to the French Proposals; Foreign Extracts.

TRAGEDIES AT SEA—Full Particulars of the Oyster-Sloop Tragedy; Pursuit and Capture of the Murderer; The Mystery of the Sloop *Spray*; Mutiny of Coolies.

POLITICAL—Letter from Hon. EDWARD BATES; Political News.

FREE NEGROES IN MISSOURI—GOV. STEWART'S Veto Message.

GOV. MORGAN'S VETOES—Vetoes of the Record Commission and the Sunday Amusement Law.

EDITORIALS—Articles on Current Topics.

SUMMARIES OF NEWS—Semi-Weekly Record; Latest from Mexico.

RELIGIOUS—Notices of Religious Movements.

LAW REPORTS—Interesting Cases in the Courts.

Copies may be had at the counter, in wrappers ready for mailing. Price 4 cents.

Mr. ACTON is our regular carrier, and will serve the TIMES from Twenty-sixth-street to Forty-fifth-street, and from Fifth-avenue to the East River.

## Amusements this Evening.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—WILLIE O'REILLY—LAW FOR LADIES—PERFECTION.

WALLACK'S THEATRE—THE ROMANCE OF A POOR YOUNG MAN.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE—JENNIE DEANS.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE—THE VENETIAN—KNIGHTS OF THE MIST—FOUR LOVERS.

THEATRE FRANCAIS—EMBRASSONS—NOUS FOLLEVILLE.

HOPE CHAPEL—GRAND CONCERT.

GOLDBECK'S MUSIC HALL—CHAMBER CONCERT.

NIBLO'S SALOON—GEORGE CHRISTY'S MINSTRELS.

NINTH-STREET—Near Broadway—MODEL OF KING SOLOMON'S TEMPLE.

PALACE GARDEN—VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S MENAGERIE.

DUSSELDORF GALLERY—EXHIBITION OF PAINTINGS.

CANAL-STREET, No. [illegible]—WHEELOCK'S FREE GALLERY OF OIL PAINTINGS.

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

In the Senate, yesterday, the bill to facilitate communication between the Atlantic and Pacific States was called up. It was so amended as to take from the Company which shall be organized under its provisions the power of interfering with the right to locate a railroad by preëmpting all the lands on the route of the proposed telegraph line, and by providing that no payment shall be made to the Company by Government until the line is in operation, and that it shall cease when the contractors fail in their contract. The Consular Appropriation bill was amended so as to provide that $175,600 of the appropriation for the relief and protection of American seamen shall be used in the present fiscal year; an amendment appropriating $15,000 for a Minister to Paraguay was rejected and the bill was passed. The bill to authorize the sale of public arms to the several States and Territories, and to regulate the appointment of Superintendents of the National Armories, was passed (28 to 18.) In the House, bills withdrawing the protection of Congress from non-resident landholders; appropriating $75,000 for improving Buffalo harbor; fixing and regulating the duty on imports; repealing the Fugitive Slave law of 1850; and enabling citizens of the United States to carry their property freely and without molestation into Kansas, were referred. The Committee on Commerce was instructed to inquire into the expediency of reporting a bill making an appropriation for a steam revenue cutter for the Delaware River. Resolutions requesting the President to open negotiations with the leading Powers of Europe with the view of declaring the Slave-trade piracy, were introduced and referred. Mr. MCQUEEN, of South Carolina, offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Ways and Means to report a measure for relieving the Massachusetts shoemakers "from the tyranny of the capitalists of that State." To this Mr. BLAKE, of Ohio, responded with a preamble and resolution, declaring "the chatteling of mankind" notoriously a reproach to our country, and instructing the Committee on the Judiciary to inquire into the expediency of reporting a bill interdicting Slavery wherever Congress has power to legislate upon it. Amid great confusion it was rejected.

In the State Senate, yesterday, the bill to provide for Croton water for Sing-Sing prison, and the bill to amend the Brooklyn Water act, was ordered to a third reading. A communication from the New-York District Attorney, relative to bills affecting Courts in this City, and protesting against the appointment of a Police Justices' Attorney, was presented. A bill to provide for the removal of insane convicts from the Utica Asylum to the Lunatic Asylum at Auburn, was introduced. The bill to regulate the sale of poisons was lost, reconsidered, and laid over. In the Assembly a motion to make the Personal Liberty bill the special order for Thursday was lost, and most of the session was spent in the consideration of private bills.

By advices from Maracaibo to the 5th inst. we learn that the rebel army had been decisively defeated at the Pass Carocal, and it was supposed that the event had ended the war. Coffee and hides, in consequence of the political troubles in the country, were high. Business generally was quite dull.

In the Board of Councilmen, a Committee was appointed to make preparations for the reception of the Japanese Commissioners. The Mayor returned, without his approval, the resolution in regard to regrading Duane-street. A Committee was appointed to act with a Committee of the Board of Aldermen in investigating the charges made against the Board of "Ten Governors." A remonstrance against the proposed action of the Legislature in granting Railroad franchises was adopted.

In the Board of Supervisors yesterday, a resolution offered by Mr. BELL, tendering the thanks of the Board to Gov. MORGAN for his veto of the Tax Levy bill, on account of the appropriation of $193,000 for the Commissioners of Records, was adopted unanimously.

Of the 414 deaths which occurred in this City during the week just closed, 20 resulted from causes not depending upon climate or season, and 394 from absolute disease. As compared with the corresponding weeks of 1858 and 1859 the last report shows a decrease of 62 and 5 respectively.

There was a large meeting at Cooper Institute last evening, called under the auspices of the Young Men's National Union Club, for the purpose of listening to Hon. THOMAS A. R. NELSON, and Hon. HORACE MAYNARD, of Tennessee. Mr. NELSON made quite a lengthy, Union-saving speech, and urged the necessity of putting down both the Republican and Democratic parties, in order to insure a continuance of national prosperity. Mr. MAYNARD commenced a speech, but in consequence of a severe cold, which rendered him extremely hoarse, he was obliged to retire soon after he had commenced. Mr. JAMES W. GERARD prayed for the success of the Union, and urged the young men to stand by their flag under all circumstances. The interest in the meeting was greatly enhanced by the singing of Dr. GUILMETTE and the music of Dodworth's Band.

ALBERT W. HICKS *alias* Johnson, the supposed murderer of the Captain and crew of the oyster sloop *E. A. Johnson*, was yesterday transferred to the United States authorities upon a warrant issued by United States Commissioner WHITE. After remaining at the United States Marshal's office for several hours, during which he was visited by a large number of persons, he was committed to the custody of Marshal RYNDERS, and transferred to a cell in the Tombs. At an interview held with the prisoner in his cell, he denied all knowledge of Capt. BURR, the sloop *E. A. Johnson*, and everything else relating to the supposed murder. His examination will commence to-morrow before United States Commissioner WHITE.

The Harbor Police were occupied yesterday in efforts to recover from the cabin of the sloop *Spray* such articles as could be conveniently reached under water. During the search several articles of bedding were found, which contained large blood-spots. Their examination tended to confirm the belief that Capt. LEETE and his brother were murdered in their berths. At about 4½ o'clock P. M. the Chinaman "Jackalow," who was employed on board of the *Spray*, was arrested on the bridge of the Newark plank-road, by some workmen who were engaged on the Railroad bridge. He was conveyed to the Police Station at Jersey City, and, after examination, was incarcerated in the city prison. About $400, mostly in gold, was found upon his person.

Dr. E. Y. ROBBINS delivered the third lecture of his series on "Sanitary Science," at Clinton Hall last evening. His principal topic was the deaths of children, not only among the poor, but among the rich and fashionable, and the means by which, in ordinary circumstances, they may be prevented.

There was a firm Stock Market in the early part of the day yesterday, but a slight falling off at the close, except in the low-priced shares of the Michigan Southern and Cleveland and Toledo Roads, in which a limited movement is going on. The Bank Statement in the afternoon showed a steady line of Specie and Discounts.

Cotton, Flour and Wheat were lightly dealt in. Prices favored buyers. Corn was plenty and depressed. A moderate inquiry prevailed for Rye, Oats, Coffee, Molasses, Resin, Linseed Oil, Hay, Iron, Tallow and Whisky. Provisions attracted rather more attention. Sugars were less active. Freights were quiet.

### The Mexican Collision.

We publish this morning, translated from Vera Cruz papers, a variety of documents calculated to throw some light upon the recent capture of two war steamers by vessels of the American squadron off Vera Cruz. We have preferred to give these statements made on the spot, rather than the *résumé* of them given in the New-Orleans papers, because they are somewhat more authentic, and some of them have an official authority.

The fact that MARIN, an ex-officer of the Mexican navy, was fitting out an expedition in Havana, with the connivance and aid of the Cuban authorities, to aid the Miramon party, seems to have been known for some time in Mexico, and on the 25th of February the Juarez Government issued a circular, characterizing this as a violation of right, and declaring that MARIN and his associates would be regarded and treated as pirates. It was in fact an expedition outside of the law,—just as WALKER's expedition to Nicaragua, upon the invitation of one of the contending parties in that country, was regarded as beyond the law, and was so treated, both by our own vessels and those of all other friendly Powers. Moreover our Government has recognized that of JUAREZ, as entitled to speak for Mexico—and we are therefore bound to accept its declaration concerning the character of vessels claiming Mexican rights as conclusive. These vessels had abandoned the Spanish flag on leaving Havana, and on reaching the open sea had hoisted the Mexican flag, to which they had clearly no right. The statement of the prisoners taken on board establishes this fact.

It is not easy to see, therefore, from what quarter complaint is to come of the action of the American officers. The Spanish Government cannot assert the right of these vessels as Spanish ships, for they had hauled down the Spanish flag and refused to raise that or any other when summoned to do so. The Juarez Government cannot complain, for we acted upon the views of its circular of Feb. 25, directing the vessels of all friendly Powers to treat MARIN's ships as pirates. And MIRAMON is powerless, because we have never recognized him as at the head of the Mexican Government. We do not see that anybody can censure the act of our naval officers, except those at home, who doubt their power to do as they did, or those who desire to make their action matter of reproach against the Administration. The question of power is to be determined by law. And as Mr. BUCHANAN seems to have known nothing whatever about the affair until it was over, and is quite guiltless of responsibility for it in any way, neither praise nor blame car fairly be awarded him on account of it.

The latest telegraphic intelligence reports MIRAMON to have been utterly routed at Vera Cruz, and the Liberals in possession of the Capital. If this be true, we shall probably hear, ere long, of the complete establishment of the authority of the Liberals throughout the country.

### The State of the Double Shield.

California may as well adopt at once for her escutcheon that famous shield in the good old story over which two gallant knights fought to the death, the one maintaining it to be a shield of gold, the other as stoutly asserting it to be a shield of silver. The name of El Dorado will no longer answer as the sole synonym for the first star of our Pacific empire; and San Francisco, according to present appearances, will soon be challenging the right of Buenos Ayres to be considered as the chief of Argentine cities. The news by the *Baltic* assures us that the wonders of Washoe have passed to the "order of the day," even with the prosperous gold miners of the Sacramento; and that the people of California have really fallen into the incipient stages of a silver fever, which threatens to throw them afresh off the balance upon which they had gradually settled down since speculation gave way to serious enterprise in the auriferous regions of the State.

A curious illustration of this state of things, as well as a striking commentary on the immense expansion which has taken place since 1847 in the commerce and in the commercial ideas of mankind, is afforded us in the circumstances that the *Baltic* brings only $895,000 in gold, and that this cargo is noticed almost with contempt by the financial journals. Fifteen years ago the arrival at New-York of a single vessel. bringing nearly a million of dollars in treasure, would have electrified the country. The ship would have been supposed some ghostly argosy of Tyre, or spectral galleon of Spain new-risen from the deep. The State of North Carolina won a reputation which she has not yet lost for metalliferous wealth, and secured the establishment within her borders of a branch mint, on the strength of a gold production, the aggregate of which in nearly a quarter of a century, from 1804 to 1827, amounted to $112,000, or scarcely one-ninth the sum which California is now almost laughed at for sending us. And the whole annual gold-crop of the world for several years preceding the discovery of California did not exceed twenty times the value of this one slighted contribution to our voracious market. But ten years of California and Australia have revolutionized our notions almost as completely as ten centuries could have been expected to do; and the first impulse of every man is to be amazed at the comparative smallness of the *Baltic's* specie list.

This amazement, too, is legitimate enough. Nothing but the movement towards Washoe could satisfactorily account for it, and it proves more clearly than anything which has yet reached us the extent of that movement. It does not prove, however, and this should be carefully remembered, that the wealth of Washoe affords a reasonable motive for this extensive drift of the Californians from mining for gold into prospecting for silver. A population like that of California does not easily recover from the gambling mania which first drew it together, and gave it being. It will for a long time continue to be at the mercy of magnificent opportunities; and we must let Washoe speak for itself before believing all that is said for it even in this practical way by California.

The presumptive arguments in favor of the existence of vast deposits of silver in California are nevertheless very strong. Throughout the whole of the slope of the Western Cordilleras, while under the Spanish Crown, gold was commonly found to be a secondary product of their silver-bearing veins, and it may eventually prove that in California, as formerly in Mexico, the silver side of the shield is the more splendid of the two. So far as the Atlantic States are concerned, such a result would immediately stimulate a vivid developement of a branch of industry which has long lagged in the rear of our other enterprises. California, destitute of coal, as well as of the most important fluxes for smelting metals, which cannot be dealt with by mechanical means, will be obliged to forward her silver to New-York to be disengaged, prepared for coinage, and put into circulation. As we have already found that we can compete favorably in this industry with France and England, the impulse given to smelting and its kindred arts, by a sudden and continuous demand, will rapidly extend the operations of our people engaged in them, and react, through this extension, upon the general mining activity of the Atlantic as well as of the Pacific States.

Upon the wider theatre of the world's trade a large and increasing yield of silver from California, under the auspices of the free institutions of that State, and of the energy of the American character, must also make itself felt in a very important degree. M. MICHEL CHEVALIER, in his admirable treatise on "the probable fall in the value of gold," last year translated by RICHARD COBDEN into English, treats the probability of a fall in the value of silver sufficient to neutralize what he thinks the else inevitable effects of the great increased production of gold, as hypothetical in the extreme. He admits, however, that "if the United States annexed Mexico, and penetrated further into the regions of Central America, such an event would not be of tardy accomplishment." It may now prove that America has found within her actual dominions the means of converting M. CHEVALIER's hypothesis into an immediate certainty.

### Corruption at Washington.

The Congressional Committee which has been busy for some weeks in investigating the subject of the Public Printing, made its report yesterday, in the House of Representatives. They submitted also the testimony they have taken on the subject, upon which their report is based. We publish in another part of this morning's TIMES sundry extracts from this testimony, which throw some light upon the manner in which this branch of the public service is managed.

The printing is ostensibly for the service of Congress and the Departments, and is paid for out of the public treasury. It appears that it is customary to pay a much larger sum for this service than it actually costs, and then to compel the Public Printer to distribute a large portion of his excessive profits among party newspapers that cannot support themselves, and to elect members of Congress who would vote against the party in power without such aid. The President's organ, the *Constitution*, is supported in this way; nearly $20,000 is paid annually out of the public treasury to maintain a newspaper to praise the President and malign everybody who dares to differ from him in opinion. Several thousand dollars were paid to the *Pennsylvanian* for performing a similar service, and Mr. BUCHANAN himself superintends in person this distribution of the public funds among the hungry parasites whom he chooses thus to retain in his service. The Attorney-General even drew up the contract by which these arrangements were made.

Besides all this, which is bad enough, thousands of dollars are sent into doubtful districts for the purpose of influencing the elections. Over $11,000 were thus sent into Congressional districts of Pennsylvania, in the Fall of 1858, to secure the return of members favorable to the Administration! In this way is the People's money used to corrupt the sources of the people's power. Mr. BUCHANAN clearly spoke from his own knowledge when he deplored the use of money in elections, in his Pittsburgh letter:—but it is not easy to admire the cool hypocrisy of his affected surprise at being told of practices of which he himself is here proved to have been habitually guilty.

The Administration is making a tremendous struggle to carry Connecticut. The revelations of this Committee leave no room to doubt that they are working there precisely as they worked in Pennsylvania—that thousands of dollars have been sent into that State to influence its vote, and that they hope, in this way, to maintain their foothold in at least one of the New-England States. No honest man, whatever may be his party sentiments, can wish them success in any such endeavor. These attempts of an odious Administration to corrupt the people by the use of their own money—to purchase support which the unbought sentiment of the country would never give them—demand a severe and a crushing rebuke. We may as well abandon all attempts at self-government if we permit schemes so radically dishonest to succeed.

We trust the present Congress will effect some thorough reform in the method of doing the public printing. The present system is wasteful and corrupt,—not only pernicious in itself, but the cause of corruption and dishonesty in the action of public men and political parties. It ought to be promptly superseded by some plan better adapted to secure the end at which it aims.

WILL NOT SOMEBODY CONQUER US?—It is stated that as soon as the Spaniards captured Tetuan, they made the inhabitants clean the streets! The thing had not been done before for years. The Common Council, we presume, had pretended to do it,—large sums of money had been levied annually on the population ostensibly for that purpose, and still the streets were full of filth—muddy in wet weather, dusty in dry, and intolerably noisome, unhealthy and offensive at all times. The first result of their being conquered will be the luxury of clean streets. Will not the Spaniards, Mexicans, Moors, or some other barbarians, march an army into New-York? Clean streets would be cheaply purchased at the price of a conquest.

GRATIFYING.—It is delightful to notice the unanimity and fervor with which the Sunday papers applaud Gov. MORGAN's veto of the bill concerning Sunday amusements. They all concur in the opinion that he is the most upright, independent and excellent Chief Magistrate our State has had for a great many years. We trust they will be equally unanimous and emphatic in approving his signature of the bill now on its way through the Legislature, for the substantial attainment of the same end. They have not overlooked, we trust, the grounds on which his veto was based, as they are set forth in the Message.

### The Mysterious Murders.

Legal questions of interest, if not of difficulty will doubtess arise upon the trial of Johnson, *alias* HICKS, now in prison, on charge of having murdered Capt. BURR at sea. The idea is very common, that there can be no conviction for murder unless the body of the killed be found. It is true there is a rule that no person *should be* convicted in the absence of the body; and a very great English Judge once said: "I would never convict any person of murder or manslaughter, unless the fact was proved to be done, or the body be found dead." But this must be taken with qualification; and the circumstances may be sufficiently strong to show the fact of the murder, though the body has never been found. Thus, where a prisoner, a mariner named CLARK, was indicted in England for the murder of his captain at sea, and a witness stated that the prisoner had proposed to kill the captain; that the witness, being afterwards alarmed in the night by a violent noise, went upon deck, and there observed the prisoner take the captain up and throw him overboard into the sea, and that he was not seen or heard of afterwards; that near the place on the deck where the captain was seen, a billet of wood was found; and that the deck and part of the prisoner's dress were stained with blood,—the Court, though admitting the general rule of law, left it to the jury to say, upon the evidence, *whether the deceased was not killed before his body was cast into the sea*; and the jury being of that opinion, the prisoner was convicted, and—the conviction being approved of by all the judges—was afterwards executed.

The prisoner's counsel was the well-known GARROW—afterwards Baron GARROW—who insisted that the prisoner was entitled to be acquitted, on the ground that it was not proved that the captain was dead; and that, as there were many ships and vessels near the place where the transaction was alleged to have taken place, the probability was that he was taken up by some of them, and was then alive; and to strengthen this view the counsel mentioned the following remarable case: A mother and father of a natural child were observed to take the child to the margin of the dock at Liverpool, and after stripping it, cast it into the dock. The body of the infant was not afterwards seen; and as the tide of the sea flowed and reflowed into and out of the dock, the Judge upon the trial of the father and mother for the murder of their child, observed that it was possible the tide might have carried out the living infant; and upon this ground the Jury, by his direction, acquitted the prisoners.

It has been decided in the United States Court, in Boston, that a conviction for murder may take place when the body is not found. Counsel put forward the proposition that there ought not to be a conviction for murder unless the murdered body was actually found; but Judge STORY remarked that such a proposition certainly could not be admitted as correct, in point of common sense or of law, unless Courts of Justice were to establish a positive rule to screen persons from punishment who might be guilty of the most flagitious crimes. "In the cases of murders committed on the high seas," observed the Judge, "the body is rarely, if ever, found; and a more complete encouragement and protection for the worst offences of this sort could not he invented than a rule of this strictness. It would amount to a universal condonation of all murders committed on the high seas."

It is quite probable that the bodies of the men murdered on board the sloop *E. A. Johnson* will never be found; and this fact will add to the difficulties that may oppose the conviction of any one for this crime. But, as the above citations show, these objections will not in themselves be conclusive. If the evidence in other respects is satisfactory, the absence of the body will be no insuperable bar to conviction.

### Amusements.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.—Mr. and Mrs. BARNEY WILLIAMS—who deservedly rank as the most agreeable artists now on the American stage—regaled their patrons last night with a new piece. Being Irish, it involved, necessarily, a question of rent, and the entire train of dire consequences which result from not paying it. Beyond the usual conditions of extreme virtue in the non-paying tenant, and excessive brutality on the part of the unpaid landlord, we were unable to detect any striking point in the construction of the play, which, we may here place on record, is called "Willie O'Riley." The author has succeeded, however, in carrying the "agony" to an extreme point, and in obtaining thereby a succession of good situations. The dialogue, without any pretensions to literary excellence, is piquant from its strong and amusing Hibernicisms. Mr. and Mrs. WILLIAMS are of course supplied with excellent parts, and it is superfluous to add that they interpret them admirably. The remaining characters are sufficiently filled, and afford no opportunity for further notice. The piece was quite successful.

GERMAN THEATRE.—The artists of the German Theatre gave their third performance last night, and completed the first half of the subscription which, we understand, guarantees the safety of their initial enterprise. It would be difficult indeed, except on the question of price, to find fault with what has been done so far. A different play has been presented each night, and with a degree of unvarying excellence which would be remarkable in an establishment of much greater pretensions. The public should know that there are two artists of decided merit in this company. We refer to Mr. SCHERER, who is unquestionably the best actor of his kind in the City, and Mr. FALLENBACH, whose performance last night in the second act of "Der Fabrikant" (known in English as the "Spitalfields Weaver") was excessively forcible and fine. The minor parts in the piece referred to were well filled, and in this and every other instance the company, except in what is called the low comedy department, seems to be full and ample. If the managers of the establishment can insure a succession of performances as admirable as that of the "Fabrikant," last night, there need be no doubt of due encouragement, either from the German or the American public. We have seldom seen a play better acted, or more entirely worthy of commendation.

### Americans in Paris—An Irate Organist.

From Our Paris Correspondent.

PARIS, Thursday, March 8, 1860.

An unusual excitement attended an American marriage, to-day, at the Church of St. Roch, on account of the religious scruples of the organist of the church. The eldest daughter of Mr. CORBYN, of Virginia, was married in that church, to the Marquis of MONTMORT, (the second daughter married the Viscount DE DAMPIERRE,) and the CORBYN family being Protestants, the organist, probably at the instigation of the clergy of the church, refused to play. M. DE MONTMORT then had recourse to M. AMEDEO, a celebrated Italian organist composer, and engaged him to play for the marriage. The other artists of the church thereupon organized an opposition, and I have not learned how the affair was finally adjusted. M. AMEDEO is himself on the point of getting married, and his marriage depends on the obtaining of a place as organist in one of the large churches of the city. The opposition organized against him, it is feared, may ruin the prospects he had before him, and this act of religious intolerance is calculated to produce much excitement.

One of the Misses HUTTON, of New-York, (the blonde,) is soon to marry a French title.

Mr. CLARK, of Maine, has been appointed by Mr. FAULKNER, Second Secretary of Legation at Paris, *pro tem.*, in place of Mr. WILBOR, recalled.

### From Maracaibo.

DEFEAT OF THE REBEL ARMY—THE WAR ENDED.

By the schooner *Enchantress*, Capt. EVANS, we have dates to the 5th inst. The Rebel army had been defeated and dispersed at the pass to Carocol, and the war was supposed ended.

Business generally was dull.

Coffee and hides were scarce on account of the political troubles interfering with the industrial pursuits, and consequently rule high in price. Provisions were in request at remunerating rates.

## FROM WASHINGTON.

## POSITION OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY.

### Able Speech of Mr. Sedgwick.

### The Pacific Telegraph Bill through the Senate.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Monday, March 26.

THE PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.

The Senate, to-day, passed the Pacific Telegraph bill by a vote of two to one, and there is no doubt but that the vote in the House will be equally decisive in its favor, in spite of the lobby opposition. Government agrees to pay $50,000 per annum for the use of the wires, while its business will probably amount to double that sum. A single order to arrest some expensive expedition will save the entire amount to the Treasury.

THE PACIFIC RAILROAD.

The special Committee of the House on the subject of the Pacific Railroad, held a protracted session this evening. An interesting debate sprung up on the motion to reconsider the vote of the Committee adopting only one route, the Central. They refused to reconsider six to seven, the Chairman not voting; Messrs. FENTON, of New-York, and SMITH, of Virginia, absent. All the Republicans voted against reconsideration, except Mr. ALDRICH, of Minnesota. It was no party vote, however. Mr. TAYLOR, of Louisiana, submitted a resolution that the contract be given to parties making the best terms subject to decision of the officers of the Government, also leaving choice of route to contractors.

Mr. PHELPS, of Missouri, proposed to make the terminus of thd road at the eastern border of California, so as to allow that State to build a road connecting with it to San Francisco.

Mr. HINDMAN, of Arkansas, submitted resolutions authorizing the election of a Sub-Committee, consisting of the Chairman, and two members of the present Committee; also, extending Government aid, not exceeding $50,000,000, and 30,000,000 acres of land; also, defining the route; also, authorizing some officer of the Cabinet to advertise proposals for contractors. These questions all remain to be discussed at the next meeting, on Wednesday morning. Col. CURTIS has drawn a bill in favor of one route.

ARMING THE STATES.

The bill authorizing the sale of arms to the States passed the Senate by a large vote, but will be rejected in the House on the ground that it is a scheme to disarm the Federal Government. Mr. VALLANDIGHAM's proposed amendment to the present law, increasing the appropriation for arms to be distributed among the States from $200,000 to $600,000, ought to be sufficient to meet all exigencies.

THE HOUMAS LAND GRANT.

The report of Mr. TOOMBS, from the special Committee on the Houmas Land Grant, after showing that the Grant had been rejected by the Courts of the country from 1803 to 1858, concludes thus:

"The act of June 2, 1859, gives great and unjust advantage to claimants, for which your Committee see no sound reason, either in justice or sound policy. It gives the Houmas grantees a paramount title to the lands in dispute, and requires all adverse claimants to make good their titles by suits of law, and, if they fail for any reason whatever to show a perfect title in themselves, their lands fall to the Houmas grantees. This is manifestly unjust, and may inflict most cruel wrongs upon them. But this bill is also unjust to the public. If the Houmas grantees of this vast body of land, comprising 180,000 acres, are not entitled to it, it is against sound principle and sound judgment to give it to them. The bill reported repeals the act of 1859, but without any reference in the report to the influences by which said act was passed."

The report has been printed, but was to-day ordered to be suppressed, until some additional documents could accompany it.

PROCEEDINGS IN THE HOUSE.

The resolution offered in the House to-day, directing the Judiciary Committee to inquire into the expediency of abolishing Slavery in all the territory over which the Federal Government has jurisdiction, led to a scene of confusion and excitement rarely witnessed even in that body. It was eventually defeated by a large majority, many Republicans voting against it.

The speech of Mr. SEDGWICK to-day, on party issues, is pronounced a masterly effort, and was listened to with much interest.

THE AFFAIR BEFORE VERA CRUZ.

The Administration is disappointed at not having yet received the expected dispatches from the Gulf. They must certainly arrive to-night. The foreign diplomats are loud and earnest in their denunciation of the course pursued by our officers in capturing MIRAMON's steamers. They pronounce it a high-handed outrage, as the steamers were in Mexican waters, where our ships had no jurisdiction or control. Moreover, as Capt. TURNER used the small steamers of JUAREZ, MARIN had a right to regard the approach as hostile, and fire upon the *Indianola*. They regard it, they say, as an open act of intervention on the part of this Government, and not to be defended. The President, I think, is at a loss to know what disposition to make of the prisoners. If they are pirates, it will be a serious job to hang so many. If they are not pirates, they should not be in custody.

THE POSTAL SERVICE.

Congress is flooded with applications for pay for mail service where the Department has reduced it, but where the contractors continued running their stages the usual number of trips, at the request of business men, or with a view of keeping up passenger lines. If the Department is not to control the mail service our whole postal system must fall, as the Department alone can determine its ability to pay, and the necessity for service. Congress will be exceedingly cautious in its consideration of these applications.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

The memorial of RICE, BAIRD and HEEBNER, praying Congress to protect them from a threatened violation of contract by the Secretary of War, is creating some feeling in Congress, as the memorialists charge that their contract is about to be canceled, that Secretary FLOYD may give it to other parties at advanced prices for inferior materials. A Committee will be called for to examine the charges.

Senator HEMPHILL reported a bill this morning for the relief of the officers and soldiers who sustained loss by the disaster to the steamship *San Francisco*. This is but tardy justice.

The merchants of Detroit are petitioning Congress to extend to the lakes the laws limiting the liability of shippers at sea.

ARMY NEWS.

Eighteen recruits of the First Cavalry, and twenty-one of the Second Infantry, are ordered from Jefferson Barracks to Forts Riley and Leavenworth, under Lieut. COLBURN. Company F of the First Cavalry is *en route* for Fort Monroe, and comes from Memphis by railroad. Special Army Order No. 24 says: "In order to put a period, if practicable, to the Indian incursions in the northwest portion of the Department of Texas, the commanding officers at Fort Mason, Camp Colorado, Fort Arbuckle and Fort Washita will hold themselves in readiness to respond to a call from Major THOMAS, of the Second Cavalry, to furnish as large a detachment as possible, for the purpose of uniting in a general scout through the country northwest of Camp Cooper, and bordering on the Washita and Red Rivers."

Leave of absence to Capt. PLUMMER has been extended four months.

### From the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Monday, March 26.

The President was engaged with the Secretary of State for several hours to-day on business connected with Mexican affairs. The recent events in the Gulf occasion much solicitude in official quarters as it is feared they may complicate us with the foreign powers having large interests in that country. Nothing materially different from the newspaper accounts has reached the Government.

The House has been officially informed that the President has signed the bill providing for the protection of female passengers.

Mr. DRAPER, a representative of the New-England strikers, is to lecture here on Thursday.

The following is Mr. J. COCHRANE's resolution relative to labor bestowed on and taxes levied on foreign goods at the post of New-York, and which was adopted:

*Resolved*, That the Secretary of the Treasury be and he is hereby directed to furnish to the House of Representatives of the Thirty-sixth Congress all the information of which he may be possessed respecting the performance of the labor required and bestowed in and upon the receipt at and the delivery from the public stores of foreign goods and merchandise entered, appraised and taxed with imports at the port of New-York, and how the same is performed, whether by laborers employed by the Government or by laborers in the employ of contractors under contract with the Government for the performance of the same, together with the date of any contract or contracts that may have been thus executed and delivered, the parties thereof, and the conditions thereof, the object and purpose of the same and the reason therefor; what is the present condition of said contract or contracts; who is now interested in the same, and especially if he has reason to suppose that any member or members of Congress that now has, or at any time has had any direct or remote or contingent pecuniary interest herein. And further, that the said Secretary be directed to furnish to the House aforesaid any information in his possession of the effect produced, or that may be produced, by a contract system for the performance of such labor at the public stores upon the interest of the Government upon those of the importers and upon those of the laboring classes. And further, whether the expenses of performing such labor can be reduced below the present prices paid, together with any other further information touching the subject of these inquiries that in his opinion may be either requisite or useful.

## PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

### SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Monday, March 26.

The Chair laid before the Senate a communication from the Secretary of the Treasury, giving the number of inmates in the Marine Hospitals from 1854 to 1859. Referred.

Mr. GWIN, of California, (Dem.,) moved to take up the bill to facilitate communication between the Atlantic and Pacific States. Agreed to.

Mr. DAVIS, of Mississippi, (Dem.,) moved to strike out the proviso permitting the Government to connect the military posts with the Overland Mail line by another telegraph line to be used for Government purposes. Not agreed to.

Mr. LATHAM, of California, (Dem.,) moved an additional section, that the materials to build the line be conveyed by the Government, when it can be done without additional expense or inconvenience. Not agreed to.

Mr. GRIMES, of Iowa, (Rep.,) moved an amendment that the Telegraph Company or its agents will not interfere with the right to locate a railroad hereafter by the preemption of all the lands on that route. Agreed to.

Mr. MASON, of Virginia, (Dem.,) moved an amendment that no payment be made to said line by the Goveonment till it is in operation, and that it cease when the contractors fail in their contract.

The bill was read a third time, and passed—yeas 26, nays 15.

Mr. ANTHONY presented a memorial for constructing a railroad to the Pacific by the various railroad companies already existing.

The Consular Appropriation bill was taken up.

The Committee's amendments were considered, with the following result:

The appropriation for a Minister to Paraguay was not agreed to.

The appropriation in the bill of $225,000 for the relief and protection of American seamen was so amended as to provide that $175,600 of that amount be used in the fiscal year ending the 30th of June, 1860.

The appropriation of $10,000 for acknowledging the services of masters and crews of foreign vessels in rescuing citizens of the United States from shipwrecks was agreed to.

The appropriation of $10,000 for expenses incurred under the instructions from the Secretary of State, in bringing home from foreign countries persons charged with crime, and expenses incident thereto, was agreed to.

The appropriation of $4,000 to enable the Secretary of State to defray the cost of a prison ship at Canton, China, from the 1st of January, 1854, to the 1st day January, 1857, and compensation of the Marshal of the Consular Court at Canton, from January, 1854, to December 15th, 1857, was agreed to.

Mr. HUNTER, of Virginia, (Dem.,) then moved an amendment appropriating $15,000 for a Minister to Paraguay.

Mr. MASON, of Virginia, (Dem.,) advocated the necessity of a Minister, as tending to develop commercial intercourse with that country.

Mr. BENJAMIN, of Louisiana, (Dem.,) hoped the amendmendment would not pass, and thought there was necessity for retrenchment in the diplomatic service.

After further discussion the amendment was rejected and the bill passed.

The bill to authorize the sale of public arms to the several States and Territories, and to regulate the appointment of Superintendents of the National armories was taken up.

The bill was read a third time and passed—yeas 28, nays 18.

The bill supplemental to the act to authorize protection to citizens of the United States who may discover deposits of guano, was taken up, discussed at length, and postponed till to-morrow.

The joint resolution from the House, for the relief of the mail contractors, was received and passed.

After an Executive session the Senate adjourned.

### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WASHINGTON, Monday, March 26.

Mr. CLARK B. COCHRANE, of New-York, (Rep.,) appeared and took his seat for the first time since the organization of the House.

Mr. THAYER, of Massachusetts, (Rep.,) introduced a bill withdrawing the protection of Congress from non-resident land holders in the several States and Territories.

Mr. SPAULDING, of New-York, (Rep.,) introduced a bill making an appropriation of $75,000 for the repair and improvement of the Buffalo harbor; also authorizing the improvement of the St. Clair flats.

Mr. FLORENCE, of Pennsylvania, (Dem.,) introduced a bill to fix and regulate the duty on imports.

Mr. MONTGOMERY, of Pennsylvania, (Dem.,) introduced a bill to establish an Assay office at Atchison, Kansas.

The above bills were all appropriately referred.

Mr. BLAKE, of Ohio, (Rep.,) introduced a bill to repeal the Fugitive Slave law of 1850. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

On motion of Mr. WHITELY, of Delaware, (Dem.,) the Committee on Commerce was instructed to inquire into the expediency of reporting a bill making an appropriation for a steam Revenue cutter for the Delaware River.

Mr. CURTIS, of Iowa, (Dem., introduced a Pacific Railroad bill. Referred to a select Committee.

Mr. GARNETT, of Virginia, (Dem.,) introduced a bill enabling citizens of the United States to carry their property freely and without molestation into the Territory of Kansas. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. MORSE, of Maine, (Rep.,) introduced a resolution declaring that more efficient measures should be taken for the suppression of the African Slave-trade, which is rapidly on the increase; and as it is a crime against human nature and opposed to the moral sentiments of mankind, that the President be requested to open negotiations with the leading Powers of Europe, with the view of declaring it piracy by international law.

Referred to the Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union.

Among the resolutions adopted were—one calling for information in relation to the Reciprocity treaty, and whether Canada has violated its spirit; one requesting the Secretary of the Treasury to furnish all the information in his possession in regard to contracts for keeping public stores, and whether any member of Congress, directly or remotely, has a pecuniary interest therein; one providing for a Select Committee to inquire into the tobacco trade, with the view of a removal of the restrictions of foreign nations; and one inquiring into the moneys paid for transportation for the Army of Utah.

Mr. MCQUEEN, of South Carolina. (Dem.,) offered a resolution, which was adopted, instructing the Committee of Ways and Means to inquire and report, if they see fit, a measure relieving the shoemakers of Massachusetts from the tyranny of the capitalists of that State, by repealing the duties on leather and other imported articles which enter into the shoemaking business.

Mr. VALLANDIGHAM, of Ohio, (Dem.,) offered a resolution, which was adopted, calling for the correspondence relative to the Swiss Treaty and the disabilities therein upon Hebrew citizens of the United States—a former resolution on the same subject not having been answered, and additional correspondence having since taken place.

Also, a resolution inquiring into the cruelties alleged to be practiced on board American merchant vessels.

Mr. BLAKE, of Ohio, (Rep.,) offered the following preamble and resolution:

*Whereas*, The chatteling of mankind and the holding of persons as property is contrary to natural justice and the fundamental principles of our political system, and is notoriously a reproach to our country throughout the civilized world, and a serious hindrance to the progress of Republican liberty throughout the nations of the earth; therefore,

*Resolved*, That the Committee on the Judiciary be and the same are hereby, instructed to inquire into the expediency of reporting a bill giving freedom to every human being, and interdicting Slavery wherever Congress has the Constitutional power to legislate on the subject.

The question was stated on the passage of the resolution. The preamble was reserved for a separate vote.

The yeas and nays were called on the Democratic side.

Mr. Killinger, of Pennsylvania, (Rep.,) objected to the resolution.

Mr. Phelps, of Missouri, (Dem.,) said one gentleman had responded to the call; therefore, the objection came too late.

Mr. Morris, of Pennsylvania, (Ind.,) called for the reading of the resolution.

Mr. Vallandigham, of Ohio, (Dem.,) made the point that unanimous consent was necessary at the present stage of the proceedings.

The Speaker said he could not hear a word, so great was the confusion.

[illegible], of New-York, (Dem.,) wanted the [illegible] read.

[illegible] made from the Democratic side.

Mr. [illegible] insisted that he had objected to the [illegible] the Clerk commenced calling the roll.

The Speaker—You are too late.

Impatient cries from the Democratic side, "Call the roll."

Mr. Blake was understood as wishing to withdraw his proposition, but the Democrats said it could not now be done.

John Cochrane, of New-York, (Dem.,) asked for the enforcement of the rule which prohibits members from gathering at the Clerk's desk.

A motion to table the proposition was decided as coming too late.

Mr. Burnett, of Kentucky, (Dem.)—I hope the proposition will be read.

Mr. Florence—By all means.

Mr. Davidson, of Louisiana, (Dem.,) objected.

A dozen or more members on both sides endeavored to catch the attention of the Speaker. Much confusion ensued. Finally, the proposition was again read and the resolution rejected—yeas 60, nays 106, as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Adams of Massachusetts, Aldrich, Allen, Bingham, Blair, Blake, Brayton, Buffinton, Burlingame, Burroughs, Butterfield, Carey, Carter, Colfax, Conkling, Curtis, Delano, Duell, Edgerton, Edwards, Eliot, Ely, Farnsworth, Foster, Frank, Gooch, Grow, Gurley, Hale, Helmick, Hoard, Humphrey, Hutchins, Kellogg of Michigan, Leach of Michigan, Lee, Lovejoy, McKean, Merrill, Olin, Palmer, Potter, Pottle, Rice, Sedgwick, Sherman, Somes, Spaulding, Stewart of Pennsylvania, Tappan, Tompkins, Trainer, Vandever, Waldron, Walton, Washburn of Wisconsin, Washburne of Illinois, Wells, Windom—60.

Nays—Messrs. Allen, Anderson of Missouri, Ashmore, Avery, Barksdale, Barr, Barnett, Bocock, Boteler, Boyce, Branch, Briggs, Bristow, Burch, Burnett, Campbell, Clark of Missouri, Clopton, Cobb, John Cochrane, Cooper, Cox, Craig of Missouri, Craige of North Carolina, Crawford, Curry, Davis of Maryland, Davis of Indiana, Davis of Mississippi, De Jarnette, Dunn, Edmundson, Etheridge, Florence, Fouke, French, Garnett, Gartrell, Gilmer, Hamilton, Hardeman, Harris of Maryland, Harris of Virginia, Hatton, Hickman, Hill, Hindman, Holman, Houston, Hughes, Jackson, Jenkins, Jones, Keitt, Kenyon, Kunkel, Lamar, Landrum, Leach of N. C., Leake, Logan, Love, Mallory, Martin of Ohio, Martin of Virginia, McKnight, McPherson, McQueen, McRae, Miles, Millson, Millward, Montgomery, Moore of Kentucky, Moore of Alabama, Morris of Pennsylvania, Morris of Illinois, Niblack, Nixon, Noell, Phelps, Porter, Pryor, Pugh, Quarles, Reagan, Riggs, Robinson of Illinois, Ruffin, Schwartz, Scott, Scranton, Simms, Singleton, Smith of Virginia, Stalworth, Stevenson, Stewart of Maryland, [illegible], Taylor, Thayer, Thomas, Trimble, Underwood, Vallandigham, Whitely, Winslow, Woodson, and [illegible].

The Speaker said as the resolution was defeated, the preamble fell, as a matter of course.

Mr. Bocock, of Virginia, (Dem.,) rising to a question of privilege, offered a resolution that Messrs. Killinger and Washburn, of Maine, being in the House and refusing to vote on the resolution just defeated—the rules requiring members present to vote—be, and they are entitled to receive, and do hereby receive, the censure of the House.

Mr. Grow, of Pennsylvania, (Rep.,) said the Speaker must submit for the decision of the House whether this was a question of privilege.

Mr. Colfax, of Indiana, (Rep.,) was glad to find the gentleman on the other side so observant of the rules, but he desired to ask why he did not exercise a like vigilance heretofore when his (Bocock's) party friends infringed the rules and were instructed to take their seats.

Mr. Kilgore, of Indiana, (Rep.) said no gentleman was more anxious to avert a vote of censure than himself. He was desirous of casting his vote, but not to place himself in an awkward position.

John Cochrane inquired whether the abstract question of Slavery was now under discussion.

The Speaker replied in the negative.

Mr. Sherman, of Ohio, (Rep.) appealed to Mr. Kilgore to yield the floor to him.

Mr. Hill, of Georgia, (Am.) wanted to know whether in connection with this resolution of censure, the subject of the Presidential election would be in order for discussion.

Mr. Niblack, of Indiana, (Dem.) hoped his colleague would be permitted to speak to the resolution. This courtesy was certainly due to him.

Mr. Kilgore was glad his colleague had such a high personal regard for him. While he was perfectly willing to instruct an inquiry on the subject of interdicting Slavery, he could not vote for instructing the Committee to report a bill giving freedom to every human being, because that would reach convicts, and he was the last to add to Democratic strength by turning them loose, especially at this time, when their votes are of such service in the campaign. [Laughter.] He was in favor of preventing the extension of Slavery to the Territories while there was no power to interfere with it in the States.

Mr. Barksdale, of Mississippi, (Dem.,) asked him whether he believed Congress has the power to interdict the inter State Slave-trade, and to abolish Slavery at the dockyards, arsenals, &c., of the United States.

Mr. Kilgore—That is not a question before the House. "Sufficient unto the day is the evil thereof."

Mr. Bocock withdrew his resolution.

Mr. Colfax, by request of the Post-office Department, introduced a joint resolution for the convenience of that Department, appropriating, in part, the accruing revenues for the payment of contractors for carrying the mails during the quarter ending March 31 next. Passed.

Mr. Haskin, of New-York, (Anti-Lecompton Dem.,) from the Committee on Public Expenditures, made a report on the subject of the public printing, concluding with resolutions requiring a practical printer only to be elected by either House. He is also to execute the binding, and to give bonds in the sum of $25,000, forty per cent. to be deducted from the prices now allowed by law.

The consideration of the subject was postponed till Thursday next.

Mr. Sherman, from the Committee of Ways and Means, reported a bill supplying deficiencies for the year ending with July next, and a bill for the payment of sundry civil expenses of the Government for the new fiscal year.

Went into Committee, and the Army Appropriation bill was taken up.

Mr. Sedgwick, of New-York, (Rep.,) said that the strength and virtue of a party was not to be measured by the steadfastness and probity of its leaders. Thus, the Republican Party has the embodiment of living ideas and sentiments, and its mission was to reform the Government and revive the policy upon which it was founded. It hated tyranny and oppression everywhere, at home as well as in foreign lands; and if it remained true to itself, it would accomplish its work of the extinction of Slavery under the Federal authority. They claimed no right to interfere in the States, but they would claim and exercise the right to go to the extreme verge of Constitutional authority to restrict and limit Slavery beyond the boundaries of the States, giving to the Constitution a fair and liberal construction in favor of liberty. In other words the Republican Party was the party of liberal ideas, of progress, improvement, public education and protection, and they would develope those ideas just so far as discretion would allow, and the Constitution would admit. The Republican Party was assailed upon not widely different grounds at the North; there were extreme men who held that the Constitution upholds and sanctions Slavery, and guarantees property in men, that it was designed to secure property in man, that it was designed to secure that end alone, and that all departments of Government have been controlled for that purpose. They say that while the Republicans confine themselves to the Constitution they can do nothing to limit and restrain Slavery, and the only hope of liberty is the overthrow of that instrument, and the government with it. The extremists of the South held exactly the same views in regard to the Constitution, but urged that the Republicans were a standing menace to their institution, and their attempted administration of government, even by the will of the people constitutionally expressed, was to be resisted by force of arms. The Abolitionists advised them to dissolve, because they were weak and impotent. The Oligarchists, with equal coolness and greater impudence, required them to disarm, because strangely perverted from its legitimate meaning. Instead of meaning a government of the people for the benefit of the many, it had come to represent a government for the benefit of a privileged few, reversing the golden rule, and regarding education, progress, and enlightenment, as curses instead of blessings, demanding new guarantees for enslavement of men. When modern Democracy found a man in its ranks in favor of popular sovereignty he was either whipped like a spaniel into submission, or kicked like a cur out of the Party. This was the Party that denounced the Republican organization as the embodiment of treason, because it stands in the way of a spread of its promised sixteen millions of slaves over the Territories and in the States, and because it is likely in the future to resist the opening of the accursed traffic which all nations now denounce as piracy, but which modern Democracy will soon demand shall be repealed. He would not deny the charge that [illegible] in the North mainly, for there would be no difficulty in recruiting a slave crew at any time from a Northern commercial city or a Northern conservative church. He denounced the Government and its representatives abroad for shuffling about the right of search and the freedom of the seas, to evade our treaty obligations with nations honestly seeking to put down the traffic, and remarked the notorious fact that under no flag but ours can it now be carried on with any hope of success. He would like to see each man engaged in the traffic strung up to the yard arm of the ship he disgraces, but had no doubt that if there was a Democratic President for the next four years, such language would be regarded as treason. The Republican Party was a necessity, and he denied the authority of any self-constituted leaders to transfer or surrender any of its principles. If the party could be betrayed into the folly of any such surrender, it would only give place to another stronger, more radical, more virtuous and more successful party. He contended that the Republican Party was not, and never had been, aggressive; that Slavery had always been, not justly, but leniently and generously treated; that having changed the whole policy of the country, the Republican Party was forced into being, not only to restore the Government to its original policy, but to prevent the universal prevalence of Slavery, and the revival of the horrors of the African Slave-trade; and to protect the *habeas corpus* trial by jury, the freedom of the Press and of speech, and all the other safeguards of freedom. He reviewed the early history of the country to show that the prevailing and universal sentiment at the close of the Revolution and long after was in favor of liberty, and that Slavery was considered by everybody as a curse and a blight. He quoted from the language of the Declaration, and the Constitution and speeches and letters of eminent statesmen of the period referred to in support of that view. Some of these extracts he said were to be found in Helper's *Impending Crisis*, a work indorsed by many gentlemen around him, and whose title was not unfamiliar in the ears of all. From these extracts it appeared that slave codes were even then unjust, barbarous, cruel, and that was before there was any Anti-Slavery agitation to furnish an excuse or apology. It was not till 1819, when Missouri applied for admission, that the country discovered that the slave power had been aiming to subvert the original policy of the Government, and extending its own borders and deepenig its foundations. The invention of the cotton-gin and the acquisition of immense cotton lands had given it a painful impetus, while the North had been unobservant of its growing strength and power, being engrossed by other affairs. He adverted to the great struggle, resulting in the Missouri Compromise, which had so recently been defiantly trampled under foot. He next traced the growth of Anti-Slavery sentiment at the North. The colonization scheme was started by the South, the purpose only of getting rid of the dangerous element of their population, the free blacks, and all the Churches of the North was thrown open for the philanthropic appeals of its agents. But when Wm. Lloyd Garrison returned from Maryland, where he had undergone the vilest persecution to expose the hypocrisy of this scheme, the same Church doors were closed against him, and seemed rusted in their hinges, and he was met everywhere with insult, outrage, and even mob violence. He narrated the career of Garrison, who seemed to him like one sent by heaven in answer to the petitions of mortal man to proclaim freedom in the name of God. He next adverted to the laws of South Carolina and Louisiana, and the unconstitutional imprisonment of Northern seamen in those States. In 1822, twenty-six captains of vessels, then in Charleston, sent a petition to Congress complaining of the loss and inconveniences entailed upon them, but by the interference of Northern merchants the petition was prevented from being presented. He related several instances of the hardships and outrages perpetrated under color of these laws, and then spoke of the forcible expulsion of the Commissioners sent by Massachusetts to test the constitutionality of those laws in Southern Courts. This was but a type of the system of violence resorted to by the promoters of Slavery. Yet these very men who were afraid to have their own laws tested in their own Courts, were now sticklers for law and order, and if Northern men did not turn out at the very first sound of the Marshal's horn to chase the fleeing slave, they declared that the union was in danger, and they would rend it from turret to foundation-stone. There should be a duty on hypocrisy, a tax on humbug, an excise on cant, to reach these sticklers for law and order. Even as late as 1835, the universal sentiment of the North was friendly towards the South and Southern institutions. The Anti-Slavery sentiment was so weak that candidates for office refused to answer questions as to their views on the subject of Slavery. How had this sentiment become changed to one of universal reprobation of Slavery? By the violence and the disregard of Constitutional obligation on the part of the South. Their only argument had been force, for that was the only basis of their institution. Violence and outrage were its *Alpha* and *Omega*, from the capture of the African in his native home, through the horrors of the middle passage, down to his sale to a Christian planter. From first to last it was a violation of that higher law whose seat is the bosom of God, and which constitutes the harmony of the world. No law and constitutional guarantees, however solemn, could bind the conscience of any citizen of any nation under heaven to the support of such a system of outrage and violence. It was admitted by its most able advocate the other day, (Mr. Curry,) that there was no law in the Slave-States for the support of the institution. It was an usurpation resting entirely upon force, and by-and-by some Spartacus would rise in their midst to test the question of superior force. When Anti-Slavery agitation spread at the North, Commerce was shocked and went upon its knees to its throned monarch, Cotton. But the days of mob violence had ceased at the North, though they had recently seen the humiliating spectacle of a Postmaster-General of the United States advising one of his Deputies how to construe a State law for robbing the mails. The same system of mob-violence was now to be used to intimidate the South, but it would have the same effect at the South upon non-slaveholders, who are sought to be kept in ignorance, as it had had upon the people of the North. He referred to the madness and folly of the slave propagandists in denying to the Abolitionists the right of petition, a right which has rarely been denied by the meanest despot to his meanest subjects. He glanced hastily at the leading events of the last twenty years, dwelling especially on the Compromise measures of 1850. California, he claimed, ought to have been freely admitted as a Free State, but its admission was coupled with the Fugitive Slave law,—a measure of but little consequence, to be sure, as a practical measure, but which was designed to be a test of Northern conservatism and nationality. Great ingenuity was exercised in making that law as bad and villainous as possible, and certainly any man who would give it a cheerful acquiescence might be relied on to do anything mean, even to selling his own mother into the rice swamps.

Here the inevitable hammer fell, the allotted hour having expired.

The Committee rose and the House adjourned.

## FROM ALBANY.

Albany, Monday, March 26.

Hon. A. B. Williams, Senator of Wayne County, is detained at home by a serious attack of erysipelas in the head. He was taken sick on the way home with his family. There is very little probability of his return this session. Senator Williams has supported the *Pro Rata* and Assembly Toll bill—his absence, therefore, loses one vote to those measures.

## PROCEEDINGS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

### SENATE.

Albany, Monday, March 26.

The Assembly bill, declaring for and confirming the location of the Schuyler County buildings at Havana, was reported favorably, and, without amendment, made the special order for to-morrow evening.

The bill to provide for the payment of Croton water at Sing Sing was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Spinola again reported the bill to amend the Brooklyn Water Act, which was recommitted, on a motion of Mr. Gardiner, last week.

Mr. Gardiner moved to lay the report on the table; lost, and the bill ordered to be engrossed for a third reading.

Mr. Hammond reported a bill to amend the Excise law, which was taken up in Committee of the Whole, but after reading one section the Committee rose without making any progress.

The President presented a communication from the District-Attorney of New-York relative to bills affecting Courts of that City, and protesting against the appointment of a Police Justices' Attorney.

Mr. Munroe introduced a bill to provide for the removal of insane convicts from the Utica Asylum to the Lunatic Asylum at Auburn.

The bill to regulate the sale of poisons was lost, but on a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

The bill to divide Allegany County into two Jury Districts was reported for the consideration of the Senate.

The President announced the following Grinding Committee: Messrs. Ferry, Ketcham, Colvin, Connolly, Montgomery, Rotch, Goss, Prosser.

Mr. Ramsay introduced a bill to regulate appeals from and in the Marine Court in New-York.

The remainder of the session was consumed by consideration of private bills in Committee of the Whole.

### ASSEMBLY.

Albany, Monday, March 26.

The Assembly was engaged all the morning in debating the Annual Appropriation bill.

Mr. Webster moved to refer the bill for the protection against unsafe buildings in New-York to the first Committee of the Whole. Lost.

Mr. Flagler moved to make the Personal Liberty bill the special order of Thursday evening. Lost.

The remainder of the session was consumed in perfecting the Appropriation bill, with the prospect of an all night session.

**Every Day Young Men and Others receive** advice by means of phrenological examinations at FOWLER & WELLS', No. 308 Broadway, as to proper pursuits, how to control the passions and make the most of themselves, which advice is worth vastly more than a mere fortune.

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**Destructive Fire at Mobile, Ala.**

Mobile, March 15, 1860.

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Gentlemen: We take pleasure in stating that the HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION SAFE purchased from you last year, has been the means of preserving our books, papers, &c., from the fire at the destruction of our office and building this morning. When we opened the safe after the fire, we found its contents in as good condition as when put in last evening. The safe was exposed to a severe test and proved its FIRE-PROOF qualities. We cheerfully recommend HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION SAFES to our friends and the public. MALONE & FOOTE.

FIRE AT WARRENTON, GEO.

Warrenton, Geo., March 19, 1860.

S. C. Herring & Co.—*Gents:* The Herring's Patent Safe which I bought of you in April, 1858, has stood the fire. My house was burnt the 15th inst.; when the safe got cold I opened it, and found my books, papers, and money all safe and sound. I would like to know whether it would stand another fire. Yours, respectfully, FOSTER H. THOMPSON.

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BEST AND CHEAPEST ARTICLE
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**By Visiting Rogers & Raymond's**

New Broadway Clothing Store, heads of families may see the largest, the most elegant, and by far the cheapest assortment of boys' Spring Clothing opened this season. No. 214 Broadway, under Barnum's Museum.

**What is it? What is it?**

Why, one of WHITE'S BEAUTIFUL SPRING STYLE HATS, from No. 216 Broadway, opposite St. Paul's Church. Go and see them. They are beautiful.

**Boots! Boots! Boots!**

LORIN BROOKS & SON are celebrated for making the best boots in the City—31 years' experience. No. 188 Fulton-st., west of Broadway, opposite Church-st.

**Dr. Marsh Continues to Apply his Radical** cure Truss with success, in effecting permanent cures of Hernia or Rupture. Ladies waited upon by a female in private rooms. Trusses of every kind for permanent retention of rupture, bathing trusses, supporters, shoulder-braces, suspensory bandages, silk elastic stockings, knee-caps, anklets, and all surgical appliances scientifically applied, by MARSH & CO., 2 Vesey-st., Astor House, (opposite St. Paul's Church.)

**Batchelor's Hair Dye, Wigs and Toupees.**—This celebrated establishment is removed to No. 16 Bond-st. Twelve private rooms for the application of his Hair Dye, the best extant. BATCHELOR'S Wigs and Toupees have improvements over all. This is the only place where these are properly understood and made.

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## MARRIED.

Squire—Spendlove.—In this City, on Thursday, March 22, at St. Thomas Church, by Rev. W. F. Morgan. Mr. Henry N. Squire to Miss Mary F. Spendlove, all of this City.

Mott—Cox.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, March 29, 1859, by Rev. Mr. Harris, Albert G. Mott to Miss Alice C. Cox.

## DIED.

Wilson.—In this City, on Sunday morning, March 25, Mrs. Jane Wilson, relict of Robert G. Wilson, in the 76th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, on Tuesday afternoon, March 27, at 3 o'clock, from the residence of her son-in-law, Alexander Ming, No. 129 West 25th-st., without further invitation.

Barker.—In this City, on Sunday morning, March 25, while on a visit at the residence of her uncle, Isaac V. Briggs, Clara W., daughter of Titus and Mary Barker.

The relatives and friends of the family are requested to attend the funeral, on Tuesday morning, March 27, at 9½ o'clock, at No. 225 East Broadway, without further notice. The remains will be taken to East Chester for interment.

White.—In this City, on Sunday, March 25, Mr. John C. White, merchant, of No. 277 Hudson-st., aged 33 years.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 15 Charlton-st., this day, (Tuesday,) at 1 o'clock P. M. His remains will be taken to Cypress Hills Cemetery.

Clawson.—In this City, on Monday, March 26, Louisa, youngest daughter of Albert W. and Emily Clawson, aged 6 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Wednesday afternoon, the 28th inst., at 1 o'clock, from No. 694 Greenwich-st., without further invitation.

☞ Connecticut papers please copy.

Boynton.—At the residence of the late Joshua Brookes, Esq., Edward Boynton, son of the late Jedediah Boynton, Esq., of Hinesburgh, Vt.

His friends, and those of the family, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, on Wednesday, at 2 o'clock P. M., without further invitation.

Salmon.—On Saturday, March 24, Eugene, infant son of Hamilton H. and Emilie M. Salmon, aged 28 days.

Watkinson.—In Brooklyn, L. I., on Thursday, March 22, of apoplexy, John Ellis Watkinson, late of Halifax, England, aged 42 years.

Wendell.—In Brooklyn, E. D., on Monday, March 26, Catharine, youngest child of Tunis D. and Ann Jane Wendell, aged 16 days.

Gasquoine.—In Brooklyn, on Sunday morning, March 25, Samuel, infant son of Samuel and Almira Gasquoine, aged 1 year and 8 days.

Funeral on Wednesday, at 2 o'clock P. M.

Albertson.—In Brooklyn, on Sunday, March 26, Mary Albertson, aged 74 years.

Friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from Graham Institute, Washington, near Lafayette av., this day, (Tuesday,) the 27th inst., at 3 P. M.

Weeks.—In Hoboken, on Monday afternoon, March 26, Mary, relict of Benjamin Weeks, in the 83d year of her age.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, on Wednesday morning, the 28th inst., at 11 o'clock, from the residence of James K. Brush, No. 23 Union-place, Bloomfield-st., without further invitation.

Carnes.—At Pilatka, Florida, on Monday, March 12, Edwin Osgood Carnes.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, at the Church of the Annunciation, 14th-st., on Tuesday, March 27, at 10 o'clock A. M., without further invitation.

Brower.—At Rockaway, L. I., on Sunday, March 25, John Brower, aged 71 years, 3 months and 12 days.

Griffitts.—At Philadelphia, on Friday, March 23, Robert Smith Griffitts, in the 33d year of his age.

Chavell.—At Stratford, Conn., on Thursday, March 22, Emma Louisa, youngest daughter of William H. and Emily A. Chavell, aged 4 years and 7 months.

**OFFICIAL DRAWINGS, BY TELEGRAPH OF THE LEGALIZED LOTTERIES,**
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of the
**DELAWARE, GEORGIA, KENTUCKY and MISSOURI STATE LOTTERIES.**
**AUTHORIZED BY THE LEGISLATURE.**

The undersigned Commissioners, appointed by the Governor of the State of Delaware to superintend the drawing of the Delaware State Lottery, do certify that the following are the numbers drawn this day:

DELAWARE LOTTERIES.

*Extra Class, No. 145, March 26, 1860.*

47, 28, 77, 33, 54, 67, 63, 6, 66, 15, 11, 37, 25.

*Class No. 146, March 26, 1860.*

27, 55, 47, 30, 68, 72, 32, 50, 34, 75, 25, 67, 31.

Witness our hands, at Wilmington, Del., March 26, 1860.
GEO. C. GORDON,
JOS. SEAL,
JAMES DUNCAN.

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The contributions of Rev. Dr. TYNG, WILLIAM ALLEN BUTLER, Esq., and WILLIAM M. EVARTS, Esq., are secured to this paper by copyright, and therefore will not appear in any other journal. Contents of this week's number:

SLAVERY IN THE FREE STATES.
WILLIAM M. EVARTS, ESQ.,

One of the most distinguished members of the American Bar, will contribute the first of a series of articles on the above subject. Considering their eminent source, these articles will doubtless command general attention.

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Dr. CURRY'S reputation as a writer among Christian men of all denominations, especially in the Methodist Church, will insure for these articles great popularity and special interest, in view of the approaching general Conference, to which reference will be made.

A NEW AND ORIGINAL POEM,
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Mrs. ELIZABETH BARRETT BROWNING,
Entitled,
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This beautiful poem is in the author's happiest vein, and will be immediately recognized as one of her best efforts. The following are the opening lines:

"Her hair was tawny with gold, her eyes with purple were dark;
Her cheeks pale, opal, burnt with a red and restless spark."
"Never was lady of Milan nobler in name and in race—
Never was lady of Italy fairer to see in the face."

REV. STEPHEN H. TYNG, D. D.,
will contribute his ninth letter on
SUNDAY SCHOOLS.
"THE PROPOSED ARCTIC EXPEDITION,"
BY FRANCIS LIEBER, LL.D.,

In which the new project of Dr. Hayes for another Arctic search for the Polar Sea is discussed,

A SERMON,
BY REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER.

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**CONTENTS OF THIS WEEK'S LEDGER.**

NOW READY.

I. AN ARTICLE by Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER.
II. AN ARTICLE ON REV. HENRY GRATTAN GUINNESS, the THEATRICAL PREACHER.
III. A SCRIPTURE POEM. By Mrs. L. H. SIGOURNEY.
IV. PROGRESS OF OUR CIVILIZATION—CRUEL IMPRISONMENT OF A POOR IRISH BOY.
V. FAULT SEEKERS. By Mrs. ANNA CORA RITCHIE.
VI. THE COCKNEY—A HUMOROUS POEM. By JOHN G. SAXE.
VII. A SPRING SONG. By WILLIAM ROSS WALLACE.
VIII. GUILTY OR NOT GUILTY. By FANNY FERN.
IX. "THE SHOPPING QUESTION." A Series of Communications from different cities.
X. PAIRED, NOT MATCHED. By WILLIAM H. MORRIS.
XI. WIT AND WISDOM. By GEO. D. PRENTICE.
XII. CHESS DEPARTMENT. Edited by PAUL MORPHY.

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FRED. S. COZZENS,
Dr. T. D. ENGLISH,
AND
ONE WHO KEEPS HIS EYES AND EARS OPEN.

N. B.—The article in this week's LEDGER on Rev. HENRY GRATTAN GUINNESS, the new and accomplished theatrical preacher, is the first of a series of interesting papers which are now in course of preparation. Read the following article from the New-York *Evangelist*, and then buy the LEDGER, and see what Mr. Bonner has to say. The *Evangelist* remarks:

"The only things which mar Mr. Guinness' delivery are an excessive mouthing in his pronunciation, which to one not accustomed to his style, gives it an appearance of affectation; and a habit, which we fear will grow upon him, of sliding into that drawl and sing-song which are so common in the English pulpit. We feel a very deep interest in this youthful stranger, and join heartily in welcoming him to this country. We would not put a straw in the way of his usefulness. On the contrary, it is not that we would prevent his success, but that we would have him do more good, that we venture thus to criticise his style of preaching, and to utter in public what ten thousand hearers say in private. We cannot but fear that this young preacher, bursting into a sudden popularity, and earnestly desiring to do good, has yielded to his own ardent impulses, and to the injudicious solicitations of friends, and suffered himself to be urged into an amount of preaching which only the resources of Chalmers or of Robert Hall could sustain, and which must soon exhaust a mind that is not very richly stored.

In closing, we cannot but express our deep regret at the practice which is being introduced from the world into the Church, of manufacturing reputations by an extensive system of advertising, and of paragraphs inserted in the papers. Such tricks of popularity are utterly unworthy of the Christian ministry. Of course, we do not for a moment suppose that Mr. Guinness is capable of being a party to any such indirect eulogy. But he ought to know that he is very much injured in the eyes of the more intelligent portion of the community by some indiscreet friends who seem to make a business of it. This blowing of trumpets is very offensive to good taste and to Christian feeling. The more quietly any minister labors, the more deeply will the good seed be sown, and the richer will the fruits spring up, and the longer will they endure."

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FOR SALE—FOUR FINELY SITUATED LOTS on 105th-st., between 4th and 5th avs., 25x100. They lie about on the grade, free from rock, soil dry and sandy, 20 feet or more above Harlem Common. Price $1,000 each. Apply to W. L. TAYLOR, No. 76 Wall-st., corner of Pearl.

FOR SALE.—TWO NEW FIRST-CLASS FOUR-story high stoop brown-stone houses, Nos. 29 and 35 West 34th-st.; full size, with extension for library, finished with black walnut stairs, rosewood doors, and all modern improvements. Apply on the premises, or of LOPER & DAVIS.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—THE THREE-story house and lot No. 82 West Warren-st., between Clinton and Henry sts.; has all the modern conveniences and is in complete order; convenient to South and Wall-st. Ferries. Terms easy. Apply on the premises.

FOR SALE—A REAL GOOD HOME FOR A GENteel family in Albion-place, two minutes' walk from Broadway; two thirds on mortgage; balance in a mortgage on other property. J. SMITH DODGE, No. 10 East 17th st.

FOR SALE—A VALUABLE BUILDING LOT ON 3d-av., below 29th st. Size 25x100. At a reasonable price. Apply at No. 189 3d-av. JOHN D. OTTIWELL.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE FOUR-STORY marble-front building, Nos. 48 and 50 Duane-st.; is a first-class store, suitable for mercantile purposes. To let in whole or in floors. Apply at No. 45 Duane-st.

## COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

TWO COUNTRY SEATS FOR SALE OR RENT—Built in the best style of Tudor Gothic, with double brick walls, marble facings, covered with slate, having ample stables, coach-houses, &c., from the designs of A. J. Davis, Esq., architect, of this City. They are situated on handsome lawns, on Wingah Hills, opposite the residence of the subscriber, about 5 minutes' walk from the New-Rochelle Dépôt, about 45 minutes' ride from the City. They contain 18 rooms, with spacious porches and verandahs, commanding an extensive view of Long Island Sound. The location is most salubrious, neighborhood select and free from every kind of nuisance, good schools and churches within walking distance. They will be sold or rented to acceptable families, furnished or unfurnished, on moderate terms, as they were built to establish a select neighborhood, rather than for profit. Apply to RICHARD LATHERS, Nos. 33 and 35 Pine-st.

LLEWELLYN PARK, AT ORANGE, N. J.—A tract of 500 acres of land, country residences, in Llewellyn Park, only one hour from New-York, for sale:

Lakewood, picturesque villa, and 5 acres.
Castlewood, a stone mansion, and 5 acres.
Eyrie, Eagle Rock, a rustic cottage, and 10 acres.
A cottage and 1 acre at $5,000; a cottage and 1 acre at $3,000.
A cottage and 5 acres in Eagleton at $8,000.
14 building sites of 5 acres each, in Llewellyn Park.
10 beautiful building sites on Orange Mountain, at $500 per acre. Apply to the proprietor,
L. S. HASKELL,
No. 44 Cedar-st., or Eagle Rock, Orange, N. J.

FOR SALE.—A COUNTRY RESIDENCE AND farm, situated at Rye, Westchester County, two miles N. W. from Rye Dépôt, in an improving and desirable neighborhood, on the White Plains Road. There are 96 acres of land, in orchard, meadow and woodland, a large vegetable garden, well cultivated, and with fruits and flowers in abundance. The buildings are all new, and consist of two dwelling-houses, a large barn, cattle stables and other outbuildings. There are eight head of fine stock, which, with farming implements, fixtures, crops, &c., will be included in the sale of the place, and all at a bargain, if applied for soon, to HANSON K. CORNING, No. 84 South-st., New-York.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A DESIRABLE country residence, in New-Rochelle, near the Neptune House; fine location, overlooking the Sound. It contains 19 acres, a large house (20 rooms,) barn, and other out-buildings, all in good repair; terms easy. Also, to let or for sale, near the above, a fine place, containing three acres, a two-story and basement house, barn, &c.; unsurpassed for situation. Rent, furnished, $160; unfurnished, $125. Price, $2,500; terms easy. Inquire of T. L. ROSE, No. 86 Vesey-st., or M. T. STRONG, New Rochelle.

FOR SALE IN CLAREMONT—NEAR HIGH Bridge, Westchester County, a house with 10 rooms, and carriage-house, and eight City lots; the house is handsomely located, and a healthy location; also, another house with ten rooms and carriage-house, and 10 or 27 City lots to suit the buyer. To be sold on easy terms; possession given immediately. The steamboats commence running to-morrow to connect with the Harlem boats. This property is located one mile from Melrose Station, one mile from McComb's Dam, and one-quarter of a mile from High Bridge. Inquire of ANDREW WOOLF, on the premises. Also, some plots for sale.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—RIVERSIDE, Formerly the country residence of Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes. Is situated just south and in sight of Pittsfield, Mass. The property consists of a fine house, carriage house, barn, workshop, ice house, &c., and twenty acres of the finest land in the Housatonic Valley. The house is fully furnished, and will be disposed of with or without furniture. The property will be sold low on favorable terms, or exchanged. Property unincumbered. Inquire of CALDWELL & JANES, No. 96 Broadway.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY—The handsome suburban residence of Joseph Van Vleck, Esq., on Walton-av., West Morrisania, ¼ of a mile west of Melrose Station, Harlem Railroad; house 40x40, built in the best manner, and filled in with brick; grounds comprise 23½ lots; land high; fine prospect; good water; no nuisances; location healthy; society select, and place altogether desirable. Apply on the premises, or to C. C. PINCKNEY, No. 72 Wall-st.

TO LET—AT FLUSHING, L. I., FOR SIX months from June 1, or a year from May 1, a very nicely furnished cottage, pleasantly situated, within ten minutes' walk from the railroad dépôt and steamboat landing. Bath-room on second story; gas throughout. Half an acre of land, in garden and lawn, with shade and fruit trees. For further particulars and terms, address or apply to Dr. JOSEPH H. VEDDER, Flushing, L. I.

FOR SALE—AN ELEGANT COUNTRY SEAT AT Spuyten Duyvel, furnished or unfurnished, 12 miles from the City by Hudson River Railroad, and 12 minutes' walk from dépôt: 4½ acres of land, a three-story brick house 40x42 feet, 12 rooms, bath room, &c; good barn and garden. View unsurpassed and location perfectly healthy. For particulars, apply to HOMER MORGAN, or E. H. LUDLOW Pine-st., near Broadway.

TO LET AT ORANGE, N. J.—A NEAT STORY-and-half house, in Cherry-st., within two minutes' walk of the Junction Station. The house has been fresh papered and painted, has 7 rooms and large basement kitchen, and very convenient for a small family. Possession immediately. Rent $225 to the 1st of April, 1861. Inquire in the store No. 281 Pearl-st.

AN IMPROVED PROPERTY, CENTRALLY located in Newark, N. J., worth $25,000, increasing in value, and incumbered for only $7,600, will be exchanged for a first-class house in New-York, or a country seat within one hour of the City, furnished or unfurnished, at a fair valuation. Principals only may apply to PENNINGTON & WARREN, No. 60 Wall-st.

COUNTRY HOUSE TO LET—AT SPUYTEN Duyvil, near the Hudson River Railroad; one hour and ten minutes from Chambers-st; the place contains 24 acres, including a good garden, with a great variety of fruit trees in full bearing; the house is a gothic cottage, and contains ten rooms, with a bath-room, &c. For particulars inquire of S. CONOVER, Jr., No. 298 Broadway.

TO RENT—A COUNTRY SEAT, CONSISING OF a large and convenient dwelling-house, stable and other out-buildings, large and well cultivated garden, and several acres of land, situated on 3d-av., between 51st and 53d sts., Brooklyn, and adjoining the elegant residence of M. McGrath, Esq. Cars pass in front of the premises every few minutes. Rent $600. Inquire of JOHN KELLUM, No. 179 Broadway, New-York.

COUNTRY PLACE FOR SALE—ON THE Hudson River, 30 miles from the City; one-third of a mile from the Dépôt. Good buildings; well fruited and watered, and grounds highly improved. Three-quarters of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage. Inquire of EDMUND COFFIN, No. 27 Nassau-st. Possession immediately.

HOUSE AND FIVE ACRES OF GROUND FOR SALE OR TO LET, LOW.—Large garden, abundance of fruit, fine water, stable, &c., all delightfully situated on the Manor Roads, Staten Island, within fifteen minutes' walk of Factoryville landing. Apply to JOHN J. CLUTE, at that landing, or to DAVID DECKER No. 55 Whitehall-st.

TO LET—THE RESIDENCE OF THE SUBSCRIber at New-Rochelle. The house is large and convenient, the garden well stocked with fruit, and the lawn (containing three acres,) extending on three sides to Long Island Sound, covered with shade and fruit trees, with stable, &c. Apply to H. P. KELLOGG, New-Rochelle.

A GOOD CHANCE.—FOR SALE CHEAP, or to let, a handsome country seat, situated on Staten Island, three miles from the ferries, with new houses, barns, stables, fruit trees, vines and plenty of shade, with 5 to 15 acres of land as required. Most of the money can remain on mortgage. Inquire of MARTIN, BROTHERS & CO., No. 69 Leonard-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—FOR SALE OR TO LET.—New cottage house with about ¾ acres ground, situated on Linden Hill, overlooking the valley; within 8 minutes' walk of railroad station; furniture can also be rented if desired. Apply to Dr. S. WICKES, Orange, N. J.

PEEKSKILL REAL ESTATE.—J. B. MILLS, Civil Engineer, Surveyor and Real Estate Agent, Peekskill, offers for sale desirable country residences, villa sites, farms and good village residences and property. Refer to Judge Nelson, George P. Nelson, Esq., No. 70 Wall-st., Rev. H. W. Beecher, Brooklyn.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A NEW FRAME 2½-story cottage, with a 2-story extension and kitchen, at Elizabeth, N. J.; marble mantels, front and rear stairs, &c., suitable for a private residence. Terms easy. Apply to S. A. SPENCER, No. 281 Grand-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—A COTTAGE, WITH ONE OR MORE acres of ground, or without if preferred. The house is pleasantly situated on elevated ground, within five minutes' walk from two stage routes, and 2½ miles from Williamsburgh ferry. Apply to Mr. BROWN, confectionery, inside Peck-slip ferry.

## COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET OR LEASE.—A large double house, with a good stable and about 10 acres of ground, situated on the Bloomingdale Road, between 107th and 108th sts., and adjoining the Woodlawn property; rent $600. For further particulars, apply to Dr. WM. B. MOFFAT, No. 335 Broadway, Room No. 9.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE OR TO LET, AT CARMANSVILLE.—House and 6 lots; water and gas complete; good shade, and view of the river; 12 trains a day; 5 minutes' walk from dépôt. Terms easy. Apply to W. H. SILLIMAN, Broadway, corner 28th-st.

TO LET—ON STRAWBERRY HILL, IN STAMford, Conn., 1¼ mile from railroad station, a new stone house, of 15 rooms, furnished, with 6 acres of land in high cultivation, and stone stable; the situation is of peculiar beauty and salubrity. Address CLUNY, Box No. 153 *Times* Office.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—IN GREENWICH, Conn., 30 miles on the N. H. R., near the dépôt, a nice country residence, with one acre of ground, carriage-house, &c. Contains 10 rooms. Will let it furnished for $500, or unfurnished $350. Address or apply to J. M. BOWEN, No. 43 Maiden-lane.

TO LET—A VERY FINE HOUSE AT MOUNT Vernon, with 14 rooms, in excellent condition; half an acre of ground attached; fine location and prospect. Call on JNO. STEVENS, Mount Vernon, or inquire of G. BUSHNELL, No. 413 4th-av., New-York City.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—AT NORTH ORANGE, N. J., a very convenient house situated on Main-st., within five minutes' walk of the Brick Church Station. Terms moderate. Apply at the book store, No. 397 Broadway, New-York, for particulars, of THOMAS G. FRENCH.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY—A family mansion with seven acres of land, at Saugerties, on the Hudson. Picturesque and healthy situation, gardens, lake, boating and fishing. Terms easy. Apply to CALDWELL & JANES, No. 96 Broadway.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A FINE THREE-story house, with good barn and carriage-house, and about an acre of land, situate on the Passaic River, three miles from Newark. Apply to the owner, CHAS. J. RUTGERS, No. 58 Wall-st., back basement.

HOUSES TO LET AT ASTORIA—RENTS from $150 to $700; steamboat *Mattano* leaves Fulton Market-slip at 9 o'clock, A. M., 1 and 4 o'clock, P. M. For particulars, apply to R. M. BLACKWELL & CO., No. 144 Front-st., or to R. M. BLACKWELL, Astoria.

TO LET—THE PREMISES NOW OCCUPIED BY L. Silliman Ives, Esq., situated on the Hudson River near Manhattanville, and within five minutes' walk of the Hudson River Railroad Dépôt. Apply to A. J. SMITH, No. 65 Chatham st.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT FOR THE SUMMER—A beautiful country residence on Long Island, partly furnished; situated directly on the salt water. Inquire of COVERT & CO., No. 61 Warren st.

BABYLON, L. I.—FOR SALE OR TO LET—House with three acres of ground attached, situated near the water; will be sold cheap, or let to good tenant. Apply at No. 11 Front-st., N. Y.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY residence, convenient to boat and cars. For particulars, apply to E. RANDEL, No. 146 Clinton-st.

## TO LET.

ROBT. E. BABB, REAL ESTATE AGENT, Office No. 167 Broadway; residence No. 6 Jones-st. References—Ex-Mayor Harper, Leonard W. Kipp, Esq.

A. K. FOSTER & CO.,
REAL ESTATE AGENTS,
ABEL K. FOSTER, LEWIS W. SLOAT, EDW. H. FOSTER, } No. 11 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK.

REAL ESTATE PURCHASED, SOLD, EXCHANGED, leased, or taken charge of, in this City and its vicinity. Particular attention given to property in New Jersey and on Staten Island.

Money Borrowed and Loaned on Bond and Mortgage. Insurance effected in the best offices, at the lowest rates.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE ON 21ST-ST., by Gramercy Park, four stories, English basement, brown-stone front, 65 feet deep, unusually well-arranged, and completely and handsomely furnished.

ALSO, STABLE AND COACH-HOUSE, with accommodation for four horses.

ALSO, FURNISHED COUNTRY PLACE, beautifully situated on the Sound, at Davenport's Neck, 1½ miles from New-Rochelle station, fifty minutes by New-Haven Railroad from New-York; stone mansion house, 56 feet front, with kitchen extension, coach-house, stable, 7 acres of ground, (more if desired,) fine shade and fruit trees, garden, lawn, bathing, &c Apply to CLARKSON N. POTTER, No. 61 Wall-st.

BROADWAY.—NO. 474 BROADWAY, EAST SIDE, between Grand and Broome sts., is to be altered immediately into a 4-story store. The store will be let for one year. The lofts and basement will be leased. Ready by May 1. For particulars apply to CONOVER & WALKER, No. 298 Broadway.

Our present store, No. 298 Broadway, is also to let for one year.

TIMES BUILDING—FIFTH STORY—TO let cheap, and possession immediate, a large room, suitable for an Architect's or Engraver's office, or for any business requiring a good light. Apply in Publication Office.

TO LET—AT WILLIAMSBURGH, L. I., AT A reasonable price, to a good tenant, a good and large house with 16 lots, (one acre of ground,) laid out as a garden, with fruit, shrubbery, &c., situated on south side of Grand-st. between Lorimer and Leonard sts., (with 2 lamps in front of the door.) For particulars, &c., apply to C. R. W. HOWES, at the Park Bank, Beekman-st., New-York.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN—FOUR BROWN-stone houses on the East side of Clinton-st., between Harrison and Degraw-sts, with ten bedrooms and bath-room, two parlors, a basement room and kitchen, with furnace in sub-cellar and all the modern improvements, in good order; rent $700; similar property in New-York would rent for $1,400. Apply to JOHN RANKIN, at the Humboldt Insurance Co., No. 10 Wall-st.

TO LET—THE SECOND FLOOR OF HOUSE NO. 15 Hammond-st., consisting of two rooms bedroom, large pantry and clothes-press, and privilege of the bath-room; will be put in the best order with modern improvements. Rent, including gas, $300. Can be seen from 12 to 2 o'clock.

TO LET—THE NEW STORE AND DWELLING No. 416 4th-av., and also the dwelling part of No. 418 4th-av.; well calculated for a boarding-house, having a private entrance on 30th-st. Inquire of F. BLANCHET, No. 290 6th-av., before 10 o'clock A. M., or after 4 P. M.

TO LET—THE LARGE HOUSE NO. 108 BLEECKer-st., near Greene-st.; if required for business purposes, alterations will be made to suit the tenant; can be seen from 3 to 4 o'clock P. M. Inquire of FRANCIS BLANCHET, No. 290 6th-av., before 10 o'clock A. M., or after 4 P. M.

TO LEASE—WITH USE OF STEAM POWER IF wanted, five lots, partly covered with buildings, in South-st., running through to front, between Jackson and Scammel sts., New York. Apply in the saw-mill adjoining, or to J. H. DOUGHTY, No. 153 Bowery, New-York.

TO LET—TO A SMALL FAMILY PART OF house No. 148 West 20th-st., consisting of four rooms on the second floor, two rooms on the third and the back basement. Rent $300. Apply to ALEXANDER W. MURRAY, Bible House, Astor-place.

TO LET—THE FINE LARGE HOUSE, WITH store and basement, whole or part, to suitable tenants; a good location for a boarding-house; house contains 23 rooms, with gas, range, water, &c. Apply on the premises, 62 East Broadway, or at No. 94 Duane st., 3d floor.

TO LET—FROM FIRST MAY NEXT—FURNISHed rooms in 15th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.; house has all modern improvements; family strictly private. Best of references given and required. Address J. M., Box No. 161 *Times* Office.

TO LET—THE STORE AND DWELLING NO. 211 6th-av., between 14th and 15th sts.; it is one of the best business locations on the 6th-av. Inquire of F. BLANCHET, No. 290 6th-av., before 10 o'clock A. M., or after 4 P. M.

TO LET—THE EXTENSIVE PREMISES NOS. 24 and 26 Wooster-st., now used as a piano factory, well lighted and suitable for any business requiring room. Near Broadway and Canal-st. Major THOMPSON, No. 27 Wooster-st.

TO INSURANCE COMPANIES AND BROKERS—To let, the entire floor No. 82 Wall-st. Also, offices on the fourth floor. Inquire of R. EMERSON, Esq., on the premises, or T. J. BRAINERD, Wall-st. Ferry, and No. 51 Liberty-st., Brooklyn.

TO LET—ON THE 1ST OF MAY, THE NEW STORE and four-story building corner of 4th and Green sts. Also, a part of the building corner of 4th and Mercer sts. Apply at the Diaphragm Filter Office, No. 326 4th-st.

TO LET OR LEASE FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES, the second, third and fourth floors of No. 751 Broadway, west side, near Astor-place, undergoing alterations. Rented separately or together. For terms, apply to C. C. PINCKNEY, No. 72 Wall-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT—IN A VERY desirable situation, and in fine order; possession May 1; rent $1,800. Also, a stable near by; rent, $250. Apply to LOOMIS & GOFF, 6 Pine st., or 1,128 Broadway.

TO LET—A COTTAGE HOUSE, WITH A LARGE garden, situated in the rear of the northwest corner of Broadway and 48th st. Apply to JOHN WAITE, No. 932 Broadway Clerks' Office, third floor.

TO LET—THE TWO-STORY AND ATTIC BRICK dwelling No 148 Madison-st., between Pike and Market. Inquire of S. F. R. CODDINGTON, No. 67 Broad-st.

TO LET—THE TWO COMMODIOUS STORES, Nos. 330 and 332 Washington-st., suitable for wholesale grocers. Apply to JOHNSON & LAZARUS, No. 110 Front-st.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—A TWO STORY AND basement cottage house, with bath, range and wash-tubs, pleasantly situated at No. 193 East 21st st., between 1st and 2d avs. Can be seen after 11 A. M.

STEAM-POWER TO LET.—TO LET, IN A good substantial building, a basement room, 60x48 feet, well lighted, front and rear; any amount of power can be furnished. Apply on the premises, No. 318 West 34th-st., near 10th-av.

NO. 272 MADISON-STREET—TO LET OR LEASE—Modern three-story house, has gas and chandeliers, range, bath-room, hot and cold water; pleasant location. Apply to R. M. MITCHILL at R. T. Wilde & Co.'s, No. 251 Broadway.

TO LUMBER DEALERS AND OTHERS.—TO LET—A plot of 12 lots, well located, with bulk-head and water privileges, for a term of years, with improvements of office and stable. Address Box No. 2,777 Post-office, New-York.

OFFICES, SINGLE, OR A SUITE OF THREE to let on the second floor of the Great Western buildings, Pine st. H. H. ELLIOTT, No. 31 Pine st., Office No. 9.

THREE WORKSHOPS TO LET—EACH 25 feet by 45, with ten windows in each, in rear building No. 208 William-st. House and store No. 204 William st. to let. Inquire of M. J. GILHOOLY, No. 78 William-st.

TO LEASE FOR THREE OR FIVE YEARS—The desirable three-story house No. 274 West 24th-st. Rent $650. Can be seen from 1 to 5 P. M. Apply to T. R. JACKSON, Architect, No. 229 Broadway.

66 FULTON-STREET, CORNER RYDER'S Alley, two upper floors, divided into connecting rooms, to let, whole or separate. Apply on the premises.

## TO LET.

TO LET—HOUSE NO. 130 WEST 40TH-ST., TWO doors west of 7th-av. The house is four stories, 60 feet deep; has all modern improvements; is in complete order; the gas fixtures, window shades, hall oil-cloth and carpet to reception-room will be left in. None but a good tenant, with small family, need apply. Rent $650. NELSON SMITH, No. 208 Broadway.

TO LET—THE NEW STORE NO. 178 NINTH-AV., with a good dry basement and vault connected; the store has an iron front, with large plate-glass lights and rolling iron shutters. Location very desirable. Rent moderate. Apply to JAMES N. WELLS, No. 167 9th-av.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN—A NEATLY BUILT three-story brick dwelling-house, very pleasantly located at No. 247 Washington-st., cor. of Johnson-st., opposite St. John's Church and near the ferries. Rent, $650. Inquire of E. KINGSLEY, No. 241 Washington-st., Brooklyn.

TO LET—A FACTORY 46 BY 100, FOUR STORIES and cellar, well lighted, formerly used for a piano-forte factory, situated at Nos. 156 and 158 East 21st-st.; will lease for a term of years. Inquire of J. W. FIELDER, No. 72 East 26th-st. Possession immediately.

TO LET—SPLENDID OFFICES IN THE NEW building No. 207 Broadway, corner Fulton-st., suitable for banking, insurance, brokers, railroad companies, shipping, artists, lawyers, &c. Apply on the premises to J. M. JAQUES, Room No. 10.

TO LET FOR MANUFACTURING, STORAGE, &c—The extra strong five story store No. 13 Thames-st., corner of Trinity-place (in rear of Trinity Building.) Let in separate parts if required. Apply to J. R. PETERS, H. J. Overmann's office, 15 Broad-st.

TO LET—FOR TWO YEARS FROM MAY NEXT, a first-class free-stone front dwelling house, in South Brooklyn, with furniture; the house and location very desirable, and rent moderate to the right party. Address HOUSE, Box No. 4,055 Post-office, New-York.

TO LET—DESIRABLE BROWN-STONE HOUSES on the north side of 33d-st., between 2d and 3d avs.; the judicious arrangement of water, baths, &c., cannot be surpassed. Apply at the premises.

TO LET OR LEASE—THE NEW FOUR-STORY store No. 349 Pearl-st., next to corner of Frankfort-st. Apply to J. H. GIFFING, No. 5 Tryon-row, from 1 to 2 P. M.

TO LET—STORE AND CELLAR NO. 872 BROADway, corner of 18th-st. Apply to J. H. GIFFING, No. 5 Tryon-row, from 1 to 2 P. M.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT—A THREE-story and attic house, No. 60 7th-st., near 2d-av. Can be seen from 10 to 12 o'clock.

HOUSE IN BROOKLYN TO LET—NO. 91 2d-place, corner of Court-st. Three-story and basement; 20 feet wide. Has water and gas; rent $400. Apply to W. B. MOFFAT, No. 335 Broadway, New-York, Office No. 9.

LOFTS, OFFICES, STORE OR YARD TO LET.—Store 20x160 feet, extending from South to Water-st., well lighted; lofts 40x160 feet, well lighted, and adapted for hoop-skirt, sail-makers, cigar or any manufacturing business; rents low. Apply to O. R. INGERSOLL, on the premises, Nos. 243 and 244 South-st., opposite Sectional and Balance Docks.

VACANT LOTS, AND ROOMS WITH power to let or lease. From one to six vacant lots; also, two spacious rooms, 60x35 feet, first and second floors, with or without steam power. The lots for sale, if required. Apply to No. 1 Tompkins-st., corner of Grand.

FOR SALE AND LEASE.—SIXTY-HORSE power engine for sale, with six or ten years' lease of lot, 100 by 200 feet, river front, with dock, well adapted for a foundry and other manufacturing purposes. Apply on the premises, corner of Green and Wayne sts., two blocks from the ferry, Jersey City.

OFFICES TO LET IN THE BIBLE-HOUSE.—Desirable offices in the Bible-House, Astor place. Also, a suite of three offices fronting on 3d-av.; these offices are all heated without extra charge.

## HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—A SMALL COUNTRY PLACE, A cottage, roomy on the main floor, and a few acres, with barn and out-buildings, or a farm of 20 to 40 acres, in some good elevated locality. Preference will be given to Essex County, New-Jersey. Address A. J. H., Box No. 181 *Times* Office.

WANTED—IN WILLIAMSBURGH OR BROOKlyn, a three (3) story dwelling house, with all the modern improvements—with stable preferred, and must be in a good location. Apply to ALBERT H. NICOLAY, No. 52 William-st.

## FARMS.

FARM FOR SALE—SITUATED IN THE HEART of Ontario County, N. Y., half a mile from Clifton Springs, and within a short drive of the beautiful village of Canandaigua, Geneva, and Vienna, and directly on the New-York Central Railroad. It contains 100 acres of choice land, 10 of which are well timbered. The dwelling and out houses are all in good order, and suited to a genteel farmer. Its close proximity to the growing village of Clifton Springs, where thousands resort annually for hydropathic treatment, and the use of the Sulphur Waters, is fast rendering the land more valuable, and will soon be required for village plots. The place will be sold at a low price, and on favorable terms as to the payments, or will be exchanged for productive property in this City. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW, No. 3 Pine-st., or THOS. M. TUTHILL, No. 388 Broadway, New-York City.

FOR SALE.—A SPLENDID FARM, CONTAINING 75 acres, situated in Westchester County, 18 miles from the City Hall, within one mile of a dépôt, and two miles of six dépôts; suitably divided into plow, meadow and pasture land; has four apple orchards containing about 400 choice fruit trees, and a great variety of other small fruits: it is well watered, a living stream running on two sides of it; also, well fenced with substantial stone wall, all necessary outbuildings, and dwelling house in good order, and a small house for gardener. Churches of various denominations and also schools in the adjoining villages. For further particulars inquire of HILLMAN & NEARING, No. 96 Chambers-st., or of E. J. HILLMAN, on the premises, 2 miles from New-Rochelle Dépôt, on the New-Haven Railroad, and two miles from Bronxville Dépôt, on the Harlem Railroad.

FOR SALE—A FARM OF 53 ACRES, BEAUTIfully situated on the south side of Staten Island, fronting on the Great Kills, commanding a fine view of the Bay and Sandy Hook, with all the vessels entering or leaving New-York; said farm is in a high state of cultivation, has an abundance and variety of choice fruits; a neat and commodious dwelling, in good order, containing 13 rooms, barns and all other necessary out buildings. The railroad, which is nearly completed, runs through the farm. A stage, running to and from Vanderbilt's landing, passes the gate, making two trips each way daily. For particulars, inquire of JAMES COYNE, on the premises.

FOR SALE—3 000 ACRES OF FARMING LAND in one tract, adjoining the railroad, in Suffolk County, Long Island, a large portion of superior soil, and 100 acres of which are in a good state of cultivation, suitably divided by substantial post and rail fences. The farm house is new and commodious, with good and convenient out buildings. A good supply of excellent water can be obtained on any part of the tract from 10 to 25 feet below the surface.
Apply to ADRIAN H. MULLER, No. 35 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—A FARM OF 150 ACRES, WITH ALL that could be desired as to quality of land and buildings; it would be divided in 50 or 100 acres. Location, 30 miles from Albany, on the Central Railroad; any produce can be sold at the door; must be seen to be appreciated. Would be exchanged for City property. Any one in want of a farm to live on will not often meet such a chance. Apply to WM. LAIMBEER, Jr., No. 57 East 25th-st.

TO LET—A FARM OF 80 ACRES IN WESTchester County, on the road from Williams Bridge to Westchester village, 15 miles from New-York. The land is excellent for either grazing or tillage, and is well located for a milkman, farmer or gardener. Apply to HARDMAN & OSBORN, No. 150 Canal-st., corner of Bowery.

FOR SALE—A DESIRABLE FARM OF 80 ACRES in Knox County, Ohio. The above farm is finely located in the town of Gambier. The land is all tillable, end of a loamy nature. It is well watered and improved. In the town are good schools, a college, and excellent society. Will be sold cheap. Address SAML. G. FRENCH, No. 94 Sussex-st., Jersey City, N. J.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—HUDSON RIVER FARM—300 acres near Hudson—river front—river view; extensive view in all directions; mountain scenery, natural beauties, equal to any place on the river; land all good; Gothic brick house; soft water; good land and location for fruit and grapes; will be divided if desired; immediate possession. Apply to F. AVERY, No. 167 Broadway, Room No. 1.

FOR SALE—A FARM OF 30 ACRES, ONE AND a half miles from the village of Oyster Bay, and one mile from Norwich. All the buildings are nearly new and in good repair. For particulars inquire on the premises, of J. MONILAWS.

REAL ESTATE BROKERS, NOTICE.—A large farm of about 300 acres of excellent land, on the Hudson River, near Hudson, the owner desires to sell or exchange at once, together or divided, and he will pay a liberal commission to any one who obtains an immediate sale. For full particulars, apply to F. AVERY, No. 167 Broadway, Room No. 1.

## AGRICULTURAL.

FERTILIZER'S.
MAPES'
NITROGENIZED
SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME.
$4 per bag, 160 pounds.
$50 per ton, 2,000 pounds.
GUANO, BONE SAWINGS, &c., &c,
AT MAPES'
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT AND SEED WAREHOUSE,
Nos. 126 and 128 Nassau-st. and No. 11 Beekman-st., N. Y

MANIPULATED PHOSPHATIC GUANO,

A first-class fertilizer, containing ammonia, potash, salts, phosphates, and other necessary ingredients, in the proportions and conditions best adapted to produce most favorable effects in the growth of crops.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

Price, $45 per ton of 2,000 lbs., in bags 125 lbs. each. Prepared by J. M. HUNTINGTON & CO., at their Steam Mills, Norwich, Conn. Sold in New-York by nearly all the horticulturists, seedsmen, florists, and dealers in guanos.

A fair trial, side by side, on any crop, with the best Peruvian guano, is solicited.

PERUVIAN GUANO NO. 1,
SUPER PHOSPHATE
OF LIME, BONE DUST, &c., for sale in quantities to suit puchasers, at lowest market price. Send for a circular. A. LONGETT, No. 34 Cliff-st.

J. B. MANTEL OFFERS FOR SALE AT reduced prices, at his nurseries, Newtown-av., Astoria, L. I., three-quarters of a mile distant from 86th-st. Ferry or New-York steamboat landing, a fine selection of pear trees in full bearing, shrubs, perpetual and moss rose bushes, cherries, currants, grapevines, &c., &c.

## ROOFING.

PATENT MICA AND FIBROUS CEMENT ROOFING

Adapted to every variety of roof, new or old, and is unequaled for durability, beauty and cheapness, by any composition in use. Cement for sale by the barrel, with printed instructions for use, in any part of the country. JOSEPH DITTO & CO., No. 378 Broadway, New-York.

BILLIARD TABLE FOR SALE, CHEAP, the property of a private gentleman removing to the country, but little used. Balls, cues and everything complete. Can be seen at No. 159 Chatham-st., in the furniture store.

## BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARDING.—A PRIVATE FAMILY IN 21ST-ST. near 6th-av., can accommodate a party of two or three persons, who would be permanent, with board and a large, well-furnished front room, and a smaller room connected on second floor; house has gas, hot and cold water, and heated throughout; references exchanged. Address W. L., Box No. 114 *Times* Office.

BOARDING.—A SMALL PRIVATE FAMILY OF first respectability, residing on 5th-av., Murray Hill, desire another family, or a gentleman and his wife, in like position, to join them. Address R. D., Box No. 1,454 Post-office.

BOARDING.—A VERY DESIRABLE SUITE OF rooms for a gentleman and wife, and one suitable for a single gentleman, can be obtained by addressing O. S., Box No. 1,709 Post-office. Will not move on the 1st of May.

BOARDING.—MRS. S. A. FAULKNER, NO. 58 East 16th-st., has to let several parlors and bedrooms on the second floor. The rooms are furnished with Croton water, gas, &c.

BOARDING.—A VERY DESIRABLE SUITE OF rooms for a gentleman and wife, and one suitable for a single gentleman, can be obtained at No. 44, (new No. 54) West 23d-st.; will not move on the 1st May.

BOARDING.—TO LET, WITH BOARD, IN A first class house No. 230 West 32d st., a south parlor furnished, to a gentleman and wife, or one or two single gentlemen. Family small. Dinner at 6 o'clock.

BOARDING.—A FRONT PARLOR AND BEDroom may be obtained at No. 74 East 14th-st., near Union-square. Also, a single room. Dinner at 6 o'clock.

BOARDING.—PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOMS with good board, for a gentleman and wife or single gentlemen, at No. 47 Bond-st.

BOARD.—A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED FRONT suite of rooms, on the second floor, may be obtained in a small family, at No. 42 West 19th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

A SPLENDID SUITE OF FRONT ROOMS, on Brooklyn Heights, elegantly furnished, with board, for a gentleman and wife, or a party of single gentlemen. House private, containing all the modern improvements; a few minutes' distance from Wall-st. or Fulton Ferry. Address, with real name, S. T., Box No. 125 *Times* Office.

BOARD ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS—TWO large handsomely furnished rooms communicating, on second-floor, bath adjoining, to let to gentlemen, at No. 34 Cranberry-st., corner of Willow, one block from Columbia-st., and contiguous to Wall and Fulton ferries. No moving 1st of May, occupant owning the premises.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN—AT SOUTHWEST corner of Clinton and Carroll sts.; house spacious; location fine, with large yard and garden; conveniently near to cars and ferry.

BOARD WANTED.—A FAMILY OF THREE PERsons desire to obtain permanent board from the 1st of May in a small private family not going to move. House pleasantly located between 30th and 40th-sts., Lexington and 5th-avs; will require three unfurnished rooms on second floor; terms moderate. Address M., Bentley's Dispatch, No. 345 Broadway, stating location, terms, &c.

BOARD WANTED—FOR A GENTLEMAN AND his wife in a small or private family, in a pleasant location west of Broadway, not below 10th-st.; (dinner in the early part of the day for the lady only.) It is desirable that the house have the modern improvements; one large room with closets will suffice. Address, stating terms and particulars, C., Box No. [illegible] 391 Post-office.

BOARD WANTED—FOR A PARTY OF FIVE persons; two large rooms with pantries; will furnish their own rooms; location between 26th and 40th sts., and west of 6th av.; price, $50 a month, including fire and light; a permanent arrangement made if satisfactory. Address, with reference, BOARDER, Box No. 137 *Times* Office.

BOARD WANTED—FOR A LADY AND daughter in a strictly private family, where the comforts of a home can be obtained. The locality must be first class; terms must be moderate, and references exchanged. Address L. B., Brooklyn Post-office.

BOARD WANTED—IN A STRICTLY PRIVATE family, by a young lady who goes out to business during the day, in the vicinity of Abingdon square. Address M. W. H., Box No. 102 *Times* Office.

ROOMS.—A SUITE OF THREE SPACIOUS PARlors with sleeping-room attached, on second floor, furnished or unfurnished, and all the modern improvements, with private table if desired, suitable for a family, or gentlemen only, may be had immediately with permanent arrangements. Accommodations are first-class in every particular; location unsurpassed; persons seeking truly choice home comforts, without the expense of hotel prices, address W., at the *Times* Office, Box No. 170.

A PRIVATE FAMILY RESIDING BELOW 14th st., west of and near Broadway, wishes to dispose of a large, nicely furnished room, supplied with gas, hot and cold water, furnace-register, &c., on second floor, to a single gentleman, with or without partial board; no other boarders taken. References required. Address, with name, C. B. H., Box No. 210 *Times* Office.

SUITE OF ROOMS TO LET—FRONT ONES—At No. 19 Union-place, Broadway, above 15th st. Also, two single ones. This is a desirable location; rooms front on the square. Breakfast from 7 till 9; dinner at 5 and 6 o'clock. Best of reference given and required.

TO LET—A SUITE OF WELL FURNISHED rooms on second floor, front, with board if required; also, a single room, in a first-class brown stone house, with every convenience, near cars and three lines of stages. Apply at No. 71 West 14th-st.

NO. 2 ABINGDON-SQUARE, CORNER OF Hudson and Bank sts. Rooms to let, with board, suitable for families and single gentlemen. References required.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT, WITHOUT board, to gentlemen only. Apply at No. 50 East 23d-st.

TO LET—A PLEASANT THIRD-STORY ROOM, with partial board, No. 21 West 23d-st., near 5th-av.

## COUNTRY BOARD.

COUNTRY BOARD AT WASHINGTON HEIGHTS, HUDSON RIVER—Forty-five minutes by railroad and steamboat from Chambers-st. The WOODLAND PARK HOUSE will be open for the reception of guests on the 1st of May. This spacious, elegant mansion, surrounded by 30 acres of highly picturesque grounds, is delightfully situated on the bank of the Hudson, commanding a beautiful view of the River; excellent bathing, boating and fishing; superior accommodations for horses and carriages. Owing to the great demand for rooms at Woodland last season the proprietor has leased the RIVER SIDE HOTEL, on the Hudson River, opposite the railroad station and steamboat landing, 152d-st. Parties engaging rooms at this Hotel will have the privilege of the extensive grounds, billiard-room and bowling-alleys of WOODLAND PARK. Families and single gentlemen wishing to enjoy all the comforts of the country, with the conveniences of a town residence, will find this a most desirable location, it being only seven miles from Madison-square, and accessible at all hours by cars, steamboats and stages. Applications for rooms to be made at the Hotel St. Germain, corner of 5th-av. and 22d-st.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—FROM MAY 1, for a small family; location near the water, and convenient to the City. Address V., Box No. 1,055 Post-office, stating terms and location.

## HOTELS.

RESTAURANT PALAIS—(FIRST-CLASS)—No. 824 Broadway, corner of 12th-st., is opened THIS (Saturday) MORNING, at 11 o'clock.
J. H. JACKSON, GEO. W. FRANCIS, } Agents.

## BUSINESS CHANCES.

TO THOSE SEEKING INVESTMENT.—A business which for a reasonable investment will pay larger and surer returns than any other regular business now carried on. The manufacture of Daniel's Granular Fuel, which is universally pronounced superior to any other kindling material in use. In all places disposed of the sales are more than doubled each year. First-class business men are engaged in its manufacture, and reference to them is unhesitatingly made. A thorough investigation is courted both as to the safety of the investment, the profitability of the business and the character of those interested in it. For all unsold territory, address the subscriber, who will show single establishments where from 100,000 to 300,000 bushels are in process of manufacture.
GEO. R. SHELDON, No. 116 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—THE STOCK, TOOLS AND GOOD will of a gas-fitting establishment now doing a fair business. Connected with plumbing. Located on one of the best avenues in the City. Reason for selling—the proprietor cannot attend to both branches. Rent very moderate. Address for one week, stating where interview may be had, (paid,) J. B. C., Station D., Bible-house.

$3,000 TO $4,000.—FOR SALE—One half of a good substantial manufacturing business, paying good profits, nearly a cash business. The party remaining wishes a good business man to associate with him. Liberal terms made. Address A. R. I., Box No. 137 *Times* Office.

FOR SALE—THE STOCK, FIXTURES AND GOOD-will of lease of a long-established embroidery, lace and fancy-goods store, doing a good business; the reason for selling, ill health. Apply at the office of H. V. VULTEE, Esq., No. 6 City Hall-place.

FOR SALE—500 COPIES OF A BEAUTIFUL engraving just published—a first-rate chance for a person with small means to make some money easily. Also a patent for a first-rate egg-beater. HAMILTON & CO., No. 379 Broadway.

A DRY GOODS REFINISHING AND PACKing business for sale for cash. Principals only dealt with. A chance like this for a business man seldom offers. Apply at No. 85 Cliff-st.

A SALOON ON A PROMINENT CORNER in the immediate vicinity of Broadway and Fulton-st., with two good entrances, well fitted up, now doing a good dinner business, with stock and fixtures. C. G. THOMPSON, No. 85 Nassau-st.

## HORSES AND CARRIAGES

THE CELEBRATED TROTTING STALLION *Gray Messenger* will stand for mares during the ensuing season, at the hotel of Hiram Woodruff, Union Course, L. I.; season to commence March 1, and end July 1. Terms $25 the season.

FOR SALE—ELEVEN FINE YOUNG HORSES from Washington County; 2 pair bay mares, 15 hands high, fine roadsters; 1 pair fine black horses, 5 years old; 5 single horses, all good drivers. To be seen at Merchant's stables, corner 29th-st. and Broadway.

FOR SALE—A DARK BAY MARE, 8 YEARS old, 15⅜ hands high, long tail, sound and kind in single or double harness. Apply at the private stable, No. 16 West 35th-st., before 12 or after 5.

## REMOVALS.

DR. KELLY, NO. 365 BROOME-ST., WILL remove his office to No. 157 Grand-st., between Centre and Elm-sts., the 7th of April next.

REMOVAL—MRS. WM. MAXWELL, FEMALE Physician, has removed from No. 31 Lispenard-st. to No. 6 Greene-st., two doors from Canal-st.

## MEDICAL.

A NEW MEDICAL BOOK.
HAMMOND ON SEXUAL AND SEMINAL DISEASES, IMPOTENCY, &c.

An entirely new and original System for the Cure of these Diseases, by CHARLES D. HAMMOND, M. D., late Professor of Anatomy and Pathology in the Syracuse Medical College, New-York; author of several Medical Works, &c., &c. "Dr. Hammond has lived long abroad, and is an enthusiast for Medical Reform."—*Home Journal, Sept.* 16. Price $1. Postage free. Wholesale of HENDRICKSON, BLAKE & LONG, Publishers. Single copies may be had of the author, at No. 658 Broadway, corner Bond-st. Office hours from 9 to 3, and 6 to 9 evenings.

TRIESEMAR.

COUNTERPARTS OF THE PATENT IMPERIAL, EUROPEAN and COLLEGIATE SEALS are upon each wrapper around TRIESEMAR Nos. 1, 2, and 3, and every package is accompanied by a book of 124 pages, replete with the most invaluable information. To be had wholesale and retail from Dr. H. A. BARROW, No 194 Bleecker-st., (four doors from Macdougal-st.,) New-York, where he may be confidentially consulted, as usual, from 11 till 2 and from 4 till 8 in the evening; on Sundays from 11 till 2. Triesemar No. 1 effectually removes general and local debility, premature decay, spermatorrhœa and all the distressing consequences of excess; all physical impediments vanish like magic before its influence, thus rendering it invaluable to those about being married: even in the decline of life its invigorating powers are astonishing. Triesemar No. 2 has superior properties in those cases where copaiva and cubebs have been administered. Triesemar No. 3 entirely eradicates all impurities from the system; is most excellent in secondary symptoms, thus obviating the necessity of mercury or other deleterious mineral. Triesemar Nos. 1, 2 & 3, being in the form of an agreeable lozenge, is portable, and may be taken with the utmost facility while traveling by sea or land. Single case, $3; 4 cases in 1, $9; or in $27 cases, thereby saving $9. Forwarded by Dr. BARROW, on receiving a remittance, from No. 194 Bleecker-st., N. Y. Consultations from 11 till 2, and from 4 till 8. Sunday, 11 till 2. Sold by F. C. Wells & Co., No. 115 Franklin-st., N. Y., and J. Worthington, No. 206 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

DR. MAGNIN'S LUCINA CORDIAL, OR ELIXIR OF LOVE.—This delightful and positive invigorant of the human system is fact superseding all other remedies; in fact when its virtues become fully known it will be the only remedy in use. Its action on the nervous system and reproductive organs, is most extraordinary, allaying all over excitement, and infusing into the nervous organization that degree of tension which is requisite to give the human system the enjoyment of its full powers, both mentally and physically. As an appetizer it is equally remarkable; assimilated with the gastric juices of the stomach, it assists them in more readily dissolving all nutritious substances, and converting them into pure and wholesome blood; thus the digestion is improved, and the whole framework of man moves on in a more vigorous and harmonious manner thereby. Price $3 per bottle, or two bottles for $5. Principal office No. 203 Fulton-st., New-York. DR. MAGNIN.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO BOTH SEXES—MARRIED OR SINGLE, IN HEALTH OR DISEASE.—DR. LARMONT'S PARIS, LONDON AND NEW YORK MEDICAL ADVISER AND MARRIAGE GUIDE. 30th edition. Over 400 pages, 12mo., cloth; about 100 electrotyped engravings. Price $1. Sold and mailed also by H. G. LAWRENCE, No. 1 Vesey-st., Astor House. Among the contents is the anatomy of the sexual organs of the male and female, all their diseases and weaknesses; latest discoveries in reproduction, European Hospital practice; quacks, (advertisers,) their recipes and specifics; the author's unequaled Paris and London treatment of all Genito-Urinary diseases, at No. 647 Broadway, up stairs, New-York, from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.; Tuesday and Thursday evenings from 7 till 9 o'clock.

DR. WATSON TREATS ALL FORMS OF a certain class of disease with a success which has won for him the confidence of the public. The remedies are safe, and cause no interruption from business. Dr. WATSON'S work—"The Cause and Cure"—has been pronounced by the reviewers the best popular compendium on all diseases of a private nature, including spermatorrhœa and debility, the results of early abuse, excess or other causes. "Should be read by all persons previous to marriage."—*Medical Gazette.* Fine colored plates. Price $1. To be had of CHARLES MILLER, No. 436 Broadway, New-York, and of the author, at his private residence, No. 459 Broome-st., second block west of Broadway, from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M. Separate consulting rooms.

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED, AND THOSE ABOUT TO BE MARRIED.—Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, has just published the 160th edition of his valuable book, entitled "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York; or can be sent by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States and Canada, by inclosing $1, and addressing Box No. 1 224 New-York City. For sale at No. 1 Vesey-st., (Astor House,) and 18 Ann-st.

AN ACT OF GRATITUDE.—20,000 COPIES OF a Medical Book for gratuitous circulation, by a sufferer, who has been effectually cured of nervous debility, loss of memory and dimness of sight, resulting from early errors, by following the instructions given in a medical work, considers it his duty, in gratitude to the author, and for the benefit of consumptive and nervous sufferers, to publish the means used. He will, therefore, send free, to any address, on receipt of two stamps, a copy of the work, containing every information required. Address Box No. 579 P. O., Albany, N. Y.

EDWARD H. DIXON, M. D., EDITOR OF the *Scalpel*, attends exclusively to operative surgery, and the more obscure diseases of the pelvic viscera. Rupture, hæmorrhoids, fistula and concealed abcess of the rectum are cured without the knife or ligature. Office hours from 8 to 9 A. M., 1 to 3, and 7 to 9 P. M., at No. 42 5th-av. At all other hours he is at his private hospital, where every comfort of domestic life is provided for those who require the more important operations, or careful dietetic treatment.

RICORD'S FRENCH TREATMENT—NO. 645 Broadway, first marble building above Bleecker. Dr. A. VANHEEKEREN, formerly with Ricord, of Paris, cures all private diseases, no matter of how long standing. Recent cases immediately. No mercury used. Charges moderate. Dr VANHEEKEREN'S Private Offices, No. 645 Broadway.

INVALIDS CAN RELY UPON HAVING their various diseases minutely described, and in all possible cases obtain a speedy cure, by calling on Dr. PHELPS, No. 66 West 13th-st., near 6th-av. Especial attention paid to chronic complaints. Consultations free.

HUNDREDS OF THE UNFORTUNATE are disappointed of a cure by not calling on Dr. HUNTER at first. The Hunterian Dispensary, No. 3 Division-st., New-York City, established in 1834, for the Preservation of Human Life. PRIVATE CONSULTATIONS.—Dr. Hunter has for thirty years confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has treated not less than fifty thousand cases, without an instance of failure. His great remedy, HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures certain diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures, in new cases, in less than six hours. It roots out the poisonous taint the blood is sure to absorb, unless this remedy is used. It is $1 a vial, and cannot be obtained genuine anywhere but at the old office, No. 3 Division-st. Book for nothing, that treats of the evil effects of early abuse and indulgence, is embellished with elaborate colored engravings, portraying every feature and phase of disease, exposes the fallacy of the ordinary modes adopted for the cure of local as well as hereditary maladies, and gives the only safe and infallible remedy for expunging every trace of the virus from the system.

## IRON AND HARDWARE.

### DISSOLUTION.

The limited copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of JACKSON & THROCKMORTON, Nos. 55 to 67 Goerck-st., expired on the 29th day of February last, A. H. Throckmorton retiring.

COPARTNERSHIP.

The business of the late firm will be continued at East 28th-st. and 2d-av, under the firm of JAMES L. JACKSON & BROTHER, where every description of iron work for building purposes will be manufactured.

Entire fronts, iron first-story fronts, wrought and cast iron girders and beams, iron capitals, &c.

Also, every description of iron work for ships' use, iron windlasses and winches, windlass purchases, cargo winches, hawser pipes, &c.

Particular attention paid to every description of fine castings.

JAMES L. JACKSON,
PETER H. JACKSON.

NEW-YORK, March 20, 1860.

FIRE PROOF BUILDINGS.

PERFECT PROTECTION AGAINST FIRE, and other accidents to buildings, can be secured by using THE SOLID WROUGHT IRON BEAMS, manufactured by the Trenton Iron Company. THE EXTRA COST IS TRIFLING.

Such floors as have been constructed in the buildings of THE TIMES, THE TRIBUNE, AND OF MESSRS. BALL, BLACK & CO., and in nearly all the NEW BANKING HOUSES in this City, cost less than FIFTY CENTS PER SQUARE FOOT for the beams and brick arches ready for use, where the spans do not exceed 25 feet.

These beams make the cheapest and strongest covering FOR VAULTS.

For full particulars and estimates, which are gladly furnished without charge, apply personally, or by letter to COOPER, HEWITT & CO., No. 17 Burling-slip.

121. IRON WAREHOUSE. 121.

SAMPSONS & BALDWIN,
NO. 121 GREENWICH-ST., NEW-YORK,
Have in store and offer for sale a full assortment of
SWEDES AND HAMMERED IRON.
REFINED AND ENGLISH IRON.
BAND, SCROLL AND HOOP IRON.
OVAL, HALF-OVAL, and HALF-ROUND IRON.
ANGLE and T IRONS, WROUGHT-IRON BEAMS.
HORSE-SHOE IRON—PERU, "BBH" and STITTS.
HORSE NAIL-RODS—N and OTHER GOOD BRANDS.
PLOW, SPRING, TIRE, CAST and GERMAN STEELS.

RAIL ROAD IRON.—SIX HUNDRED TONS OF light weight rail-road iron, in store at New-Orleans. Also, 500 tons 50 lb. rails, and 1,000 tons 56 lb. rails, ready for delivery from yard, for sale by THEODORE DEHON, No. 10 Wall-st, near Broadway.

AMERICAN SHEET-IRON—OF SUPERIOR quality, and at low price, for sale by JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

BANCA TIN, INGOT COPPER, SPELTER, Antimony, Lead, Mt. Hope Cut Nails, &c.
JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

## WINES AND LIQUORS.

WELLINGTON & ABBOTT,
(Successors to A. Seignette & Co.,)
No. 47 Water-st.,
Sole Agents for
JULES ROBIN & CO. COGNAC.
ALEX. SEIGNETTE BRANDY.
GRAPELEAF GIN.
DEWDROP GIN.

PORT WINES, OF 1815 AND 1851, IN bottle. Solera Sherry, in bottle, packed in 3-dozen cases; Wm. Younger's East India Pale Ale, bottled, in cases; Jameson's Irish Whiskey, in Bond; Bushmill's Irish Whisky, in Bond, for sale by C. E. HABICHT, Agent for Guinness' Stout, No. 127 Pearl-st.

## ASTROLOGY.

N. B.—WHO HAS NOT HEARD OF THE CELEbrated MADAME PREWSTER? She has been consulted by thousands in this and other cities with entire satisfaction. She feels confident she has no equal; she tells the name of future wife or husband; also that of her visitor. If you wish the truth, give her a call, at No. 261 3d-av., above 21st-st. Ladies, 50 cents; gentlemen, $1.

## AUCTION SALES.

L. M. Hoffman, Auctioneer.

**SHIP PANAMA AT AUCTION.**—L. M. HOFFMAN & CO. will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, April 4, at 1 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, by order of the Executors, the splendid New-York built live oak, iron strapped, coppered and extra copper fastened ship PANAMA, Case, master, as she arrived from China. This very superior ship, built in 1853 by Thomas Collyer, is noted for her beauty of model and great speed; has had within the past six months entirely new masts, spars, rigging and sails, and is now in complete order for sea. The ship is 1,139 tons register, carries 1,590 tons California cargo, 1,320 tons China cargo, 1,060 tons dead weight. Inventory at auction room. The ship lies at Pier No. 17 East River, in fine order, and is worthy of attention, as she will positively be sold to the highest bidder.

Daniel S. Hough, Auctioneer—Office No. 5 Cooper Institute.

**IMPORTANT SALE OF ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD** furniture, rich velvet carpets, pier and mantel glasses, billiard table, superb decorations, &c.; the same being the entire contents of the elegantly-furnished private residence No. 21 Clinton-place, in 8th-st., a few doors west of Broadway. Sale to commence at precisely 10½ A. M. on TO-DAY, (Tuesday,) March 27. We refrain from giving a detailed and elaborate catalogue of the infinite number of articles contained in this sale, from cellar to garret, regarding the custom as useless and very often grossly deceptive. Suffice it to say that the house is very large, and the assortment and variety extensive, the goods first class, in fine order, have all been used, and are to be sold to the highest bidder. No new goods brought in. We can assure buyers that this sale is well worthy their attention, and that they will not be disappointed if they attend, either in the quantity or quality of the goods, or in receiving equitable and honorable treatment at the hands of the auctioneer. For further particulars we refer to the house and the catalogues, which will be ready early on the morning of the sale.

N. B.—Particular attention is called to one of M. Phelan's patent combination-cushioned billiard tables, contained in this sale.

E. H. Ludlow, Auctioneer.

**ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD AND OFFICE FURNITURE.**—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, March 27, 1860, at 10½ o'clock, at the warehouse No. 105 Fulton-st., by order of Louis Ingersoll, Esq., Assignee of A. Allendorph:

The entire stock of A. Allendorph, consisting in part of handsome etageres, book-cases, secretaries, bureaus, dressing-tables, bedsteads, tables, chairs, counting-house desks, stools, book-racks, &c. The furniture is all made from the best material and in the most substantial manner.

Sale positively without reserve. Catalogues can be had at the auctioneer's office, No. 3 Pine-st., near Broadway.

E. H. Ludlow & Co., Auctioneers.

**WE WOULD CALL ATTENTION TO THE** sale to be made at auction, THIS DAY, (Tuesday,) at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, by E. H. LUDLOW & CO., of valuable property, on 8th-av., Fulton, William, Water, Jane and Horatio sts., by order of the Executors of Asher P. Hamlin, deceased.

Also, 18th-st.—No. 191 East, valuable house and lot, 20 feet 8 inches by 78 feet.

Irving, Westchester County—House and plot of ground, being 50 feet front and rear, and 142 feet 9 inches in depth. For maps and further particulars, apply at the Auctioneers' office, No. 3 Pine-st.

E. H. Ludlow & Co., Auctioneers.

**HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.**—We would call the attention of our readers to the sale to be made at auction, THIS DAY, (Tuesday,) by E. H. LUDLOW & CO., at 10½ o'clock, at No. 105 Fulton-st., by order of Lorin Ingersoll, Assignee of A. Allendorph. The entire stock of handsome household and office furniture, &c. Catalogues at the Auctioneers' office, No. 3 Pine-st., near Broadway.

E. H. Ludlow, Auctioneer.

**VALUABLE HOUSE AND LOT NO. 165 EAST TWENTY-FIRST-ST.**—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, March 28, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, New-York:

East Twenty-first st.—The handsome three-story brick house and lot No. 165 East 21st-st., south side. The house is 21x40 feet, and extension, in good order, and contains gas, water, &c. Lot 21x98 feet 9 inches.

A large portion of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage.

For maps, &c., apply at the auctioneers' office, No. 3 Pine-st., near Broadway, New-York.

Edward H. Ludlow, Auctioneer.

**VALUABLE PROPERTY ON MADISON-AV. AND 34TH-ST.**—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, March 20, 1860, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange:

Madison-av.—The handsome 4-story high-stoop brown-stone house, No. 107 Madison-av., east side, between 30th and 31st sts., being the premises occupied by A. Oakey Hall, Esq.; house is 22.10x65 feet, in good order, and contains all the modern improvements; lot 23.10x98. $14,000 can remain on bond and mortgage.

34th-st.—1 lot on the north side of 34th st., 130 feet west of 4th-av.; 25x98 9. Full particulars and maps at the auctioneers' office, No. 3 Pine-st.

E. H. Ludlow, Auctioneer.

**VALUABLE PROPERTY ON WEST 22D-ST., BETWEEN 7TH AND 8TH AVS.**—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, March 28, 1860, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange:

West 22d-st.—The handsome 3-story high stoop and basement house No. 195 West 22d-st., north side, 225 feet east of 8th-av.; Philadelphia brick and brown-stone basement, with sub-cellar, gas, bath and other modern conveniences; house 18 9x42; lot 18 9x98.9. $4,500 can remain on bond and mortgage. Maps can be had at the office of the auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st.

Adrian H. Muller, Auctioneer.

**EXECUTORS' SALE OF DESIRABLE LOTS ON THIRD-AVENUE, NINETY-THIRD AND NINETY-FOURTH STREETS.**—ADRIAN H. MULLER will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, March 27, 1860, at 12 o'clock, M., at the Merchants' Exchange, by order of the Executors of the estate of George J. Cornell and others,

Third-avenue.—Seven valuable lots on the easterly side of 3d-av., commencing on the southeast corner of 94th-st.

Ninety-third street.—Five lots on the north side of 93d-st., adjoining the above lots on the rear.

Ninety-fourth street.—Five lots on the south side of 94th street, in rear of the last described.

60 per cent. can remain on bond and mortgage.

For maps and further particulars, apply to the auctioneer, No. 35 Wall-st., New-York.

Adrian H. Muller, Auctioneer.

**DESIRABLE HOUSES AND LOTS, NOS. 73 AND 75 WEST TWENTY-FIRST-STREET.**—ADRIAN H. MULLER will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, March 29, 1860, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, the two 3-story, high-stoop brick houses and lots, Nos 73 and 75 West 21st-st., north side, 175 feet west of 6th-av. The houses are each 25x57 feet on parlor floor, and 25x45 on second and third floors, and are furnished with hot and cold water on each story, furnace, speaking-tubes and dumb waiter. Counter cellars cemented. Lots each 25x98 9. Part of the purchase money can remain on mortgage. For maps and further particulars, apply to the auctioneer, No. 35 Wall-st.

Adrian H. Muller, Auctioneer.

**EXECUTOR'S SALE OF VALUABLE LOTS ON FIFTY-NINTH-STREET.**—ADRIAN H. MULLER will sell, at auction, on THURSDAY, March 29 1860, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, by order of the Executors of the estate of John M. Bradhurst and others, four valuable lots on the southerly side of 59th-st., commencing 200 feet west of 1st av., being each 25 feet in width by 100 feet 4 inches in depth, be the same more or less. Terms at sale. For maps and further particulars, apply to the Auctioneer, 35 Wall-st.

Henry H. Leeds, Auctioneer—Salesroom 23 Nassau-st.

**HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL** at auction, on WEDNESDAY, March 28, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 51 West 15th st., between 5th and 6th avs.: GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—Being a complete assortment, viz.: Brussels carpets, parlor suites, in rosewood, an elegant harp, piano-forte, pier glasses, window curtains, chandeliers, oil-paintings, fancy and other chairs, mantel ornaments, rosewood etageres, couches, centre tables, &c.; a complete assortment of bedroom furniture, bedsteads, bureaus, mattresses, beds, bedding, sheets, &c.; sofa, washstands, mirrors, curtains, clocks, oil-cloth, books, and many other articles, including kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence.

Henry H. Leeds, Auctioneer—Salesroom, 23 Nassau-st.

**HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL AT** at auction, on TUESDAY, March 27, at 10½ o clock, at No. 6 West 22d-st., near 5th-av., a private collection of green-house plants, comprising some of the choicest descriptions, viz.: large pettis porums, Lady Hume double white, Japanese plant Rosacea, lemon-tree, splendid Japonica, Acacias, Mutifloras, Lady Morse Japonica, beautiful pink blush Japonica, Jerusalem plant, red berries, Lerzonic Cathelcna, Arbutunes, Brazilian pine magnificent, a great variety of cactus fusia, Rhododendrums, Lady Hume's blush aloes, Tradacantia snowdrop, Jessamines, wax plants, and many others, all in fine condition, mostly in bloom.

Henry H. Leeds, Auctioneer; Salesroom 23 Nassau-st.

**HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL AT** auction, on TUESDAY, March 27, at 12 o'clock, in front of store No. 23 Nassau-st., a beautiful pair of fancy matched mules, bay and grey, 6 and 7 years old, 15 hands high; they took the premium singly at the State Fair; their accustomed load is about 4 000 pounds. Also a beautiful light fancy, no-top wagon, nearly new, made by Parker.

Henry H. Leeds, Auctioneer—Salesroom 23 Nassau-st.

**HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL** at auction, on TUESDAY, March 27, at 12 o'clock, at the salesroom, No. 23 Nassau-st.—Newfoundland dog, thoroughly broke. Full particulars at time of sale.

Daniel A. Mathews, Auctioneer.

**PEREMPTORY SALE OF VALUABLE IMPROVED PROPERTY AT TARRYTOWN—TO CLOSE A TRUST.**

BUTLER, SHULTZ & MATHEWS will sell at auction THIS DAY (Tuesday,) at 2 o'clock, P.M., on the premises, the valuable property at Tarrytown, known as the residence of the late Capt. Nathan Cobb. On the premises is a large and commodious two-story and attic brick mansion about 55 feet front by 38 feet deep; has baths, water, &c., together with outbuildings complete. This property is located on the main road or Broadway, having a front thereon of 120 feet, running through to John st., also a plot in the rear 140x100 feet, and is in every way calculated for a private residence or a first class hotel. A map of the property will be shown on the premises. Cars leave Chambers-st. at 11 A. M.

Wm. Witters, Auctioneer.

**WM. WITTERS WILL SELL ON WEDNESDAY,** at 10½ o'clock, at No. 303 Canal-st., the entire stock of mantillas, millinery and fancy goods in the above store and show rooms, together with counters, shelving, iron safe, desks, tapestry and ingrain carpets, seven large French plate mirrors, lace mantillas, cloth do., feathers, flowers, &c., by order of Molyneux Bell, Assignee.

A. S. Richards, Auctioneer.

**500 CASES BOOTS, SHOES, AND BROGANS AT AUCTION.**—By RICHARDS & WHITING, on WEDNESDAY, March 28, at 10½ o'clock at store No. 44 Cortlandt-st., comprising a complete assortment of Spring Goods, all of which will be sold without reserve. Catalogues and samples on morning of sale.

**ASSIGNEE'S SALE.—TAKE NOTICE, THAT** the assets of Messrs. MORSE & BROTHER, in my hands as Assignee, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder, at the Merchants' Exchange, in the City of New-York, on the 28th day of March, 1860, at 12 o'clock, noon.

The assets consist of certificates of the Receiver of the "South County Bank," Rhode Island, of the indebtedness of said Bank to Morse & Brother. Also, the certificates of the "Litchfield Bank," Connecticut, and other claims, which may be examined by any creditor of Morse & Brother, on application to me, at my office, No. 50 Exchange-place, New-York.

If any creditor wishes to purchase the certificates of either of these Banks, or any other assets in my hands as Assignee, or has any suggestion to make as to the disposition of the assets, he will please address a note to me, making such proposition or suggestion.—Dated New-York, Feb. 20, 1860.

CHARLES A. MEIGS,
Assignee of Morse & Brother.

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## AUCTION SALES.

E. H. Ludlow, Auctioneer.

**SALE OF RARE AND ELEGANT FURNITURE, PAINTINGS, &c.**—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, April 4, at 11 o'clock, at No. 88 9th-st., near 5th-av., the entire furniture contained in said house, consisting of oak, rosewood and mahogany furniture, modern and antique, elaborately carved and finished in superior style; sofas, chairs, centre tables, armoir à glace bedsteads, &c., of Paris manufacture; consol, from Florence, one 400 years old, probably unequaled in the City; banquets, of nearly equal antiquity; buffets, richly carved Elizabethan chairs; cabinet, inlaid with tortoise shell; tables de nuit; parlor organ, by Alexander, of Paris; mantel and oval mirrors, elegantly carved extension dining table, &c.; Roman, Etruscan and Florentine vases, some of which were purchased in Paris, at the auction of Louis Philippe; a very costly bronze and Sienna mantel clock, with rich bronze relief, candelabra, &c., together with rarely equaled paintings, collected by the owner during his residence in Europe, among which are a superb copy, by Billet, of the celebrated Soult picture by Murillo of the Immaculate Conception; a fruit and flower piece, by Cherelle; a portrait of Franklin, from an original (now lost) by Greutze; and many other elaborate and exquisitely finished originals and copies by noted ancient and modern artists, of rare merit and value; also, statuary, mosaics, &c. The furniture may be seen the day before the sale upon permits from the auctioneer, at their office, No. 3 Pine st., where catalogues can also be obtained.

A. Albertus & Co., Auctioneers.

**MAGNIFICENT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE** at auction, THIS DAY, (Tuesday,) at the elegant brown-stone residence No. 70 West 26th-st., near 6th-av., commencing at 10½ o'clock: Rosewood 7-octave pianoforte, splendid drawing-room suites, artistic bronzes and statuary, Dresden and Sevres china ornaments, oil-paintings by eminent artists, bronze chandeliers, French plate, pier and mantel mirrors, brocade and lace curtains rosewood chamber furniture en suite, oak dining-room furniture, solid silver-ware china and glassware, bedding, carpeting, ivory-handle table cutlery, &c.

James Cole, Auctioneer.

**POSITIVE SALE, TO CLOSE AN ESTATE.**—JAMES COLE & SON will sell, at the Merchants' Exchange, on WEDNESDAY, 28th inst., at 12 o'clock M. the first-class brown-stone front house, No. 85 Sands-st., Brooklyn; lot 18 4 by 111 feet; house 47 feet, with piazza 7 feet; is four stories, English basement and cellar; built in the best manner and in perfect order; contains 12 rooms, furnished with gas fixtures, inside blinds, marble tiled hall, hot and cold water, bath-room, &c. Has been recently painted and papered throughout. 65 per cent. can remain on bond and mortgage.

THOS. MESSENGER,
HARRY MESSENGER. } Executors.

Edward Schenck, Auctioneer.

**HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, BY E. & F. H. SCHENCK.** On WEDNESDAY, 28th inst., at 10½ o'clock, at No. 166 1st av., next to the corner of 10th-st., part of the handsome household furniture contained in the above private residence, consisting in part of mahogany parlor suites, centre tables, mirrors, etageres, lace curtains, mahogany and walnut chamber furniture, bed and beddings, crockery, gas fixtures, glassware, &c. Also, kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence.

J. S. H. Bartlett, Auctioneer.

**AUCTION NOTICE.—LARGE CATALOGUE SALE, CROCKERY, GLASS AND CHINA.**—By J. S. H. BARTLETT, TUESDAY, March 27, at 10 o'clock, at No. 281 Pearl-st., a choice stock, in lots to suit retailers, mostly best ware. Sales positive for cash, and well packed for shipping.

William Witters, Auctioneer, store No. 454 Canal-st.,

**WILL SELL, THIS MORNING, AT 10 1-2** o'clock, at the private residence No. 513 7th-av., between 41st and 42d sts., an assortment of genteel household furniture, rosewood piano-forte, carpets, oil-cloths, &c., &c., the property of a family leaving the City. Catalogues at sale.

**A. C. TUTTLE, AUCTIONEER, WOULD RESPECTFULLY** inform his friends and the public that he has recovered from his severe illness of the past year, and is now prepared to devote his personal attention (as heretofore) to sales of

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
at private residences, and to
STOCKS OF CABINET MAKERS,

and others at their places of business, at his usual low charge of Commission.

OFFICE NO. 139 BROADWAY.

## RAILROADS.

**NEW-YORK & HARLEM RAILROAD.**

FARE $2 TO ALBANY.

On and after MONDAY, March 26, 1860, trains will leave 26th st. station, New-York, as follows:

For Williams Bridge, 8:30 A. M., 1 and 8:30 P. M.
For White Plains, 11 A. M., 2:30 and 5 P. M.
For White Plains, 6:15 P. M., from White-st. Dépôt.
For Dover Plains, 4 P. M., from 26th-st. Dépôt.
For Albany, 9 A. M. Mail, 3:30 P. M. Express train.

Connect with the New-York Central Railroad.

Returning, will leave:

Williams Bridge, 6:40 and 9:30 A. M., and 3:40 P. M.
White Plains 5 and 7:20 A. M., 12:45 and 4:50 P. M.
Dover Plains, 6 A. M.
Albany, 11 A. M., 4:10 P. M., Express trains.

The 9:30 A. M. Mail and 3:30 P. M. Express trains connect at Chatham Four Corners for all stations on Western Railroads. Baggage checked for Mail and Express trains corner White and Centre sts., from 7 to 8:15 A. M., and 1 to 2:40 P. M. JOHN BURCHILL, Asst. Supt.

**CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY**—Connecting at New-Hampton with the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, and at Easton with the Lehigh Valley Railroad.

Winter Arrangements—Commencing Dec. 19, 1859.—Leave New-York for Easton and intermediate places, from foot of Cortlandt-st., at 8 A.M., 12 M., and 4:10 P.M. For Somerville, by the above trains, at 5:30 P.M. From Pier No. 2, North River, at 7:30 and 11:30 A. M., and 3:30 P. M. for Easton and intermediate stations. For Somerville, by the above trains, at 4:30 P. M.

The 12 M. train from foot of Cortlandt-st., and the 11:30 A. M. train from Pier No. 2, North River, make a close connection at Easton with the Lehigh Valley Railroad, and thence, via East Pennsylvania Railroad, to Reading, without change of cars, and connects at Reading direct for Pottsville and Harrisburgh.

Passengers for the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad will leave New-York, from foot of Cortland-st., at 8 A. M., or at 7:30 from Pier No. 2, North River. For Lehigh Valley Railroad, at 8 A. M. and 12 M. from foot of Cortlandt-st., or from Pier No. 2, North River, at 7:30 and 11:30 A. M.

JOHN O. STERNS, Superintendent.

**HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.**—FROM DEC. 22, 1859, Trains will leave Chambers-st. Station as follows: Express Trains, 7 and 11 A. M., and 4:30 P. M.; for Sing Sing, 3:45 and 6:40 P. M.; for Poughkeepsie 7:30 A. M., and 12:20 and 3:20 P.M.; for Peekskill, 6:15 P. M. A Montreal and Buffalo Passenger Train, (with sleeping cars,) leaves 31st-st., daily, at 9:30 P. M. The Poughkeepsie, Peekskill and Sing Sing Trains stop at most of the way stations. Passengers taken at Chambers, Canal, Christopher and 31st sts. Trains for New-York leave Troy at 6:15 and 10:10 A. M., and 4 and 9 P. M., and Albany about 15 minutes later. On Sunday at 6:15 P. M. A. F. SMITH, Superintendent.

**RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD**—FOR PORT MONMOUTH, HIGHLANDS, MIDDLETOWN, RED BANK, SHREWSBURY, EATONTOWN, LONG BRANCH, SQUAN, &c., via steamboat ALICE PRICE, from foot of Murray-st., New-York.

| Leave Red Bank. | | Leave New-York. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Tuesday, M'ch 27..8 | A. M. | Tuesday, M'ch 27..12 | M. |
| Wed'day, M'ch 28..8 | A. M. | Wed'day, M'ch 28..12½ | P. M. |
| Thursday, M'ch 29..8½ | A. M. | Thursday, M'ch 29..1 | P. M. |
| Friday, March 30..9½ | A. M. | Friday, March 30..2 | P. M. |
| Saturday, M'ch 31..10½ | A. M. | Saturday, M'ch 31..3 | P. M. |
| Monday, April 2..6½ | A. M. | Monday, April 2..3½ | P. M. |

Stages connect at Red Bank for the above places.

**NEW-YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD.**—From pier foot of Duane-st.—Dunkirk Express, at 7 A. M. for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Canandaigua, and principal stations. Newburgh Express, at 3:30 P. M., for Newburgh, Middletown and intermediate stations. Night Express, at 4:30 P. M. for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Canandaigua and principal stations.

CHAS. MINOT, General Superintendent.

**LONG ISLAND RAILROAD.—TRAINS LEAVE** Brooklyn for Greenport at 10 A. M.; Yaphank, 10 A. M., and on Saturdays at 3:30 P. M.; North Islip at 10 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.; Syosset at 10 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.; for Hempstead at 10 A. M., 3:30 and 5 P. M.; for Jamaica at 10 A. M., 3:30, 5 and 6:30 P. M.

**NEW-JERSEY RAILROAD—FOR PHILADELPHIA AND THE SOUTH AND WEST FROM JERSEY CITY.**—Mail and Express Line. Leaves New-York at 7, 9 and 11 A. M.; 4, and 6 P. M., fare $3; 12 M., fare $2 25. Through baggage checked in 7 A. M. and 6 P. M.

## EXPRESSES.

**TO SAN FRANCISCO IN EIGHT DAYS**

BY
THE CENTRAL OVERLAND CALIFORNIA
AND
PIKE'S PEAK EXPRESS COMPANY.

The first courier of the Pony Express will leave the Missouri River on TUESDAY, April 3, at 5 o'clock P. M., and will run regularly weekly thereafter, carrying a Letter mail only. The point of departure on the Missouri River will be in telegraphic connection with the East, and will be announced in due time.

Telegraph messages from all parts of the United States and Canada, in connection with the point of departure, will be received up to 5 o'clock P. M. of the day of leaving, and transmitted over the Placerville and St. Joseph telegraph wire to San Francisco and intermediate points by the connecting express in eight days.

The letter mail will be delivered in San Francisco in ten days from the departure of the Express.

The Express passes through Forts Kearney, Laramie and Bridger, Great Salt Lake City, Camp Floyd, Carson City, the Washoe Silver Mines, Placerville and Sacramento. Letters for Oregon, Washington Territory, British Columbia, the Pacific Mexican ports, Russian Possessions, Sandwich Islands, China, Japan and India will be mailed in San Francisco.

Special Messengers, bearers of letters to connect with the Express of the 3d of April, will receive communications for the courier of that day, at No. 481 10th-st., Washington City, up to 2:45 P. M. on FRIDAY, March 30; and in New-York, at the office of J. B. SIMPSON, Room No. 8 Continental Bank Building, Nassau-st., up to 6:30 A. M. of 31st March.

Full particulars can be obtained on application at the above places and agents of the Company.

WM. H. RUSSELL, President.

Leavenworth City, Kansas, March, 1860.
Office in New-York—J. B. SIMPSON, Vice-President.
SAMUEL & ALLEN, Agents, St. Louis.
H. J. SPAULDING, Agent, Chicago.

## PROPOSALS.

City Inspector's Department,
New-York, March 23, 1860. }

**NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.**—SEALED PROPOSALS, directed to "Daniel E. Delavan, City Inspector," with the name of the bidder indorsed thereon, and the words "Proposals for cleaning the streets and avenues, &c., of the City of New-York, for the term of five years," will be received at the City Inspector's Office, No. 1 Centre-st., until Thursday, the 5th day of April, 1860, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the same will be publicly opened, for cleaning the streets, avenues, lanes and alleys, and all gutters, wharves, piers, heads of slips, public lands and places, and the public markets and the limits thereof, to be thoroughly swept and cleaned, and to remove immediately therefrom all dirt, manure, ashes, garbage and rubbish for the term of five years, in compliance with the specifications of article 1 of chapter 23 of the Revised Ordinances of the Corporation of said City, adopted by the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty thereof, June 20, 1859.

The right to reject any and all proposals or bids received, if deemed to the interest of the Corporation, is hereby reserved.

Blank proposals, estimates and specifications, including form of contract, can be obtained upon application at the City Inspector's Office, No. 1 Centre st.

DANIEL E. DELAVAN, City Inspector.

## SHIPPING.

**FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.**

THE UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMER
FULTON,
J. A. Wotton, Commander,

Will leave for Havre, touching at Southampton to land the mails and passengers, on SATURDAY, March 31, at 12 o'clock, from Pier No. 37 North River, foot of Beach-st.

This ship has five water-tight compartments, inclosing the engines, so that, in the event of collision or stranding, the water could not reach them; and the pumps being free to work, the safety of the vessel and passengers would be secured.

Price of passage in second cabin, $75 and $60.

For freight or passage apply to

S. M. FOX,
GEO. MACKENZIE,
Agents, No. 7 Broadway.

N. B.—The steamer ARAGO will succeed the FULTON, and sail April 28.

**FOR HAVANA.**

UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMSHIP LINE.
Leaving every 20 days from each port.
STEAMSHIP QUAKER CITY,
R. W. Shufeldt, Commander.

This well-known and splendid steamer will leave for the above port on WEDNESDAY, April 4, at 2 o'clock A. M., from Pier No. 45 North River. Bills of lading furnished and signed on board on presentation of clearance.

Freight received on the 31st inst. For freight or passage apply to HARGOUS & CO., No. 33 South-st.

**THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.**

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage..........$130
Second Cabin Passage.......... 75
FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage..........$110
Second Cabin Passage.......... 60

The ships from Boston call at Halifax and Cork Harbor.

PERSIA, Capt. Judkins, CANADA, Capt. Lang,
ARABIA, Capt. J. Stone, AMERICA, Capt. Millar,
ASIA, Capt. E. G. Lott, NIAGARA, Capt. Anderson,
AFRICA, Capt. Shannon, EUROPA, Capt. J. Leitch,
SCOTIA, (now building.)

These vessels carry a clear white light at mast-head, green on starboard bow, red on port bow.

ARABIA, Stone, leaves New-York Wednesday, Feb. 29.
EUROPA, Leitch, leaves Boston Wednesday, March 7.
AFRICA, Shannon, leaves N. Y., Wednesday, March 14.
AMERICA, Millar, leaves Boston Wed'day, March 21.
ASIA, Lott, leaves New-York, Wed'day, March 28.
CANADA, Lang, leaves Boston Wednesday, April 4.
ARABIA, Stone, leaves New-York, Wedn'day, April 11.
NIAGARA, Miller, leaves Boston Wednesday, April 18.
PERSIA, Judkins, leaves New-York, Wed'ay, April 25.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced Surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Gold, Silver, Bullion, Specie, Jewelry, Precious Stones or Metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor, and the value thereof therein expressed. For freight or passage, apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-Green.

**ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP ASIA—FOR LIVERPOOL.**—The ASIA, E. G. Lott, Commander, will sail from the stream on WEDNESDAY NEXT, the 28th instant.

A steamboat will ply between the Company's wharf, at Jersey City, and the ASIA, from 10½ to 11½ o'clock A. M., to convey passengers and baggage on board.

The ARABIA will sail April 11.

E. CUNARD, No. 3 Bowling-green.

**SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.**—THE NORTH Atlantic Steamship Company will dispatch for the above ports their splendid steamship

ADRIATIC,
Capt. Jos. J. Comstock,
CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS,

On the following days:

| From Canal-st. Wharf. | Leave Havre. |
|---|---|
| SATURDAY, April 14, | TUESDAY, May 8, |
| SATURDAY, June 2, | TUESDAY, June 19, |
| SATURDAY, July 14, | TUESDAY, July 31, |
| SATURDAY, Aug. 25, | TUESDAY, Sept. 11, |
| SATURDAY, Oct. 6, | TUESDAY, Oct. 23, and |

Southampton the day after leaving Havre.

The ADRIATIC is undoubtedly unexcelled by any steamship in the world, for comfort, safety and speed. She has water-tight compartments.

Cabin passage, $130.

For freight or passage, apply at the office of the Company, No. 88 Wall-st., or to WM. H. WICKHAM, office on the wharf, foot of Canal-st.

Agents at London and Southampton, Messrs. GRINNELL, TINKER & MORGAN.

Agents at Havre, Messrs. WHITLOCK & PUNNETT.

Agent at Paris, JAMES W. TUCKER, Esq., No. 13 Faubourg Montmartre.

**FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.**—The favorite steamer JAMES ADGER, R. Adams, Commander, will leave Pier No. 4, North River, on WEDNESDAY, March 28, at 3 o'clock P. M. Cabin passage $15. Through tickets to the following places: To New-Orleans, $39 75; Mobile, $35; Montgomery, Ala., $26; Nashville, Tenn., $27 75; Memphis, Tenn., $31 75; Knoxville, $25 50; Chattanooga, $25; Augusta, Ga., $17 50; Atlanta, $21; Columbia, S. C., $20; Charlotte, N. C., $22, and various places in Florida. For freight or passage apply to SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 29 Broadway. The COLUMBIA succeeds on SATURDAY, March 31. Notice—No form of bills of lading signed but those furnished by the Company.

**FOR SAVANNAH AND FLORIDA.**—The American Atlantic Screw Steamship Company's new and favorite steamship HUNTSVILLE, Jno. A. Post, Commander, will leave Pier No. 12 N. R., THURSDAY, March 29, at 3 P. M. Passage to Savannah, with unsurpassed accommodations, $15. Through tickets to New-Orleans, $39 75; Mobile, $35; Memphis, $31 75; Nashville, $27 75; Knoxville, $25 50; Chattanooga, $25; Montgomery, $26; Albany, $23; Columbus, $21; Atlanta, $21; Macon, $21; Augusta, $17 50, including omnibus fare in Savannah. Baggage checked free to all the above points; also, to principal places in Florida at lowest rates. Freight, 10 cents per foot. Insurance, one-half per cent. No risk taken under $200.

H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

**FREIGHT FOR TENNESSEE, NORTH** Carolina, Portsmouth, Norfolk, City Point and Richmond received every day at Pier No. 13 North River.

The steamship JAMESTOWN, Capt. Skinner, leaves every TUESDAY, at 3 P. M.

Steamship ROANOKE, Capt. Couch, every THURSDAY.

Steamship YORKTOWN, Capt. Parrish, every SATURDAY.

Freight to Portsmouth or Norfolk 6 cents per foot; to City Point, 7 cents; and to Richmond, 8 cents.

Passage to Norfolk (stateroom and meals included) $8; to Petersburgh or Richmond, $10.

LUDLAM & HEINEKEN, No. 115 Broadway.

**FOR HAVANA VIA NASSAU, N. P.**—THE British and North American Royal Mail Steamship KARNAK, Capt. A. Brownless, will sail for the above ports, from the Company's wharf, at Jersey City, on or about the 3d of March, 30th March, and 27th of April—that is on arrival of the steamers expected from England on these dates.

Passage money to Nassau..........$45
Passage money to Havana.......... 60
Passage money between Nassau and Havana.......... 15

For freight or passage apply to

E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

**FOR SAVANNAH AND OTHER POINTS,** AS BELOW.—The first-class side-wheel steamship STAR OF THE SOUTH, Capt. Thos. Lyon, will leave on WEDNESDAY, March 28, at 3 P. M., from Pier 4 N. R. Through tickets can be had for the following places: To New-Orleans, $39 75; Mobile, $35; Montgomery, $26; Columbus, $21; Albany, $23; Atlanta, $21; Chattanooga, $25; Nashville, $27 75; Knoxville, $25 50; Memphis, $31 75; Augusta, $17 50; Macon, $20; Savannah, $15.

For freight and passage, apply at No. 13 Broadway.

SAM'L L. MITCHILL & SON.

**AMERICAN EUROPEAN EXPRESS CO.,**
NO. 72 BROADWAY.

PACKAGE EXPRESS twice every week for all parts of Europe via Liverpool, also by each French and German Mail Steamer. Samples taken at low rates, and prepayment of freight optional with the sender.

Purchases made at easy commission, and Bills of Exchange in terms to suit on London and Paris.

AUSTIN, BALDWIN & CO., Proprietors.

**EUROPE.**—A WELL-EDUCATED PERSON wishes to make an engagement with a party going abroad this Spring, to instruct and attend to children or a lady; speaks English, French and German fluently, and would bind herself for any time agreeable; salary no object; references first-class. Address EUROPE, Box No. 143 *Times* Office, New-York.

## STEAMBOATS.

**DAY BOAT FOR ALBANY.**

The well-known and favorite steamer ARMENIA, Capt. J. P. Smith, will (we understand) resume her regular trips to Albany (making the usual landings) about the 1st of April next, leaving New-York MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 7 o'clock A. M., from the foot of Harrison-st. The ARMENIA has been lengthened 18 feet and thoroughly overhauled and refitted in the best manner, and will be the most pleasant and commodious boat ever run upon this route. Her speed is greatly increased and she will probably make her trip in about 7 hours from this City to Albany. She is considered the fastest boat in the world.

**HARLEM AND SPUYTEN DUYVIL NAVIGATION COMPANY.**—SPRING ARRANGEMENT—Commencing Saturday, March 24.

TIME TABLES.

Leave Harlem at 7.55, 9, 10.20, 11.50 A. M.; 2.15, 4, 5, 6.05 P. M.

Leave Fordham at 7.15, 9.35, 11 A. M.; 3 P. M.

Leave High Bridge at 7.30, 8.35, 9.55, 11.20 A. M.; 12.35, 3.20, 4.30, 5.40 P. M.

Connecting with steamers SYLVAN SHORE and SYLVAN GROVE, and the 3d-av. cars to and from New-York.

SUNDAY ARRANGEMENT.

The boats of this line will run hourly and half hourly between Harlem and High Bridge, and not above High Bridge until further notice.

JOHN J. PESINGER, Superintendent.

**MARCH, 1860.—SHREWSBURY, HIGHLANDS, PORT WASHINGTON, MOUNT'S DOCK, FAIR HAVEN, and RED BANK.**—The new and splendid steamer HIGHLAND LIGHT, Captain H. B. Parker, will run as follows from foot of Robinson-st.:

| LEAVE NEW-YORK. | LEAVE RED BANK. |
|---|---|
| Thursday, March 22 3 P. M. | Thursday, Mch. 22 7½ A. M. |
| Friday, March 23...3 P. M. | Friday, March 23...8 A. M. |
| Saturday, March 24 3½ P. M. | Saturday, March 24. 8 A. M. |
| Tuesday, March 27 7½ A. M. | Monday, March 26.8½ A. M. |
| Wed'day, Mch. 28...8 A. M. | Tuesday, Mch. 27...11 A. M. |
| Thursday, March 29. 8 A. M. | Wed'day, Mch. 28...11 A. M. |
| Friday March 30...9 A. M. | Thursday, Mch. 29 11½ A. M. |
| Saturday, March 31 2 P. M. | Friday, March 30 12½ P. M. |
| | Monday, April 2...12 M. |

**FOR HARTFORD DIRECT AND INTERMEDIATE LANDINGS ON THE CONNECTICUT RIVER.**—The steamers CITY OF HARTFORD and GRANITE STATE daily (Sundays excepted) from Peck-slip, East River, at 4 P. M. These boats have excellent state room accommodations.

Cabin fare $1 50; no charge for berths.

Forward deck passage $1.

For further information, inquire of SAXTON & SEABURY, No. 112 South-st., New-York.

D. A. MILLS, Agent
Hartford and New-York Steamboat Company.

**NEW-YORK TO NEW-HAVEN BY THE** steamer ELM CITY, from Peck-slip, Pier No. 25 East River, at 3 P. M., and CHAMPION at 8 P. M. Fare $1. No charge for berths.

## DENTISTRY.

**A CLEAN AND WHOLESOME APPEARANCE OF THE MOUTH IS THE STRONGEST LETTER OF RECOMMENDATION.**—Pain and loss of teeth entirely prevented by my new method of filling, which is warranted. Teeth and fangs ingeniously removed without sensation. Old sets exchanged, fitted or repaired; and new sets in handsome style.

VINCENT W. BATE, Dentist,
No. 535 Broadway, corner of 13th-st.

## FINANCIAL.

**DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,**
BANKERS,
CORNER PINE AND NASSAU STS., NEW-YORK,
ISSUE
CIRCULAR NOTES AND LETTERS OF CREDIT
for travelers, available in all the principal cities of the world.

**BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,**
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS,
FOR USE IN THIS COUNTRY
AND ABROAD.

**AUGUST BELMONT & CO.,**
BANKERS, No. 50 Wall-st.,

Issue letters of credit to travelers, available in all parts of the world, through the Messrs. ROTHSCHILD, of Paris, London, Frankfort, Vienna, Naples, and their correspondents.

**JOHN MUNROE & CO.,**
AMERICAN BANKERS,
NO. 5 RUE DE LA PAIX, PARIS,
AND
NO. 8 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,

Grant LETTERS OF CREDIT for Mercantile Purposes. Also, CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT on the principal towns and cities of EUROPE. Also, on Alexandria, Cairo, Beyrout, Jerusalem, Algiers, &c., &c. Bills on Paris, and Sterling Bills in sums to suit.

**CROMMELIN, GOODWIN & CURTIS,**
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
No. 50 Wall-st.,

Negotiate Bank, Insurance and Express Stocks, and Business Paper, and advance upon the same. Prompt attention given to collections, or any business intrusted to us.

**EUGENE THOMSON,**
AUCTIONEER AND BROKER,

No. 37 William-st., buys and sells Stocks and Bonds at Brokers' Board; Insurance Stock at private sale. Price current of Insurance Stock issued semi-monthly.

**DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,**
BANKERS, &c.,

Issue circular notes and letters for travelers, available in all the cities of the United States, Canada, the West India islands, South America, &c., &c.

**ALBERT H. NICOLAY,**
AUCTIONEER AND STOCK BROKER,

No. 52 William-st. INSURANCE STOCK and other securities at private sale. STOCKS and BONDS bought and sold at the Brokers' Board. Price current issued semi-monthly.

**ELECTION NOTICE.**

Office Morris Canal and Banking Company,
Jersey City, March 10, 1860. }

Notice is hereby given that the annual election will be held at the office of the Company in Jersey City, on Monday, the 2d of April next, for the choice of five Directors, in place of Class No. 5, whose term of service will then expire, and of one Director of Class No. 4, to fill a vacancy. The poll will be open from 1 o'clock until 2 o'clock P. M. The transfer books will be closed from the 13th inst. until the 2d of April next inclusive.

L. N. CONDIT, Secretary.

**OFFICE OF THE TRADESMEN'S FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY**—Office, No. 153 Bowery—Under Mechanics' and Traders' Bank.—At an election for Directors of this Company, held Tuesday, March 13, the following gentlemen were duly elected for the ensuing year:

| | |
|---|---|
| D. B. KEELER, | JOHN FOSTER, |
| E. L. WALTON, | WM. A. CUMMING, |
| GEO. J. PRICE, | ANDREW M. WHITLOCK, |
| ISAAC WALTON, | W. WAKE, |
| JAS. M. MILLS, | ALEX. McDONALD, |
| JOHN PALMER, | CHAS. PERLEY, |
| STEPH. VALENTINE, | ABM. DENIKE, |
| WM. DENNISIOUN, | NATHAN ASIEL, |
| E. D. BROWN, | JORDAN L. MOTT, Jr., |
| ROBT. M FIELD, | JOHN L. MOORE, |
| STEPHEN CUTTER, | JOHN H. MORRIS, |
| D. H KNAPP, | JOHN MURPHY, |
| JAMES HUMES, | BRYAN M. CAHIL, |
| JACOB WILSON, | A. T. BRIGGS, |
| SANFORD MEAD, | JOSEPH W. DURYEE, |

At a subsequent meeting of the Board, DAVID B. KEELER was unanimously reëlected President.

T. Y. BROWN, Secretary.

**CAMDEN AND AMBOY RAILROAD BONDS.**—The following Six per cent. Bonds of the Delaware and Raritan Canal and the Camden and Amboy Railroad and Transportation Companies were stolen from the fire-proof in the office of the undersigned on the evening of Feb 23, 1859: Nos. 476, 477, 478, 484, 502, 503, 536, 537, 544, 545, of $1 000 each, redeemable in 1889. Coupons payable June 1 and Dec. 1, 1859, attached.

All persons are cautioned against receiving or negotiating the same, as payment has been stopped; and application will be made to the joint Board for a renewal of them at their meeting in July next, at the Company's Office in Princeton, N. J.

Should any of the above Bonds be offered for sale, information of the same to Gaw, Macalester & Co., Walnut-st., Philadelphia, or Hopkins & Co., No. 53 Merchants' Exchange, New-York, will be thankfully received.

R. P. LARDNER, Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Feb. 25, 1860.

**OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.**—No. 40 Wall-st., New-York, March 14, 1860.—The following gentlemen have been reëlected Directors of this Company, by a unanimous vote, for the term of three years, viz.:

| | |
|---|---|
| ISAAC A. STORM. | FRANCIS T. LUQUEER. |
| CHARLES E. BILL. | ISAAC N. PHELPS. |
| JOHN J. CISCO. | JAMES SUYDAM. |
| EDWARD S. CLARK. | CHAS. M. CONNOLLY. |
| SHEPHERD KNAPP. | EDWARD MINTURN. |

Herman Gelpcke, Esq., has been chosen a Director, to fill a vacancy, for one year.

At the annual meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, Joseph B. Collins, Esq., was unanimously reëlected President of this Company.

JOHN EADIE, Secretary.

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT A** meeting of the Stockholders of THE WASHINGTON ICE COMPANY will be held at the office of said Company, situated on West-st., at the foot of Christopher-st., in the City of New-York, on the 27th day of March next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of taking action in relation to increasing the amount of the capital stock of said Company to the sum of forty thousand dollars, and otherwise extending and changing the business thereof by adding two additional trustees, who, with the present Trustees, shall form the Board of Trustees for the management of the property and business of said Company. Dated, New-York, 18th February, 1860.

RANSOM PARKER,
R. G. BONESTEEL,
JAMES VAN ETTEN, } Trustees.

**MICHIGAN SOUTHERN AND NORTHERN INDIANA RAILROAD COMPANY.**—Secretary's Office, New-York, March, 1860.—The annual meeting of the Stockholders in this Corporation, for the election of thirteen Directors for the ensuing year, and three Inspectors of the succeeding election, will be held (in conformity with the requirements of the by-laws of this Company,) on WEDNESDAY, the twenty-fifth (25th) day of April, 1860, at the office of the Company, in the city of Toledo, Ohio, commencing at 12 o'clock M.

FRANKLIN E. WORCESTER, Secretary.

**ON SALE—MOBILE CITY EIGHT PER CENT.** bonds redeemable in 1885, interest payable in New-York semi-annually, 1st January and 1st July.

Rochester City 6 per cent. Bonds, redeemable in 1873, interest payable in New-York 1st January and 1st July.

Troy City 6 per cent. Bonds, redeemable in 1873, interest payable in New-York 1st January and 1st July, by DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO., Bankers, corner of Pine and Nassau sts., New-York.

Mariners' Savings Bank.
No. 1 Third-avenue, corner of Seventh-st. }

**INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS AT** the rate of 6 per cent. on sums of $500 and under, and 5 per cent. on larger sums, commencing 1st of April.

Bank open daily, from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M., and on Wednesdays and Saturdays, from 5 to 8 o'clock, P. M.

THOMAS B. STILLMAN, President.

I. T. Smith, Secretary.

Shoe and Leather Bank,
New-York, March 19, 1860. }

**THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR FIFTEEN** Directors of this Bank, and three Inspectors for the next election, will take place at the Bank on the first Tuesday in April ensuing.

The poll will open at 12 M., and close at 1 o'clock, P.M. By order. W. A. KISSAM, Cashier.

Office of the Panama Railroad Company,
Tontine Buildings, No. 88 Wall-st.,
New-York, March 16, 1860. }

**THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN** Directors of the Panama Railroad Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 88 Wall-st., (Tontine Buildings,) on MONDAY, the 2d day of April next. The polls will open at 12 M. and close at 2 P. M.

JOS. F. JOY, Secretary.

**SAVINGS BANK.**—UNION DIME SAVINGS Bank, No. 429 Canal-st., corner of Varick-st. Open daily from 10 A. M. to 2, and from 5 to 7 P. M. Six per cent. interest paid on all sums up to $500, and five per cent. on larger sums. A deposit of 10 cents a day for 10½ years, with the interest, amounts to $521 13.

EDER V. HAUGHWOUT, President.

Gardner S. Chapin, Secretary.

**IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION, NO. 96** Warren-st., open daily from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M., and on Monday, Thursday and Saturday from 4 to 7 P. M.; 6 per cent. interest on sums from $1 to $500.

JOHN CASTREE, President.

V. L. Buxton, Secretary.

**ROSE HILL SAVINGS BANK**—CORNER OF 14th-st. and 8th-av. Open daily, from 1 to 5 P. M.; Wednesday and Saturday until 7 P. M. All sums deposited before April 10 will draw interest from the 1st.

WM. F. HAVEMEYER, President.

Richard H. Bull, Secretary.

**UNION COMPANY MEETING.**—THE SHAREholders of the Union Company are hereby notified to attend a meeting to be held at the office of Messrs. Currie & Woodin, No. 41 Wall-st., Jauncey-court, on THURSDAY, April 5, at 4 o'clock, P. M. By order of

CHARLES VAN WYCK, President.

## INSURANCE.

REMOVAL.

**NEW-AMSTERDAM INSURANCE COMPANY**

HAS REMOVED TO
NO. 20 WALL-STREET,
Corner of Nassau-st.

DAVID S. MANNERS, President.

W. H. Dusenbery, Secretary.

**CLINTON**
**FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.**
OFFICE NO. 52 WALL-STREET.

CASH CAPITAL..........$250,000
WITH A LARGE SURPLUS.
DIRECTORS:

| | |
|---|---|
| HUGH LAING, | NOAH S. HUNT, |
| EFF'GHAM TOWNSEND, | THOMAS SMULL, |
| CHAS. R. SWORDS, | J. H. RANSOM, |
| JOHN PENFOLD, | GEO. A. TOWNSEND, |
| JOHN COMPTON, | DON ALONZO CUSHMAN, |
| D. HENRY HAIGHT, | U. J. SMITH, |
| JOSEPH LAWRENCE, | ALFRED WILLIS, |
| LEONARDO S. SUAREZ, | SYLVESTER L. H. WARD, |
| SILAS BRONSON, | ALVE E. LAING, |
| A. R. ENO, | ROBERT M. BRUCE, |
| JOHN WATSON, | J. S. BOYD, |
| JOSEPH W. CORLIES, | A. YZNAGA DEL VALLE, |
| SAMUEL WILLETS, | LAWRENCE TURNURE, |
| S. T. NICOOL, | HENRY S. LEVERICH, |
| | GEO. GRISWOLD, Jr. |

HUGH LAING, President.

JAMES B. AIMES, Jr., Secretary.

## AMUSEMENTS.

**WALLACK'S THEATRE.**

Doors open at 7¼. To commence at 7¾.
FIFTY-FOURTH NIGHT!!
and still
INCREASING IN ATTRACTION!!!
NIGHTLY CROWDS
OF
CITIZENS, VISITORS,
AND
STRANGERS
To witness the performance of the
ROMANCE
OF A
POOR YOUNG MAN,
And the following GREAT CAST, including
MR. LESTER WALLACK, MR. BROUGHAM,
MR. WALCOT, MR. DYOTT,
MRS. HOEY,
MRS. VERNON, MISS MARY GANNON,
MRS. WALCOT, MISS MORANT,
In their great
ORIGINAL CHARACTERS,
Aided by
MR. YOUNG, MR. PARSLOE, MR. LEVERE, &c., &c.,
EVERY NIGHT.

No free admission except the Press.

Box Book open two weeks in advance.

**LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.**

TUESDAY,
POSITIVELY THE LAST AND ONLY NIGHT
OF
MISS LAURA KEENE
AND
MISS AGNES ROBERTSON
In the favorite Drama, by DION BOURCICAULT, Esq., called
JEANIE DEANS,
or the
HEART OF MID-LOTHIAN.

In active preparation, and will be immediately produced, a new Drama, in three acts, by
DION BOURCICAULT,
entitled the
COLLEEN BAWN,
OR, THE PRIDES OF GARRYOWEN.

Doors open at 7; to commence at 7¾.

**NIBLO'S GARDEN.**

LESSEE AND MANAGER..........J. M. NIXON
FOURTH WEEK of
MR. and MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS.
TUESDAY EVENING, March 27,
First week of the splendid new Irish Drama,
WILLIE O'REILLY; or, NOT GUILTY!
With truthful Irish scenery, by Gaspard Maeder,
amongst which are a beautiful
VIEW OF CORK RIVER AND BLACK ROCK CASTLE;
CARLISLE BRIDGE and SACKVILLE-ST., DUBLIN;
THE COVE OF CORK, QUEENSTOWN.
William O'Reilly..........Mr. Barney Williams.
Mary Moriarty..........Mrs. Barney Williams.
The entertainment will commence with
LAW FOR LADIES.
Mrs. BARNEY WILLIAMS in five characters.
And will conclude with the farce of
PERFECTION.

Boxes 50 cents. Family Circle (entrance on Crosby-st.,) 25 cents. Orchestra chairs, $1.

**NEW BOWERY THEATRE.**

Between Hester and Canal sts.
THIS EVENING, March 27, 1860.
The performance will commence with
THE VENETIAN.
To be succeeded by KNIGHTS OF THE MIST.
Concluding with
THE FOUR LOVERS.

**LURLINE.**—GRAND ROMANTIC OPERA BY WM. VINCENT WALLACE. Just published by WM. HALL & SON.

**GRAND BRILLIANT CONCERT**

AT HOPE CHAPEL,
TUESDAY EVENING, March 27, 1860.

SENOR ALSINA, the greatest living Spanish Tenor; first appearance in America.

Messrs HARVEY and HERBERT, Solo Pianists and performers of Grand Duos for two pianos.

Mr. W. B. HARVEY, the great Violinist and Composer.

Señor MORALES, Musical Director.

The following programme will be presented:

PART I.

1. Grand Duo for two Pianos—"Themes La Traviata," (Verdi)..........Harvey and Herbert.
2. A, Romance—"Un de Felice," Traviata, (Verdi.)
   B, Cavatina—"Spirto Gentil," La Favorita, (Donizetti)..........Señor Alsina.
3. Piano Solo—Fantasia on "Huguenots," (Voss.)..........M. Herbert.
4. "La Donna Mobile," (Rigoletto)..........Señor Alsini.
5. Violin Solo—"La Carnival de Venice," W. B. Harvey.

PART II.

6. Grand Duo, two Pianos—Themes from "Martha," (Flotow)..........Harvey and Herbert.
7. "Ah! che la morte ognora," Il Trovatore, Señor Alsini.
8. Violin Solo—"La Bird"..........W. B. Harvey.
9. Grand Aria—"Fra poca a me," Lucia..........Señor Alsini.
10. Maria Taglioni Polka—Two Pianos, Harvey and Herbert.

Tickets 50 cents—to be had at the principal music stores and hotels, and the Hall on the day and evening of the concert.

Doors open at 7; concert to commence at 8 o'clock.

**GRAND CONCERT**

AT THE
COOPER INSTITUTE,
SATURDAY EVENING, March 31, 1860.
DODWORTH'S
SEVENTY-FIRST REGIMENT BAND,
Assisted by the following distinguished artists:
Mr. S. B. MILLS, Pianist.
Mr. L. SCHRIEBER, Cornet-a-Piston.
Mr. HENRI APPY, Violinist.
Mr. MILLARD, Tenor.
Mr. SAMUEL MEIGS, Baritone.

Tickets admitting a Lady and Gentleman..........One Dollar.
Single tickets..........Fifty Cents.

For sale at the principal music stores and at the door on the night of the Concert.

Doors open at 7; concert to commence at 8 o'clock.

**PLYMOUTH CHURCH, BROOKLYN.**

The new Band of the Seventh Regiment will give a GRAND CONCERT OF INSTRUMENTAL AND VOCAL MUSIC, at Plymouth Church, on THURSDAY EVENING, March 29, with their entire orchestra of 40 performers, assisted by Miss Maria Brainerd, the celebrated vocalist; Mr. G. T. Atherton, tenor; Mr. Clare W. Beames, Pianist; and other distinguished talent.

Tickets, 50 cents. May be obtained in New-York of J. V. Harriott, No. 33 Wall-st., and of Hastings and Wilbur, under the Fulton Bank; in Brooklyn, at the Music-stores of Carl Prox and J. E. Lent in Fulton st., and at the Bookstore of W. W. Rose in Atlantic-st.

Full particulars and programmes hereafter.

**CHAMBER CONCERT UNION.**

SECOND SOIREE.
TUESDAY EVENING, March 27, 1860.
At GOLDBECK'S MUSIC HALL, No. 765 Broadway.

Trios by Schumann and Schubert, Duo by Schubert, Songs by Goldbeck and Membrée, Piano Solos by Chapin and Schumann.

Performers—Messrs. Dr. Guilmette, Doehler, Brannes, Goldbeck and Saar.

Subscriptions and single tickets at the principal music stores. Single tickets also at the door on the evening. Soiree commences at 8 o'clock.

**GUSTAV SATTER'S**
GRAND CONCERT,
AT
DODWORTH'S ACADEMY,
March 29, 1860.
Admission (at the door) $1.
Doors open at 7.
Concert commences at 8.

**NEW-YORK HISTORICAL SOCIETY.**

COMMEMORATION OF THE
BIRTHDAY OF WASHINGTON IRVING.

NOTICE TO MEMBERS.—The ordinary members' ticket will not be available on this occasion.

Tickets of admission will be issued to members only, on application at the Library, on and after TUESDAY, March 27, between the hours of 9 and 3 o'clock. Tickets not called for on or before SATURDAY, March 31, will be at the disposal of the Committee of Arrangements.

LUTHER BRADISH,
John Romeyn Brodhead, George Folsom,
Samuel Osgood, George Henry Moore,
Committee of Arrangements.

**WALLACE'S GRAND ROMANTIC OPERA LURLINE**—Now performing at Her Majesty's Theatre, London.

**THEATRE FRANCAISE, 585 BROADWAY,**

MARDI, 27 MARS, 1860.
Ceque Femme 8 eut
EMBRASSONS-NOUS FOLLEVILLE.

**GEORGE CHRISTY'S MINSTRELS,**
AT NIBLO'S SALOON.
THIS EVENING,
Immense success of George Christy's great comic adaptation of the ever popular
TOODLES,
WITH CAUDLE LECTURES.
Timothy Toodles..........GEO. CHRISTY

**HAYTI MINSTRELS.**

Onderdonk's Hall, No. 405 Grand-st., near Clinton.
Fifth week. Great success. Open every evening.
Doors open at 7; to commence at 8 o'clock.
Admission 20 cents.

**VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S**
MAMMOTH MENAGERIE.
Doors open from 10 A. M. to 5 P. M., 7 to 9½ P. M.
MONDAY AFTERNOON AND EVENING.
MONDAY AFTERNOON AND EVENING.
LAST WEEK AT PALACE GARDENS.
LAST WEEK AT PALACE GARDENS.
LAST PERFORMANCE.
LAST PERFORMANCE.
SATURDAY NIGHT, March 31.
SATURDAY NIGHT, March 31.

**DUSSELDORF GALLERY,**
No. 548 Broadway.
Crowds are flocking to see the statues of
CRAWFORD'S
"DANCING JENNY,"
ANGELINI'S "EVE,"
Miss LOUISA LANDER'S "EVANGELINE,"
Miss LOUISA LANDER'S Bust of "HAWTHORNE,"
BARBEE'S "FISHER GIRL,"
AKER'S "DEAD PEARL DIVER."

**THE OPERA OF LURLINE**—BY W. V. WALLACE—Just published and for sale by WM. HALL & SON.

**"A WIFE-HUNT AT NEWPORT"**

Will be read by the authoress at Dodworth's Hall, No. 806 Broadway, on TUESDAY, March 27, at 8 o'clock P. M. Tickets, 50 cents. For sale at Breusing's music store, No. 701 Broadway, and at the door on the evening.

**DON'T PERMIT THIS TO LEAVE BEFORE SEEING IT—SOLOMON'S TEMPLE.**—Notice the size, 24 by 35 feet—a large house. Explanations at all times. Explanations given by the proprietress and builder. Open from 10 A. M. to 10 P. M., in 9th-st., two doors east of Broadway. Admission 25 cents; children 12 cents.

## AMUSEMENTS.

**AID FOR THE FATHERLESS.**

A FAIR for the benefit of the COLORED ORPHAN ASYLUM will be held on the 26th, 27th, 28th and 29th insts., at Montague Hall, Court st., (opposite the City Hall,) Brooklyn. Admission, 10 cents. Season tickets, 25 cents. AN EXHIBITION OF THE CHILDREN will take place on WEDNESDAY EVENING, 28th inst., at the Plymouth Church when addresses will be delivered by Rev Henry Ward Beecher and Theodore Tilton, Esq. Admission free. A collection will be taken up.

**BARNUM'S MUSEUM.**—P. T. BARNUM, Proprietor and Manager; JOHN GREENWOOD, Jr., Assistant Manager.—In order to effect as complete renovation, redecoration and augmentation, as well as perfect the rehearsals of Mr. Dion Bourcicault's latest production, the Scotch moral drama of JEANIE DEANS; Or, The Heart of Mid Lothian, the Museum will remain closed for a few days. On the reopening, SATURDAY NEXT, at 1 P. M., those old favorites of the Museum visitors Mr. C. W. CLARKE and Miss EMILY MESTAYER, will make their reappearance, in addition to the present talented company. The WHAT IS IT? commonly said to be the CONNECTING LINK BETWEEN MAN AND MONKEY, the living SEA LION, the GRIZZLY BEAR, the LEARNED SEAL, &c., may be seen at all business hours. Admittance 25 cents; children under ten, 13 cents.

**DON'T PUT IT OFF TOO LONG BEFORE** you go to Solomon's Temple, at Temple Hall, 9th st., two doors east of Broadway. This is no humbug; just come and see it; explanations given at all times by the proprietress and builder. Schools that wish to visit should call soon. Open from 10 A. M. to 10 P. M. Admittance 25 cents, children 12 cents.

**WHITLOCK'S**
FREE GALLERY
OF OIL PAINTINGS,
No. 386 CANAL-ST.

**GRAND ROMANTIC OPERA LURLINE**—By WM. VINCENT WALLACE. The most successful Opera ever played.

## LECTURES.

**REV. H. GRATTAN GUINNESS**
WILL PREACH
EVERY EVENING THIS WEEK except Saturday,
In Rev. Dr. McElroy's Church, 14th st., near 6th-av.

**BROOKLYN TABERNACLE COURSE.**—The sixth and last of the Tabernacle Lectures will be delivered by Henry Ward Beecher, on THURSDAY EVENING, March 29, at 8 o'clock, in the Brooklyn Tabernacle (Rev. Wm. Alvin Bartlett's.) Subject—*How to Save the Union!*

**SANITARY LECTURES.**

MR. E. Y. ROBBINS
Will give the Third Lecture on *Sanitary Science*,
AT CLINTON HALL,
MONDAY EVENING, March 26.
Tickets 25 cents. To commence at 8 o'clock.

**LECTURE ON THE ADULTERATION OF LIQUORS.**—By request of the American Temperance Union and others in this City, Dr Hiram Cox, State Liquor Inspector in Ohio, will deliver a lecture at the Cooper Institute, at 7½ o'clock on WEDNESDAY EVENING NEXT, in which he will give the results of his examinations relative to the present adulterations of liquors and gross frauds in the liquor traffic, endangering and destroying human health and life. Prompt answers will be given to any questions. Wm. E. Dodge, Esq., will preside; and, if time admits, several speeches may be made on the subject. Ladies and gentlemen are invited to attend and learn for themselves. Tickets at the door—25 cents.

**A LECTURE IN THE COURSE WILL BE** delivered in the German Presbyterian Church, in 6th-st., two doors from 2d-av., THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock, by Rev. Dr. Walter Clarke.

Subject—*Thought.*

Admission 25 cents. Tickets to be had at RANDOLPH'S, No. 683 Broadway, and at the door.

**WENDELL PHILLIPS WILL DELIVER** his celebrated Lecture, the *Lost Arts*, before the Young Men's Christian Union, in Rev. Dr. Chapin's Church, on Broadway, near Prince-st., on THURSDAY EVENING, the 29th inst., at 8 o'clock. Tickets, 25 cents, at the door.

WM. W. BADGER,
Chairman of Lecture Committee.

## LEGAL NOTICES.

**IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE** Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against SIMON FARRAN, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at his residence, No. 113 West 22d-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 15th of June next.—Dated New-York, Dec. 12, 1859.

MARY FARRAN, Executrix.
MATTHIAS BLOODGOOD, Executor.

d13-law6mT*

**IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE** Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against OLIVER S. POWELL, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at the office of JAMES D. STRONG, No. 212 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 15th day of May next.—Dated New-York, Nov. 11, 1859.

JAMES D. STRONG, Administrator.
JULIET J. POWELL, Administratrix.

n15-law6mTu*

**IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE** Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MARGARET CLARK, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his office, No. 25 William-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 5th day of April next.—Dated New-York, Oct. 3, 1859.

o4-law6mTu* EDWARD S. CLARK, Executor.

## PUBLIC NOTICES.

**CENTRAL PARK.—EXTENSION NOTICE.**—Notice is hereby given that the Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment appointed under the act entitled "An Act to alter the map of the City of New-York by laying out thereon a public place, and to authorize the taking of the same," passed April 2, 1859, will receive evidence and bear arguments as to the value of the property to be taken for the enlargement of the Central Park, at the office of the Commissioners, No. 302 Broadway, corner of Duane-st., from the 2d day of April next to the 18th day of April next (excluding Sundays,) between the hours of 11 A. M., and 3 P. M., at which time and place all persons interested in the subject are invited to be present.

The property provided to be taken is contained within the following limits and boundaries: Southerly by the southerly side of 106th st., northerly by 110th-st., easterly by the 5th-av., and westerly by the 8th-av.

Dated, New-York, March 27, 1860.

ANTHONY J. BLEECKER,
HAWLEY D. CLAPP,
RICHARD KELLY, } Commissioners.

Mayor's Office, New-York, March 22, 1860.

**$500 REWARD.**—IN PURSUANCE OF A resolution of the Common Council, approved by me this day, I, FERNANDO WOOD, Mayor of the City of New-York, do hereby offer a reward of five hundred dollars for the apprehension and conviction, or for such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction, of the person or persons who have recently made several attempts to set fire to buildings on 100th-st., between 9th and 10th avs., in the City of New-York; said reward to be paid on the certificate of the District Attorney, or the Judge before whom the conviction was had, that the claimants are entitled to said reward; but all claims not presented to the Mayor within twenty days after such conviction will be disregarded.

FERNANDO WOOD, Mayor.

**NOTICE.—THE VETERANS OF THE WAR OF** 1812, also the widows, rich and poor, will call at the Bounty Land office, No. 4 City-hall-place, next to the corner of Chambers-st., to have their claims made for the use of clothing and equipments used in the war of 1812, '13 and '14, by Friday, 30th inst., when this business will be closed. Col. H. RAYMOND, Agent.

**NOTICE.—ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS** against the late firm of HARNED & ROTHERY, are hereby notified to present the same to the undersigned at their office, No. 224 West Houston-st., near Varick, before the 5th day of April next.

NICHOL & BILLERWELL, Trustees.

New-York, March 26, 1860.

**ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST** GEORGE ST. JOHN will please hand the same to me, with vouchers attached, on or before the first day of May next, or be debarred of recovery.

CHARLES FOX, Assignee, No. 178 South-st.

New-York, March 24, 1860.

## MACHINERY.

**CALORIC HOISTING ENGINES—THE ONLY SAFE HOISTERS IN THE WORLD!**—The undersigned is prepared to furnish Caloric Engines and Ericsson's Air Hoisters, for hoisting in warehouses; also Portable Hoisters for docks, ships, builders, quarries, &c., &c. The fact that these machines are absolutely free from danger, and may be placed anywhere without enhancing the insurance; require no engineering skill in their management, and cost very little to run them; are quite sufficient to give them the preference over all other modes of hoisting. References may be had to Staats M. Mead, Esq., or Messrs. Sackett, Belcher & Co., No. 26 Pearl st., or Messrs. Hutchinson & Co., No. 15 State-st. The following letter on the subject speaks for itself:

New-York, Dec. 16, 1859.

Joseph Banks, Esq.—*Dear Sir*: In answer to yours of yesterday, requesting my opinion of the merits of and differences in the Air and Steam Hoisting Apparatus, I would say in reply, that the Air machine is less complicated than the Steam machine works better, is easier kept in order and is more economical (requiring but about one-half the fuel which the other uses) as well as being competent to perform more work in a given space of time.

We have hoisted in the second story, 193 hogsheads of Malado in 75 minutes with the Air machine, whereas we could only hoist by the Steam machine 170 of the same hogsheads in 120 minutes, and that by consuming about double the amount of coal.

The above opinion is based on practical experience, having had charge of both the above machines (now being used by Messrs. Driggs & Co., of South st.,) for some time past. Yours, truly,

JOHN WILCOX, Engineer.

For further particulars, apply at the Agency,
JNO. B. KITCHING, No. 164 Duane-st.

**FOR SALE—THE MACHINERY IN A PLANING** mill, consisting of an engine and boilers, two planing machines, one resitting saw, two buz-saws, one scroll saw, one upright saw, &c., &c., together with the lease of the premises. The above-described property is located at Yonkers, and fronts on a dock, and is well situated for that and other business purposes. Inquire on the premises of MANN & KEELER.

**STEAM BOILER EXPLOSIONS.**—ASHCROFT'S Low Water Detector, for preventing the explosion of steam boilers. Ashcroft's new patent steam gauge, water gauges, whistles, gauge cocks, &c., &c. ASHCROFT & CO., No. 50 John-st., New-York.

## COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

**DISSOLUTION.**—WE DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that the undersigned, known as and doing business heretofore in the name of the Union Skirt Company, have this day dissolved by mutual consent. All unfinished business will be attended to by T. S. SPERRY, No. 2 Dey-st., New York.

WM. C. VOSBURGH,
T. S. SPERRY,
O. H. HART.

New-York, March 12, 1860.

The above business will be continued by the undersigned at 2 Dey-st. Union Skirt Co., O. H. Hart, Agent.

**NOTICE.**—MR. EBEN SARTON IS A PARTNER in our business from this date. The firm name will remain the same.

WM. EDGAR BIRD & CO.

New-York, March 1, 1860.

# NATIONAL UNION MEETING.

## Speeches of Mr. Wm. E. Dodge, Hon. Messrs. Nelson and Maynard, of Tennessee, and James W. Gerard, Esq.

The Young Men's National Union Club held a large meeting last night in the Cooper Institute. The building was quite full, though from certain occasional hisses it could hardly be inferred that those present were all of one mind on the questions discussed. By way of preface to the proceedings within the hall, (those without consisting of a profuse display of sky-rockets and blazing tar-barrels,) a gentleman on the platform called for three cheers for the Seventh Regiment Band, to which the assemblage gave an almost unanimous response. When the cheering had ceased, the band played Hail Columbia and a pot-pourri of well known airs, which were vehemently encored.

Mr. **GEO. HALSEY** then advanced, and having apostrophized the audience as lovers of the Union, the Constitution and the laws, and as friends of peace and prosperity, concluded by nominating for Chairman, Mr. **WM. E. DODGE**.

Mr. **DODGE** immediately took the chair. He said that in accepting an invitation to preside over their deliberations this evening, he had done it, not because he was a politician, for he never had been, was not now, and never would be one, but he did so because he had always been a Union man. He was a Union man and always had been a Union man and always would be. [Applause.] His own impressions were that not only in the hearts of those present to-night, but throbbing in the hearts of thousands, not alone in the Northern but in the Southern States, there was a strong feeling that the time had arrived in the history of this country when those who loved it must come forward and sustain those who go for Union, and not for party. It was a different thing for a man to come out and dissent from those with whom he had been wont to associate, but there were times when, although sure to incur obloquy, he who stood neutral would stand up last on the highest pinnacle of principle. [Applause.]

We had now arrived at that crisis in the history of our country, in which party responsibility and the love of country must take a stand, and in which those who fill or are to fill its various offices and positions, must struggle to preserve this Union. It was our duty North to leave the great agitating subject of slavery in the hands of those who hold the slave; they had the responsibility, and it was our duty to roll it over upon them. [Applause.]

Here there were some signs of confusion at the further end of the hall, and soon the cry of, "Put him out," was heard. The Chairman exhorted the people to keep their seats, and said there were gentlemen in the rear of the house who were competent enough to keep order. [Applause.]

Mr. **CHARLES M. DAVIS** then submitted the following resolutions, (a formidable array of Vice-Presidents and Secretaries having been previously adopted:)

*Resolved*, That we cannot consent, as independent citizens, that the machinery of parties shall coerce us into the acceptance of political issues which imperil the peace of the country, and whose settlement is unattainable by political triumphs.

*Resolved*, That in the agitation of Slavery as a political question, we see naught but the repetition of the invariable law of partisanship, the intense exaggeration of the favorite topic, the leadership of the reckless and fanatical, and the forgetfulness of all things but the appliances of victory.

*Resolved*, That the question as to the condition of negroes in the Territories of the United States occupies an unwarrantable portion of the time of our public servants at a period when the industry, the economy, and internal improvement of the country eminently require their attention and when our relations with foreign States have become complicated and dangerous.

*Resolved*, That, while we are averse to all unmeaning alarms, the condition of public affairs compels the conviction that the Republic is in danger, and especially that such incidents as the recent unrebuked and shameless avowal of treason and disunion upon the floor of the American Senate by an American Senator, and the unconcealed exultation of leading Northern men and journalists over the treason and murders by **JOHN BROWN** and his confederates, portend nothing but peril to our country—a peril which no partisan excitement or civic apathy can excuse us before God and posterity for disregarding.

The resolutions were, on motion, adopted.

Dr. **CHAS. A. GUILMETTE** was then introduced, and sang with amazing force "Hail Columbia." He was rapturously cheered.

Hon. **THOMAS A. NELSON**, of Tennessee, was then introduced, and said that in visiting for the first time in his life this great commercial metropolis, one of the first thoughts that suggested itself to his mind on reflecting upon its commerce throughout the world and our common country, was, that if there was a single spot on this broad Union where the people were more deeply interested in the maintenance of that Union than in any other, it was the City of New-York. [Applause.] He was rejoiced [Here there were cries of "Louder," which the Chairman endeavored to repress by saying that if the audience would only be quiet Mr. **NELSON** would make himself perfectly heard in a few minutes. "Yes," observed a loud voice, "let him get warmed up." This was followed by laughter.] He was rejoiced, he proceeded to say, to find that his fellow-citizens had come out in such vast numbers to-night, and if there was anything that could warm his heart, it was the manner in which they had received that magnificent anthem that had been sung and echoed by them. [Applause.] He rejoiced that notwithstanding the cry of disunion had been heard from one end of the land to the other, and that even the halls of the Congress of the United States had been polluted by the utterance of sentiments ruinous to the interests and hateful to the feelings of the American people, yet still, so far as he could judge from appearances, such feelings found no echo here. Notwithstanding this, things which seemed to him almost unparalleled in the history of our country existed now. At this very moment a great and extraordinary excitement prevailed from one end of the Confederacy to the other. Meetings had been held in a large number of the Northern and the Southern States, and the people were coming out by hundreds and by thousands everywhere. The question then came back to us, for what purpose is it that such mighty masses of the people, in the exercise of the right of sovereignty which belongs to them, are congregating in all parts of our beloved country? He need not say that there was no nation on the broad earth where the right of suffrage existed as it does in the United States, and that there was not a man there to-night, young or old, rich or poor, who did not have a voice and an agency in the control of the affairs of this great country of ours. [Applause.] And they ought to thank Almighty God that although this was a right which we had been accustomed to exercise from our youth up, and which, from its frequent exercise we were disposed to undervalue, yet it was our duty as freemen to cherish the priceless heritage won for us by our fathers, and when we met together to consult on matters involving the dearest interests of our country, to counsel together in a manner that would enable us to arrive at the best results as to the destinies of this land. He did not suppose that what he would give utterance to there that night, would be acceptable to every man in the assembly; that would be expecting more than any man had a right to expect. But what was the value of free discussion, what the value of the right of suffrage, if we could not compare notes together from the East, West, North and South, and making all due allowance for differences of opinion, endeavor to arrive at a satisfactory and correct result. His purpose was to endeavor to advocate the formation of the great Union party, which had for its object the carrying out of the principles embodied in the resolutions that had been read. He had always been a member of the old Whig Party so long as that party existed. [Cheers.] He would endeavor to show that many of the evils and mischiefs now prevalent in the Government of the country were attributable to the dominance of the Democratic Party, and that other and still worse results would follow from the dominance of the Republican Party. He thought that both these parties were sectional in character; that they were so constituted and organized that the success of either would imperil the safety of our institutions, and therefore it was that he opposed them both. It might not be amiss, (if it were lawful now-a-days to talk about anything in the world but the everlasting nigger question,) to say something about the Democratic Party, though he would, before he had done, say something about the nigger question, for it would be unfashionable if he did not. [Laughter.] The Democratic cry of retrenchment and reform had continued from the days of Gen. **JACKSON** down to the present, and not longer ago than the date of the Wheatland letter, we were told that the expenses of the Government should not exceed fifty millions a year; and yet, in the two first years of Mr. **BUCHANAN**'s Administration, the acknowledged sum rolled up to eighty-two millions, and God alone knew how much more besides that. When we were told that corruption, extravagance and prodigality existed in the administration of the Government of this country, we were told no more than what some of the strongest Democrats in Congress had said within the last year. This, of itself, was a sufficient reason why the Democrats should no longer be permitted to remain in power. [illegible] was so devoted to the love of power, that if we continued any party in the control of the national affairs for any length of time, there was danger that it might forget its obligations to the people, and that, in order to perpetuate its own ascendency, it would be guilty of fraud and corruption in the carrying out of its aims. [Cries of "Good," and cheers.] In proof of this prodigality and corruption, we had the declarations in Congress and elsewhere, of Messrs. Clements, Foote, Shields, Garnett, Stevens, Hunter, Toombs, Wise, Soulé, Montague, Pugh, Clingman, and Johnston. All this was Democratic testimony, and he had more. So, too, Gen. **JACKSON**'s principle, that the appointment of members of Congress to office should not be allowed, had not been carried out. We had been told, too, that Executive power and patronage ought not to be brought into conflict with the freedom of elections. And yet by the very highest and by the very lowest officer of the Government, a disposition had been exhibited to interfere with the freedom of elections from the time of Mr. **PATTERSON**'s celebrated Philadelphia letter. [Here the speaker was momentarily interrupted by confusion in the vicinity of the entrance to the Hall, and cries of "Put him out."] He proceeded to arraign the Democratic Party, North and South, for that a large portion of its members had labored to keep alive a feeling of dissatisfaction with the Union, and then reviewed the policy of the Republican Party, remarking incidentally that, in regard to New-York politics, he had always had a private opinion of his own, (which, as he came from the mountains of Eastern Tennessee, he would confidentially express,) and it was that New-York politics were the most tangled skein that God had ever set a man to unravel. [Laughter and cheers.] He deplored the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, and regretted that so many Southern men had promoted it; declared the question as to whether the Compromise itself was a violation of the Constitution to be an infinitesimal abstraction; said that the effort to repeal it had been well characterized by Mr. **FILLMORE**, (whom he praised enthusiastically,) as the opening of Pandora's box, and argued that the laws of climate in Nebraska were so severe on the African that the establishment of Slavery in that Territory, by enactment or otherwise, was as obviously impossible as if the Missouri Compromise were still unrepealed. Thence he inferred the uselessness of the Republicans as a party. He charged them with being actuated by a spirit of revenge, and pronounced **JOHN BROWN**'s foray to be directly attributable to the teachings of Republican politicians. [Hisses and applause.] In conclusion, he referred to the excited state of public feeling at the South, denounced the demagogical doctrine, as he styled it, of "Homes for the homeless, and land for the landless," on the ground that a far more equitable disposal could be made of them by apportioning the public lands among the several States, in proportion to the ratio of their respective representations in Congress; and wound up, somewhat abruptly (for the audience had grown impatient, and indeed somewhat unruly,) by a eulogy on **GEORGE BRIGGS**.

When he had concluded, there were loud calls for Dr. **GUILMETTE**, who advanced and sang "The Star Spangled Banner." While singing the last stanza, he seized the American flag, and the audience, by one accord, started to their feet, and joined in the chorus, whilst he waved it over their heads.

Hon. **HORACE MAYNARD**, of Tennessee, was the next speaker called. He was greeted with three cheers, after which he said: Mr. President and national young men of the City of New-York: Twenty years have now rolled away since I myself, then a young man too, had the honor to make my first political address; and as I have a good memory of places, I may say that I believe it was very near the place where we are now gathered. Twenty years had rolled over us, and what had they brought in their train? The number of States had been increased by one half over what they were at that time, and he believed the number would continue to increase until it should be threefold its present number. During that time Texas had been added, and so had that land of Ophir—California. Then came that other land of which the poet sang,

> "Where rolled the Oregon, and heard no sound,
> Save its own waves dashing along the shore."

Besides the addition of Texas, California and Oregon, he might point them to our prosperity everywhere—he might point them to their ships; those white birds of the sea, carrying the star spangled banner in their beaks. But while we had thus advanced in prosperity and civilization, there were notes of warning that had attracted the attention of the statesmen of the land.

At this point the speaker turned to the President and said his voice was so much affected by a severe cold he had caught that it was impossible for him to proceed. The audience called upon him to go on, when he said to them that the cold he had caught rendered it impossible for him to speak so as to be heard.

*The President*—I hope the audience will keep quiet and listen to the gentleman, who, contrary to his own convictions, is speaking to you to-night.

As soon as the calls for the speaker to go on had ceased, Mr. **MAYNARD** said he would refer his audience to the times when the country was divided by two great parties, each containing great intellects, governed by great principles, and would appeal to them whether those good social times were with us now. His friend and colleague had already told them that in 1840 the fanaticism of the present day had scarcely been heard of. But after the election of 1840, the question of the annexation of Texas came up, and they will recollect what a noise was made about it. The cry at the South was an increase of free territory, and the cry of the North was, that Texas was to be annexed, in order to increase the number of Slave States. Texas had been annexed, and he would ask them now whether they were the worse for that annexation. From the annexation of Texas came the war with Mexico, and then the question was how we should divide the land we were about to conquer; for it was understood that if we went to war with anybody, we should steal some land.

The speaker at this point turned to the President again, and repeated that it was impossible for him to proceed.

A gentleman near by seeing that, from his severe hoarseness, the effort to speak was painful to him, moved that he be excused from continuing his remarks.

The President, after stating that the distinguished gentleman from Tennessee would gladly have continued his remarks had his hoarseness not continued, put the motion, and it was carried unanimously. A vote of thanks and three hearty cheers for Mr. **MAYNARD** were then given, and at their close, Mr. **MAYNARD** said: "I give you my hearty and sincere thanks. It is the first time I ever asked to be excused from speaking, and I hope it will be the last."

There were then calls for more "music," which were well responded to by the band.

**JAMES W. GERARD**, Esq., was next called upon to speak. He delivered an eloquent Union-saving address, and at its close there was more music from the band, and the audience separated.

# THE TRAGEDIES AT SEA.

## The Two Alleged Murderers in Custody.

### What they Say and What is Said of Them —How the Chinaman was Captured.

### THE MURDERS ON BOARD THE E. A. JOHNSON.

HICKS IN CUSTODY OF THE UNITED STATES AUTHORITIES—SCENE AT THE UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S OFFICE—INTERVIEW WITH THE ACCUSED AT THE TOMBS.

**ALBERT W. HICKS**, *alias* **WM. JOHNSON**, the supposed murderer of the Captain and crew of the oyster-sloop *E. A. Johnson*, was taken from the Second Ward Station-house, at 10½ o'clock yesterday morning, and conveyed in a carriage to the United States Marshal's office, preparatory to his being handed over to the United States authorities. Capt. **WEED** deceived the numbers who had gathered about the Station-house, and who, in the excitement of the moment, gave utterance to threats of violence against the prisoner, by removing him in a carriage from the rear of the building, while another vehicle, placed in front of the door, with a number of policemen keeping a passage-way in front of it, gave ground for the belief that the prisoner would leave that way. As soon as the *ruse* was discovered, which was not until half an hour after it had been carried into effect, the crowd added itself to that which had already gathered around the Marshal's office. All manifested the utmost eagerness to get a glimpse at the alleged culprit. He was conducted into the main office of the Marshal, where he remained for an hour and a half, during which time scores of persons were permitted to enter and gratify their curiosity by looking at the criminal, but no one held any conversation with him. He sat handcuffed in one corner of the room, and met the scrutinizing gaze of his multitude of visitors without betraying the slightest emotion of any kind. In fact he did not appear from his actions to be conscious that he was any more the object of curiosity than any one else in the crowd. He is not vicious-looking, and the universal expression of those who see him, for the first time, is that of disappointment in finding so "good-looking a man," when they expected to behold a monster.

Among the visitors was Mr. **HOWELL**, of Islip, L. I., the builder and half-owner of the sloop *E. A. Johnson*, who recognized the prisoner immediately on entering the room. Mr. **HOWELL** took supper with Capt. **BURR**, on board the sloop at the foot of Spring-street, the evening before she left New-York, on which occasion **HICKS** sat at the table on his left, and Capt. **BURR** on his right. He is positive that the prisoner is the same person, although he then went by the name of Johnson. **ALBERT W. HICKS**, the name the prisoner gave when arrested, is undoubtedly his true name, as the initials A. W. H. have been found printed in India ink on his left arm.

While the prisoner was thus undergoing the inspection of those who were so fortunate as to gain admission to the Marshal's office, the large and increasing throng outside were made the victims of an ingenious manœuvre, which exhibited the tact of Capt. **RYNDERS** in dissipating a crowd. A man, named **CURTIS**, recently convicted of forgery, and about to be conveyed to Sing Sing, was taken through the Marshal's office, handcuffed and in charge of officers, and let out by a private door opening in Chambers-street. The crowd, supposing the man to be **HICKS**, ran off *en masse* in pursuit of the officers, shouting "There he is—that's him—that's him." The dodge created much merriment among those inside the Marshal's office, and none laughed heartier or seemed to enjoy the joke more than the prisoner. Having thus got clear of the crowd outside, the Marshal next bethought himself how to clear his own office—a feat which he easily accomplished by removing the prisoner to a private room. Meantime the United States Commissioner, **KENNETH G. WHITE**, was busily engaged in taking affidavits, on which to base a warrant for the transfer of the prisoner to the United States authorities. The question of jurisdiction, although it will doubtless be a material, and perhaps the turning point on the trial of the prisoner, if not in the preliminary investigation, was not inquired into in taking the affidavits, further than to show that a murder had probably been committed on the high seas, and that the scene of the murder was an American vessel. The witnesses examined were **GEO. NIVEN**, of the Second Precinct Police, who assisted in the arrest of the prisoner; **HENRY SEAMAN**, of Brooklyn, who was acquainted with Capt. **BURR**, and identified the watch found on the prisoner; **DANIEL SIMMONS**, of Keyport, N. J., who testified to the condition of the sloop when picked up, and also identified a shot-bag found in possession of the prisoner as belonging to Capt. **BURR**, and used by him as a money-purse; and **SELAH HOWELL**, of Islip, L. I., who testified to the nationality of the sloop *E. A. Johnson*. No fact or incident was brought to light in the testimony, other than what has already been published. On these affidavits the Commissioner decided to issue his warrant for the transfer of the prisoner, and about 2 o'clock P. M. he was conveyed to the Tombs in a carriage, accompanied by the Marshall and his deputies. On arriving at the Tombs, the carriage was surrounded by a larger, more eager and less civil crowd than that which gathered about the Marshal's office. No attempt at disturbance, however, took place, and after some difficulty the officers succeeded in pushing their way through the throng, and depositing their prisoner in his cell.

INTERVIEW WITH THE PRISONER.

At 3½ o'clock our reporter paid **HICKS** a visit, and found him in the murderer's corridor, ground floor, occupying cell No. 8. He had just been furnished with a new straw bed, on which he sat smoking a cheap cigar, and contemplating with apparent indifference his novel and comfortable abode. The following dialogue occurred:

*Reporter*—Well, my friend, how do you like your new quarters? look rather comfortable, eh?

*Prisoner*—Well, yes; do very well. [Pause.] Are you one of the keepers?

R.—No, I am a reporter.

P.—A what?

R.—A reporter; if you have anything to say that you would like published, I will take it down—nothing like hearing both sides. [Long pause.] I believe you have stated that you were not on board the sloop *E. A. Johnson*. Is that so?

P.—Yes. I never saw the sloop. I never knew Capt. **BURR**, nor heard of him. I never was on an oyster boat in my life; the last boat I was on was the *Geo. Darly*. Now you put that down, will you?

R.—All right—down it goes; what else? Where did the *Darly* sail from?

P.—She sailed from Peck-slip.

R.—Where to?

P.—To Charleston.

R.—How long ago was that?

P.—(After a long pause)—Well, I should think it was a month and a half since I got back here. I was gone three weeks.

R.—Where have you been since?

P.—Well, when I got back from Charleston I went to Fall River by steamboat. In a few days I came back to New-York and stayed here three days—then went back to Fall River again, and have not been in New-York since, until last Wednesday morning. I arrived here in the Fall River boat, and returned on the same boat in the evening.

R.—You will be able to show then that you were in Fall River all this time?

P.—Yes, my counsel has gone on to see about it now.

R.—Who is your counsel?

P.—Well, I've got two. I don't know whether they are good ones or not; do you know the counsels here?

R.—I know some of them; who are your counsel?

The prisoner here shoved the business card of **GRAVES & SAYLES**, Attorneys, through the grating, and asked our reporter if he knew them, and whether they were good counsel?

R.—I have not the pleasure of their acquaintance, but I have no doubt they are good lawyers. Did they volunteer their services?

P.—Yes, they belong to my Society.

R.—Former acquaintances, I suppose.

P.—No, but they belong to my Society.

R.—What Society?

P.—(After a pause)—Free Masons.

R.—Well, how about that watch? How did you get Capt. **BURR**'s watch if you never knew him? I suppose you are aware that it has been identified by the jeweler who cleaned it?

P.—Well, he will have to prove he cleaned it, won't he?

R.—He has got the record of it, with the number of the watch, and Capt. **BURR**'s name.

P.—Well, I don't know anything about *that*; it's my watch.

R.—Did you see Mr. **HOWELL** up at the Marshal's office to-day?

P.—Who?

R.—Mr. **HOWELL**, of Islip, Long Island; he was up there and identified you as the man that took supper with him and Capt. **BURR** on board the sloop *E. A. Johnson*, the night before she sailed. He says you sat on his left and Capt. **BURR** on his right.

P.—Oh, he's mistaken; it was some other man; he never saw me in his life.

**HICKS** here left the grating, stepped back into his cell, and commenced shaking up his new bed.

R.—You'll be all right; if you can prove you have been in Fall River all this time, you'll get out of it.

P.—Indeed I shall; yes, *Sir*, I'll get out of it all right.

R.—Good day.

P.—Good day.

The preliminary examination of the prisoner will commence to-day, before United States Commissioner **WHITE**.

ADDITIONAL PROOFS OF GUILT.

Some of the clothing contained in the bags found in the possession of the prisoner has been identified by their brother as the property of **OLIVER** and **SMITH WATTS**, and a new suit of clothes that belonged to Capt. **BURR**, likewise taken from **HICKS**, has also been identified. The stable-keeper at Fort Tompkins, S. I., who saw a man land last Wednesday morning from a yawl-boat, also called upon the prisoner and fully recognized him, while several others say that they can swear to his being the very man they saw at Staten Island on the morning in question.

THE WIFE OF THE PRISONER.

Mrs. **HICKS**, the wife of the prisoner, spent the greater part of yesterday at the Station-house, where the Police did everything they could for her comfort. She is, of course, greatly dejected at the unfortunate position in which she has been placed, and the burden of her grief continually finds exprssion in the inquiry of "how she shall provide for her child," a bright little boy, eleven months old. This solicitude is doubtless occasioned by the fact that her eyes are very much affected, and she fears that her sight, which is at present quite defective, will eventually be lost. "What can I do," she remarked to a bystander. "I cannot go to my parents at Albany; I would not carry my disgrace home to them;" and then, pressing her little one closer to her breast, she sobbed, "What shall I do? what shall I do?" In alluding to her husband, Mrs. **HICKS** stated that he had often been told by her that his violent temper would lead him into some such difficulty as that in which he is now involved, and in regard to his sudden wealth, she asserted that, from the first, she believed it had been obtained dishonestly. She said that she made her husband's acquaintance about seven years ago, on board the ship *Silas Wright*, where he was employed as carpenter, and in which vessel she, with her family, came here from the old country. In April, 1857, she was married to him at Albany. Capt. **WEED** has applied to the United States District-Attorney to do something for her relief. She left the Station-house to return to her old quarters, at the corner of Greenwich and Cedar streets, but, last evening, she took up her abode elsewhere.

THE VESSEL.

The *E. A. Johnson* still lies at Fulton Market slip, but the interest attaching to her seems to be on the wane, as few visitors went yesterday to look at her. A proposition has been made to the United States Marshal, by her charterers, to give bonds for any claims against the vessel for salvage, so that they may be allowed to fit her for service again. Mr. **DWIGHT**, the United States District-Attorney, has visited her several times for the purpose of obtaining evidence, and having completed his task, it is probable that the bonds will be accepted.

The Harbor Police have been directed by the Acting General Superintendent to search along the shores of Long Island, as far as Gravesend Bay, for the bodies of Capt. **BURR** and the two **WATTSES**, and to-day they will put the order into execution.

### THE MYSTERY OF THE SLOOP SPRAY.

EVIDENCES OF MURDER DISCOVERED ON BOARD—PURSUIT AND CAPTURE OF THE CHINAMAN IN NEW-JERSEY—A LARGE SUM OF MONEY FOUND IN HIS POSSESSION—HIS ACCOUNT OF HIMSELF.

All day yesterday the excitement concerning the sloop *Spray*, of Guilford, Conn., and the mysterious fate of her captain and his brother, continued to increase. The vessel, which had been hauled into shoal water inside the Battery wall, was visited by crowds of persons, who were curious to learn everything which would tend to throw light upon the affair. A force of Harbor Policemen preserved order, and prevented the people from crowding on to the sloop's deck while the investigations were going on. Several personal acquaintances of Capt. **LEETE**, and of his brothers, from among the crews of the market vessels, came to look at the wreck. While the tide was falling the police examined the cabin of the sloop, which was still under water. With a boat-hook they fished out from the berths various articles, such as clothing, bedding, coils of rigging, &c. Among them was a white cotton shirt, which was much stained with something red, but there was a difference of opinion as to whether it was blood or iron-rust. A gray woolen under-shirt was found with thick red stains near the neck, which, when it was pressed, came off on to the hand, and might have been blood. Soon a bed-tick came up. It had been filled with feathers, but they had been washed out. On this tick, near one end, were conspicuous stains as of blood a foot or more in circumference. Shortly afterwards a white cotton under bed-tick was recovered, which had large bloody spots in various places. The discovery of these articles removed all doubts that a murder had been committed, and it seemed apparent that the bloody deed had been stealthily perpetrated while the victims were in their berths. A laborious search was made in every part of the vessel which could be reached for the dead bodies, which it was supposed might be below, but no traces of them were found. The bloody bed-clothing was taken to the office of the Harbor Police to be dried. The public curiosity having thus been satisfied, and the seeming evidences of crime brought to light, the eager crowd gradually dispersed, and left the Harbor Police in possession of the vessel. She is an old-fashioned sloop of about 40 tons burden, with a flush deck, and a cabin which is entered from abaft. The bowsprit, mast and boom are gone, and fragments of the mainsail, jib, and rigging, are scattered over the deck, with two or three barrels, and coils of rope, one of which is of new Manilla. Her port bow has been badly stove by the collision with the *Lucinda*.

THE LAST VOYAGE OF THE SPRAY.

It has been stated that the *Spray* was an oyster-sloop. This is a mistake, which was naturally caused by the circumstances under which she was picked up. She is a market-sloop, and has for years been employed in bringing hay and other produce to the New-York market, from Guilford and other ports on the Sound. Her stopping place was that of all the small vessels engaged in similar trade—at the foot of Market-street, or Pike slip. Capt. **JONATHAN LEETE**, her owner, and his brother **ELIJAH LEETE**, were the only persons who sailed with her on her last voyage except **JNO. LOWE**, *alias* Canoe, the Chinaman. The *Spray* brought a cargo of onions, potatoes and hay, which was sold at Pike-slip, the proceeds of which amounted, according to the best information which the pass-book of the captain furnishes, to about $350. She took in some light freight, and left New-York for Guilford, Conn., on Thursday, the 15th inst., in company with the sloop *Gem*, and sailed with that vessel as far as Norwalk Island. The weather then looked threatening, and the *Spray* put in towards Norwalk harbor, the *Gem* proceeding on her way down the Sound. It is believed that she anchored in that place on Thursday night, but there is no account of her having been seen there on Friday morning, although she might have remained there undiscovered in the thick fog which prevailed. It is now believed that, tempted by the money in the captain's possession, the Chinaman murdered him and his brother while they were asleep, and then got under way and left the harbor, probably throwing the bodies overboard in the deep waters of the Sound. In order to elude pursuit he then put back towards the City, intending, no doubt, to pass through the East River under cover of night, and escape to some place on the coast, where he might run the vessel ashore and leave her with his ill-gotten plunder. But Friday being very foggy, and Saturday also thick and calm weather, he could make no headway, and was compelled to pass through Hell-gate on Sunday, the 18th, when Capt. **GEDNEY** observed the sloop heading down the East River with no one on board excepting the Chinaman, who was at the helm. From this time all trace of her was lost until the following Wednesday, when Capt. **WEBB**, of the schooner *Thomas E. French*, saw her under a reefed mainsail, drifting mysteriously before the wind off Barnegat, with one person walking the deck.

The circumstances of her collision with the schooner *Lucinda* shortly afterwards, of the Chinaman's running her in shore, letting go both anchors, leaving in the yawl and going on board of the *French*, we have already published.

Much surprise has been expressed that Capt. **WEBB**, who brought the Chinaman to the City, and heard his contradictory and absurd stories about the fate of the captain and mate, should have allowed him to escape from his custody.

ARREST OF THE CHINAMAN.

On landing at Jersey City, on Friday morning, "**JACKALOW**" appears to have concealed himself in some out-of-the-way place, to escape observation and arrest. On Saturday, he was seen lounging about the railroad station in company with two sailors, with whom he afterwards took passage on the Morristown train. Having obtained this clue to his whereabouts, Harbor-Policemen **HAYS** and **CARPENTER** started in pursuit of him, accompanied by a reporter of the **TIMES**. At Jersey City they learned that a person bearing a close resemblance to the Chinaman had been seen by the brakeman and engineer of the Philadelphia train, which arrived about noon. He was walking on the road near the Hackensack Bridge, towards Jersey City. While the workmen engaged in repairing the bridge were at dinner, a man was observed coming on the bridge, but **JACOBUS**, who was in charge, drove him off, as it was contrary to the rules to allow any foot passengers to pass over it. The circumstance was reported to the workmen, and they were told that he was a Chinaman, and might be the murderer they had read of in the morning.

**WILSON** said that he believed that $1,000 reward had been offered for this man's arrest, and immediately four men concluded to go in pursuit. With a spyglass they could see a man lurking in the cedars about a half a mile distant, and apparently endeavoring to reach the plank-road unobserved. **JACOBUS** and **DOUGLASS** started in that direction, while **SANFORD** and **WILSON** went to Newark on the cars, and hiring a horse, drove up the road in order to intercept the man. They returned, however, without finding him. While they were standing at the bridge toll-gate, **JACKALOW** came up to cross the bridge. As he was in the act of paying the toll, one of the men asked him if he was not the man that had attempted cross the railroad bridge. He replied that he was. They then asked him what countryman he was, and he replied that he was an Indiaman. Becoming satisfied from his conversation and dress that he was the man they were looking for, they took him into custody. One of the men, while behind him, called out "Jackalow," when the prisoner whirled around suddenly, but immediately afterwards denied that that was his name. The men then stopped a train of cars and brought their prisoner to Jersey City, where they arrived at about 4 o'clock. At the dépôt Assistant-Superintendent **WOODRUFF** searched the prisoner, and found tied around his waist a small sack and a stocking, in which there was $396 80, of which $237 was in gold coin. **JACKALOW** was then taken to the City Prison, followed by a great crowd, and locked up. As the news spread, people came flocking from all directions, completely filling the Station-house and blockading the streets around it.

EXAMINATION OF THE PRISONER.

Shortly after 5 o'clock, the prisoner was taken before Recorder **BEDFORD**, and Mr. **SANFORD** entered a complaint, charging **JACKALOW** with the murder of Capt. **LEETE** and his brother, on the high seas, while on board the sloop *Spray*.

The Recorder then asked the accused the following questions:

Q.—What is your name? A.—**SAM PATCH**. [Laughter.]

Q.—Where do you belong? A.—I belong to sloop *Speay*, of Guilford. Two weeks ago, Capt. **LEETE**, brother and me, **SAM PATCH**, another sloop came and struck and capsized us; both overboard; me down below

**RECORDER**—That will do; that's enough.

**SAM PATCH**—Tell you more bime-by, when we go up there.

The prisoner was then committed to the cells, to await the action of the United States authorities.

HIS STATEMENT.

Subsequently our reporter visited the prisoner in the cells. **JACKALOW** willingly gave the following disjointed statement:

"Sailed in the sloop *Spray*, of Guilford, Capt. **LEETE** and his brother, and me as cook; going after oysters; at Barnegat, on Wednesday last, a sloop struck and capsized us. Captain and brother went overboard in water and drowned. I was down below cooking. Me got in fmall boat, and about two hours there when schooner took me off; the Captain's name **WEBB**; Saturday we came to Jersey City. I went ashore. Me cross the river to Newark: Saturday night get no house and slept out doors. Sunday night I stayed to Newark; to-day I started to come back and went in the woods to get some nuts. The money ($396 80) was my wages; worked for Capt. **LEETE** four years, for $30 a month. The men took me at the bridge. My name is **SAM PATCH**, American name **JACK LOWE**; have been in this country six years; one year I sold cigars in New-York; one year was on a man-of-war ship, *Mississippi*, as cook and anything. Last four years was on the sloop with Capt. **LEETE**. I am thirty-nine years of age, and am a native of an island in the China Sea. Do not know what they brought me here for, unless it was for taking nuts in the woods.

The prisoner having previously been detected in attempting to slip his handcuffs, City Marshal **ELLIS** took the precaution to place upon his ankles a pair of shackles.

**JACKALOW** is about 5 feet 4 inches in height, and rather slender. He appeared to be in good spirits, and smiled when he conversed, but his countenance indicates treachery.

He had on a brown sack-overcoat, (said to belong to Capt. **LEETE**,) a monkey jacket, new overalls over his parts and a new cap.

The Coroner will make a further inspection of the cabin of the sloop at low tide to-day.

# CITY INTELLIGENCE.

**DEFAULTING FERRIES.**—The rents of all the ferries leased by the Corporation have been paid promptly up to the 1st of February, except that of the Long Island Ferry Company, formerly the Grand-street and Peck-slip Ferries, now united under the principal ownership of **GEORGE LAW**. The rent of the combined ferries is $36,000 per year, and the sum of $9,000, one quarter, is yet unpaid; to secure which, however, legal proceedings will be promptly commenced.

**WIDENING OF STATE-STREET.**—The widening of State-street, 14½ feet on the west side, is now progressing. This is done by removing the entire walk on the Battery side of the street, leaving the walk on the east side undisturbed.

**NEW BUILDINGS.**—During the year 1859 there were erected in the Sixteenth Ward 58 buildings; in the Nineteenth 180; in the Twentieth 116, and in the Twenty-second 215. As each of these houses pays Croton rent, it forms quite an addition to the annual income of the Croton Department.

### Coroners' Inquests.

THE FIRST WARD STABBING AFFRAY—DEATH OF HICKEY.

**WM. HICKEY**, who was stabbed on Friday night, in an encounter at the porter-house of **WM. DUNNIGAN**, corner of Carlisle and West streets, died early yesterday morning. It appeared from the testimony given at the inquest held by Coroner **SCHIRMER**, that the death of the deceased was caused by **DUNNIGAN**, and a verdict was rendered accordingly. The accused, who said he had stabbed **HICKEY** in self defence, was locked up. **JOHN KEVIN**, who was stabbed in the same *melée*, probably will not survive.

SUDDEN DEATHS.

**HENRIETTA SILVERMAN**, aged four years, of No. 65 Laurens-street, drank some laudanum by accident, on Sunday afternoon, during the absence of her mother. She died in less than three hours. Coroner **JACKMAN** held an inquest. On the 20th inst. Mrs. **HENRIETTA TYRELL**, aged 75 years, of No. 137 Hester-street, while bathing herself with camphor and alcohol, spilled some of the liquid, it is supposed, upon the stove. The blaze set fire to her clothes, and she received such injuries that she died on Sunday afternoon. Mrs. **BROWN**, her daughter, was also severely burned. Coroner **SCHIRMER** investigated the case. The body of **JOHN PHALON**, an Irish laborer, 29 years old, who suddenly disappeared about seven weeks ago, was found in the slip at Pier No. 13 North River, yesterday. He is supposed to have fallen overboard when under the effects of liquor. Coroner **JACKMAN** held the inquest.

### Fires.

OF INCENDIARY ORIGIN.

The building corner of Eighty-sixth-street and Third-avenue, the first floor of which is occupied as a grocery by **WILLIAM DELAMATER**, the second as a Reformed Dutch Church, and the upper floor as a storeroom by Mr. **KEON**, a livery stable keeper, who also had an office on the first floor, was discovered to be on fire in the upper story about 2 o'clock yesterday morning, under circumstances that left no doubt as to its having been fired intentionally. The flames were soon extinguished, and Mr. **KEON**, with **THOS. FITZGERALD**, a hackman employed by him, were arrested and held for examination.... The grocery of Mr. **HENNESSEY**, No. 33 Goerck-street, was also on fire this morning, and its proprietor was apprehended on suspicion of having fired the place.... Last night the warehouse No. 321 Pearl-street, occupied by various parties, was broken into and camphine, turpentine, &c., were thrown upon the stairs and ignited. Fortunately the flames were discovered and quickly subdued.

IN A BRASS-FINISHERS SHOP.

Damage by fire amounting to $1,500 was done last evening at 9 o'clock, to the contents of the building No. 161 Duane-street, occupied by T. U. **MORGAN**, spice dealer; **BENEDICT & MANN**, coffee dealers; **CROCKER & FRAZER**, printers, and **KEULL BROTHERS**, brass-finishers. The latter, in whose place the fire accidentally originated, are insured for $1,000 each in the Artisans' and St. Mark's Companies. The building is owned by Mr. **VIDELL**, and he has it insured for $3,500.

### Police Reports.

BRUTALITY TO BOYS.

Owen Downs and Thomas Riley, little boys, were found in the street by an officer, late on Sunday evening, so drunk that they could not stand. Some scoundrels had induced them to enter the liquor-store of one Bigelow, in Fifteenth-street, near First-avenue, and forced them to drink. Bigelow was arrested, but denied that he participated in the outrage. The boys were sent to Bellevue Hospital, and the physician under whose charge they were placed pronounced Riley in great danger.

A SANCTIMONIOUS ROGUE.

Wm. Wilson *alias* "The Chief Mourner," was caught abstracting Bridget McNiven's wallet as she was passing out of St. Joseph's Church in Sixth-avenue. He was held to answer.

CHARGED WITH PERJURY.

Wm. H. Foster, a shipwright, of Brooklyn, was compelled, yesterday, to give $1,000 bail in each of two complaints for perjury, preferred by Mr. Geo. Adams and Mr. Nicholas White.

# BROOKLYN INTELLIGENCE.

**COMMON COUNCIL.**—At the meeting of the Board of Aldermen last evening, the report in favor of giving the right of way over Flatbush and Fifth avenues to Thirty-ninth-street, with a branch through Third-street to the City line, to the Brooklyn and Jamaica Railroad Company, with permission to lay rails and run horse-cars thereon, under similar regulations as those under which the grant was given to the City Company, was adopted. The report in favor of giving the right of way to the same Company from Fourth-avenue, through Hanson-place, Green, Bedford and Gates avenues to Broadway, was laid over for one week. A report in favor of advertising for proposals for the South Fourth, Fourth and South Seventh-street road was adopted. The Water Committee presented a long report, with a list of water rates, which was made the special order for next Friday evening, to which time the Board adjourned. The Committee report in favor of rates in the main the same as those adopted by the Croton Board in New-York, for private houses and stores, but a much less rate for manufacturing establishments. At the conclusion of the regular business, the Board went into secret session on the Ferry question.

**CITY COURT**—Calendar for this day.—Nos. 6, 42, 44, 4, 26, 46, 2, 33, 41, 5, 28, 47, 49, 50, 51, 52, 54, 55, 56, 59.

[Advertisement.]

CARPETS!!!

No. 99 Bowery—greatest bargains ever offered, from auction. English velvets, $1 25; Brussels, 75c. to $1; three plys, 87½c. to $1; ingrain carpets, 25c., 30c. to 60c.; oil-cloths, 30c. to 75c.; rugs, mattings, shades, table and piano covers, &c. **HIRAM ANDERSON**, No. 99 Bowery—sign of the Gold Eagle.

[Advertisement.]

**DON'T HESITATE AN INSTANT.**—Ladies, if you desire a new Spring silk, **CHAS. HEARD & CO**, No. 301 Grand-street, have a splendid assortment of the latest importation from the late auction sales. Rich Chene Imprime, rich Lyons Pekins and Pekin Cannele, in solid colors, of the most desirable styles, at $1 per yard, or one-third less than the cost of importation.

[Advertisement.]

**HOLLOWAY'S PILLS—FEMALE COMPLAINTS.**—Under these corrective remedies the greatest improvement speedily appears. The functional disorders are regulated, and the tone of the constitution restored. As they contain no mercury, parents, guardians or patients need not hesitate to use them.

[Advertisement.]

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.

Millions of bottles are now used every year in the United States for children teething, with never-failing success. Relief is immediate and certain. Only 25 cents a bottle.

[Advertisement.]

GAS! GAS!—New Gas Fixtures for the Spring trade, superior to any ever offered before, will be found at our great manufacturing dépôt, removed to No. 579 Broadway, opposite Niblo's.

WARNER, PECK & CO.

### CITY POST-OFFICE.

#### Departure of Domestic Mails.

| | |
|---|---|
| North—Albany, Buffalo and Canadas | 3 P. M. |
| North and West Way Mail | 5½ A. M. |
| Western Mail, *via* Erie Railroad | 5½ A. M. and 3½ P. M. |
| South and Southwestern Mail | 5 A. M. and 4½ P. M. |
| East for Boston, by Railroad | 5½ A. M. and 2 P. M. |
| East for Boston, by Steamboat | 4 P. M. |

The Overland Mail for California leaves St. Louis every Monday and Thursday, at 8 A. M. Letters designed for it should be marked "Overland, *via* St. Louis."

The Overland Mails from St. Joseph (Mo.) to Placerville, *via* Salt Lake City, leave St. Joseph every Saturday, at 8 A. M. Letters should be marked "Overland, *via* St. Joseph."

#### Departure of Ocean Mails.

The Havana mail for the *De Soto* will close on Tuesday, March 27, at 11½ A. M.

The European mails for the *Asia* will close on Wednesday, March 28, at 9½ A. M.

The German mail for the *Teutonia*, hence for Hamburg, will close on Saturday, March 31, at 10½ A. M.

#### Passengers Arrived.

*In bark Roebuck, from Buenos Ayres*—Mrs. M. S. Kennedy, C. M. Pfeifer, Alexander Sherman.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises.... 5 54 | Sun sets.... 6 19 | Moon sets....11 56

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook.11 02 | Gov. Island.11 51 | Hell Gate.... 1 13

# MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....MONDAY, March 26.

#### Cleared.

Steamer Franklin, McKabe, Baltimore, W. Dalzell.

Ship Missouri, Hughes, New-Orleans, Wm. Nelson & Son.

Barks Wave Crest, Hamond, Buenos Ayres, R. W. Ropes & Co.; Ismail & Susan, (Fr.,) Davensant, Havre, Funke & Meinke; Presto, (Dutch,) Cremer, Rotterdam, Funke & Meinke; M. Morton, Bulkley, Savannah, W. B. Scranton; Linda Stuart, White, St. Jago.

Brigs Isaac M. Denson, Barton, Para and a market, Burdett & Noble; Nova Providenza, (Naples,) Bugien, Naples, Chamberlain, Phelps & Co.; Cedar, Rohlf, Manzanilla, Ruger Bros.; Umpire, Higgins, Sierra Leone, Thompson & Hunter; Thos. Snook, (Br.,) French, Bathurst.

Schooners Laura Gertrude, Campbell, Charleston, Dolner & Potter; Sarah Jane, Gardner, Newport, master; D. C. Hulse, Conklin, Charleston, J. Smith & Co.; Starlight, York, Portland, ——; W. Raleigh, Phillips, Charleston, D. C. Murray; A. J. De Rossett, Tucker, Wilmington, ——; Peerless, Doe, Bermuda, McCall & Frith; J. W. Faulklin, Boston, Dayton & Sprague.

Sloop Oregon, Rhodes, Providence, master.

#### Arrived.

Steamship George's Creek, Willetts, Savannah, via Norfolk, with mdse. to H. B. Cromwell & Co. March 19, 15 miles S. of Cape Lookout experienced a heavy gale from N. E., shifting to N. W. Carried away mizzen-topmast, and was compelled to lay too 4 ds.

Steamship Columbia, Berry, Charleston, with mdse. and passengers to Spofford, Tileston & Co. March 25, 1 P. M., passed bark Linda, bd. N.; same day, 3½ P. M., steamship Marion, for Charleston.

Steamship Chesapeake, Crowell, Portland, with mdse. to H. B. Cromwell & Co.

Steamer Dawn, Perry, New-Bedford, with mdse. and passengers to Barstow & Pope.

Ship Chancellor, Mooney, Liverpool Feb. 11, with mdse. and 180 passengers to Williams & Guion. Has been to the westward of the Banks 9 ds. with heavy westerly gales. 23d, Sandy Hook bearing W. N. W. 60 miles, took a pilot from the Washington, No. 4. Thomas Wright, an ordinary seaman, was thrown by the spanker boom and killed instantly. Have had two deaths among the passengers.

Ship Charles D. Merwin, Merwin, Antwerp Feb. 1, and Flushing the 4th, with mdse. and 11 passengers to J. W. Elwell & Co.

Bark Roebuck, Chase, Buenos Ayres Feb. 7, with hides &c., to Reynolds & Cushman. On the 19th inst. was on the coast in 18 fathoms water, since then have had a continuation of N. W. and W. N. W. gales. The barks Orlando, Nickerson, for Boston, sailed Jan. 27; Orchilla, Chisey, for New-York Jan. 31; Mary E. Downworth, Baker, in ballast, for St. Thomas, sld. 1st inst.; Salacia, Freeman, for Boston 2d inst.; brigs Galveston, for New-York, sld. Jan. 25; New Era, Walker, for do. 28th.

Bark Margaret, (Br., of Newcastle,) Robinson, Trieste and 52 ds. from Gibraltar, with fruit to Murray & Ingate. Had heavy N. W. gales for the past 12 ds.; has been blown off the coast four times.

Brig L. M. Arnold, (Br., of St. Johns,) Atkinson, Salt Cay, T. I., 19 ds., with salt to P. I. Nevius & Son. Left no Am. vessels.

Schr. Sophia Collins, (of Plymouth, N. C.,) Stanton, St. Kitts 22 ds., with molasses to J. L. Davis. Experienced very heavy weather the entire passage; lost sails. March 14, lat. 30 09, lon. 74 28, passed a large black schr. water logged, abandoned, and on her beam ends; was loaded with yellow pine, and had both masts gone.

Schr. Mary Stedman, Goodell, St. Mary's, Ga., 6 ds., with naval stores to Dibble & Bunce. March 27, Cape Henlopen brng. N. by E. 25 miles, passed the bow of a sunken vessel; it had a white streak painted around the head; supposed it to be a schooner.

Schr. Enchantress, (of Newburyport,) Evans, Maracaibo March 5, with fustic to Merrill & Abbott. Sld. in co. with schr. Julia Rogers, Perkins, for New-York. Have experienced heavy weather on the coast; been 7 ds. N. of Hatteras.

Schr. S. B. Bailey, Line, Georgetown, S. C., 8 ds., with naval stores to master. Has experienced heavy weather; lost deck load.

Schr. New-Jersey, Venninean, Jacksonville 22 ds., with 130,000 feet of yellow pine to Peck & Church; been 17 ds. N. of Hatteras with heavy N. and N. W. gales.

Schr. F. S. Brognard, Williams, Alexandria 4 ds., with coal.

Schr. Isabella, Clark, with mdse. from ship De Witt Clinton, ashore on Squan, to Johnson & Higgins.

Schr. D. M. Meserole, Smith, Philadelphia 4 ds., with coal.

WIND—Sunset west.

#### Below.

Ship Eloise, Thompson, Liverpool Feb. 19.

Bark Emma F. Chase, Hall, Cumberland Harbor.

Brig Mary Means, from Havana bound to Boston.—(By pilot boat Edmund Blunt.)

Brig Isabella Jewett, from ——.

Brig Delphin, (Brem.,) ——.

Also 3 barks and 4 brigs.

#### Sailed.

Ship Missouri, for New-Orleans. Barks Active, (Nor.,) for Cronstadt; Addison Child, for Mobile. Schr. Surpass, (Br.,) for Kingston.

From Quarantine—Steamship Teutan, for Havana.

#### Miscellaneous.

The bark Venus, arr. 25th from Curacoa, sld. from thence 8th inst. She reports 21st inst., lat. 36 32, lon. 74 10, passed a steamship bd S., having 2 smoke stacks and 2 walking beams, supposed the North Star. Left bark Eagles, Baker, for New-York March 20; schr. Governor, from Wilmington, N. C., for Cuba, to sail 15th.

The schr. Defiance, Boynton, for Jacmel, recently ashore on Sandy Hook, was towed up to the City yesterday, leaking badly, having a steam-pump constantly going. She is discharging her cargo at Ford's Dock, Brooklyn, in a damaged condition.

The ship De Witt Clinton, lately ashore on Squan Beach, was towed up to the City last night by steamtug Achilles, having 900 oil casks in her, and keeping two steam-pumps going.

The steamship Illinois went down the Bay to-day on a trial trip, and returned in the evening.

**SUNKEN SCHOONER.**—There is the wreck of a schooner, on which vessels drawing 14 feet or over will strike at low water. It lies east from the Highland Lights, about one mile distant. It is directly in the way of vessels bound in or out by the in shore channel.

**NEWPORT**, March 26.—The schr. Connecticut, Dean, from Indianola Feb. 19, with a cargo of cotton and hides for New York, arrived last night; had severe weather and head wind, split sails, damaged rigging and sprung mast. Cargo judged to be in good order.—(By telegraph.)

**ST. THOMAS**, March 1.—The bark Charles William, of New York, Pendleton, bound to Marseilles with a cargo of staves, arrived at this port yesterday, leaking, with bulwarks carried away, deck-load and water casks gone. Capt. P. was lost overboard on the 16th ult., and the vessel brought in here in charge of the mate. The leak is supposed to be in the upper works.—(By letter to Ellwood Walter, Esq., Secretary Board of Underwriters.)

#### By Telegraph.

FORT LAFAYETTE, March 26, sunset—Three brigs inside the Hook, bound in. Wind moderate N. N. W.; weather clear.

SANDY HOOK, March 26, sunset—Ship Missouri, for New-Orleans, cleared the Bar at 2:40 P. M. One bark outside Bar bound in. Wind moderate from W. N. W.; weather clear.

HIGHLANDS, March 26, sunset—Four barks and two brigs in the offing, bound in. Wind light N. W.; weather clear.

NORFOLK, March 26—Schr. Mary Adeline, from New-York for Petersburgh, arr. leaking; ran into and badly damaged.

SAVANNAH, March 26—The steamship Montgomery arrived at 9 o'clock P. M. 25th inst.; detained at Sandy Hook 12 hours by snow storm.

BOSTON, March 26—Arr. ships Versailles, Sherburn, Penang; Blandina Dudley, from Calcutta; bark Volant, Burgess, Singapore; Salacia, Freeman, Buenos Ayres; Linden, Kilby, New-Orleans; brigs Pomseet, Hill, Galveston; Langvilla, Higgins, Cape Haytien. Below, ship Electric Spark, from New-York.

Off Highland Light, Cape Cod, bark Warren, Hallett, from Algoa Bay for Boston.

BALTIMORE, March 26—Arr. schr. John Griffith, from St. Jago 12th inst. Left brigs Black Squall, for Philadelphia; Scotland, for New-York, ldg. Sld. barks Overman and Dumbarton, for New-York. Ashore—Schr. Snow Squall, from Salina, P. P., 5th.; went ashore yesterday at Thomas Point.

NEWPORT, March 26—Arr. schr. Connecticut, of Bangor, Dean, Matanzas 36 ds., for New-York. Put in here for repairs, having experienced very heavy weather, during which carried away head of foremast, sprung mainmast, split sails, chapped rigging, &c.

#### Spoken, &c.

Elizabeth—brig, from Turk's Island for St. Johns, March 16, lat. 28 54, lon. 69 41.

Isabel—brig, hence for Porto Rico, March 18, lat. 29 19, lon. 61 32.

Mexo—schr., of Provincetown, was seen, March 18, off St. Nicola Mole.

# INSTRUCTION.

ROCKLAND FEMALE INSTITUTE.

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YOUNG LADIES

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THE TIMES

SATURDAY, March 31.

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FRENCH AND ENGLISH
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,
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A LADY DESIRES A SITUATION IN A family going to California or Europe to teach and take the charge of two or three children, or as companion. References given and required. Address L. B. L., for one week, Madison-square Post Office, New-York City.

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EDUCATIONAL.—PARENTS AND GUARDIANS, teachers and pupils, trustees and school officers generally, are invited to call at the National Teachers' Institute, No. 335 Broadway, to arrange all educational matters. Those residing out of the City, and in other States, can address RICE & ANDREWS.

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THE MEMBERS OF MUNN LODGE NO 190, F. and A. M., are hereby summoned to attend an emergent communication, at their room, No. 8 Division-st., TUESDAY, March 27, at 1 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of paying the last tribute of respect to our late brother, deceased, MAGNUS ANDERSON.

By order of C. H. YALLALEE, W. M.

M. E. WILSON, Secretary.

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